

FEATURES

- ▶ Industrial Standard DIP-24 Package
- ▶ Fully Regulated Output Voltage
- ▶ I/O Isolation 1500 VDC
- ▶ Operating Ambient Temp. Range -40°C to +85°C
- ▶ Short Circuit Protection
- ▶ Designed-in Conducted EMI meets EN55022 Class A & FCC Level A
- ▶ UL/cUL/IEC/EN 60950-1 Safety Approval


PRODUCT OVERVIEW

The MIAR03 series is a range of isolated 3W DC/DC converter modules featuring fully regulated output voltages and narrow input voltage ranges. Excellent efficiency allow an operating temperature range of -40°C to +85°C (with Derating). The product comes in a DIP-24 Plastic package with alternative pinout which makes these converters also a perfect replacement for the popular S200R series. These DC/DC converters offer a very economical solution for many cost critical applications.

Model Selection Guide

Model Number	Input Voltage (Range) VDC	Output Voltage VDC	Output Current		Input Current		Max. capacitive Load μF	Efficiency (typ.) %
			Max.	@Max. Load	@Max. Load	@No Load		
			mA	mA(typ.)	mA(typ.)	mA(typ.)		
MIAR03-05S05	5 ±10%	5	600	857	90	470	70	
MIAR03-05S12		12	250	769		100	78	
MIAR03-05S15		15	200	769		100	78	
MIAR03-05D12		±12	±125	769		100#	78	
MIAR03-05D15		±15	±100	769		100#	78	
MIAR03-12S05	12 ±10%	5	600	338	45	470	74	
MIAR03-12S12		12	250	313		100	80	
MIAR03-12S15		15	200	313		100	80	
MIAR03-12D12		±12	±125	309		100#	81	
MIAR03-12D15		±15	±100	305		100#	82	
MIAR03-24S05	24 ±10%	5	600	167	22	470	75	
MIAR03-24S12		12	250	156		100	80	
MIAR03-24S15		15	200	156		100	80	
MIAR03-24D12		±12	±125	154		100#	81	
MIAR03-24D15		±15	±100	152		100#	82	

For each output

Input Specifications

Parameter	Model	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Input Voltage Range	5V Input Models	4.5	5	5.5	VDC
	12V Input Models	10.8	12	13.2	
	24V Input Models	21.6	24	26.4	
Input Surge Voltage (1 sec. max.)	5V Input Models	-0.7	---	7.5	VDC
	12V Input Models	-0.7	---	15	
	24V Input Models	-0.7	---	30	
Short Circuit Input Power	All Models	---	---	2000	mW
Input Filter		Internal Pi Type			
Conducted EMI		Compliance to EN 55022, class A and FCC part 15, class A			

Output Specifications

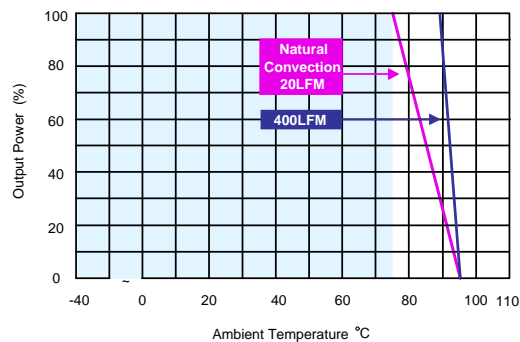
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Output Voltage Setting Accuracy		---	---	±2.0	%Vnom.
Output Voltage Balance	Dual Output, Balanced Loads	---	±1.0	±3.0	%
Line Regulation	Vin=Min. to Max. @Full Load	---	±0.2	±0.5	%
Load Regulation	Io=10% to 100%	---	±0.2	±0.5	%
Minimum Load	No minimum Load Requirement				
Ripple & Noise	0-20 MHz Bandwidth	---	---	60	mV P-P
Short Circuit Protection	Continuous, Automatic Recovery				

General Specifications

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I/O Isolation Voltage	60 Seconds	1500	---	---	VDC
	1 Second	1800	---	---	VDC
I/O Isolation Resistance	500 VDC	1000	---	---	MΩ
I/O Isolation Capacitance	100KHz, 1V	---	300	---	pF
Switching Frequency		---	300	---	KHz
MTBF(calculated)	MIL-HDBK-217F@25°C, Ground Benign	700,000			Hours
Safety Approvals	UL/cUL 60950-1 recognition (CSA certificate), IEC/EN 60950-1(CB-report)				

Environmental Specifications

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
Operating Ambient Temperature Range (See Power Derating Curve)	Natural Convection	-40	+85	°C
Case Temperature		---	+95	°C
Storage Temperature Range		-50	+125	°C
Humidity (non condensing)		---	95	% rel. H
Cooling	Natural Convection			
Lead Temperature (1.5mm from case for 10Sec.)		---	260	°C

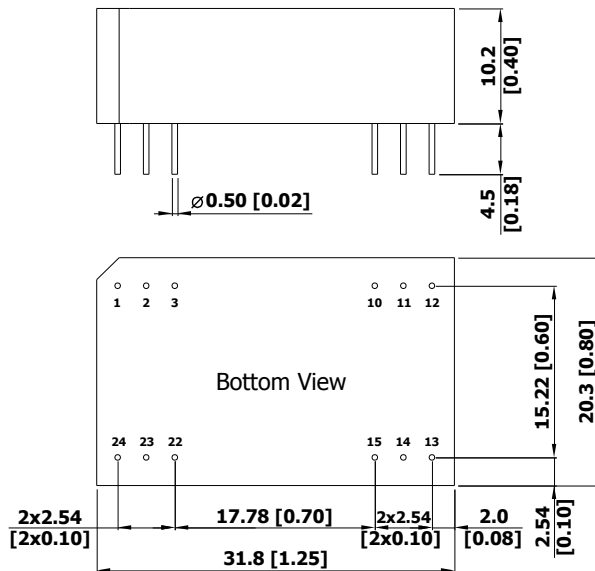
Power Derating Curve


Notes

- 1 Specifications typical at Ta=+25°C, resistive load, nominal input voltage and rated output current unless otherwise noted.
- 2 We recommend to protect the converter by a slow blow fuse in the input supply line.
- 3 Other input and output voltage may be available, please contact factory.
- 4 That "natural convection" is about 20LFM but is not equal to still air (0 LFM).
- 5 Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Package Specifications

Mechanical Dimensions



Pin Connections

Pin	Single Output	Dual Output
1	+Vin	+Vin
2	NC	-Vout
3	NC	Common
10	-Vout	Common
11	+Vout	+Vout
12	-Vin	-Vin
13	-Vin	-Vin
14	+Vout	+Vout
15	-Vout	Common
22	NC	Common
23	NC	-Vout
24	+Vin	+Vin

NC: No Connection

- ▶ All dimensions in mm (inches)
- ▶ Tolerance: X.X±0.5 (X.XX±0.02)
X.XX±0.25 (X.XXX±0.01)
- ▶ Pin diameter ⇔ 0.5 ±0.05 (0.02±0.002)

Physical Characteristics

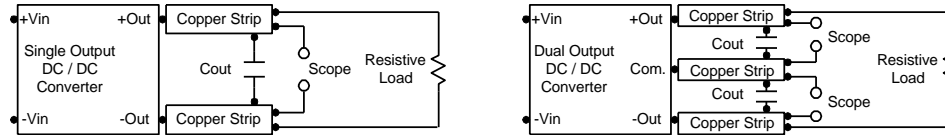
Case Size	: 31.8x20.3x10.2 mm (1.25x0.80x0.40 inches)
Case Material	: Non-Conductive Black Plastic (flammability to UL 94V-0 rated)
Pin Material	: Copper Alloy with Gold Plate Over Nickel Subplate
Weight	: 12.4g

Test Setup

Peak-to-Peak Output Noise Measurement Test

Use a C_{out} 0.33 μ F ceramic capacitor.

Scope measurement should be made by using a BNC socket, measurement bandwidth is 0-20 MHz. Position the load between 50 mm and 75 mm from the DC/DC Converter.



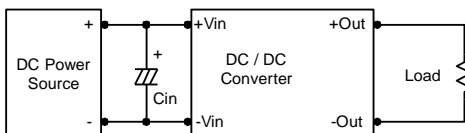
Technical Notes

Maximum Capacitive Load

The MIAR03 series has limitation of maximum connected capacitance at the output. The power module may be operated in current limiting mode during start-up, affecting the ramp-up and the startup time. The maximum capacitance can be found in the data sheet.

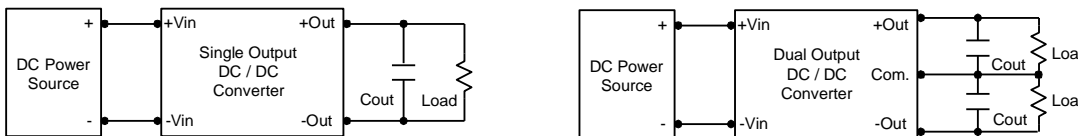
Input Source Impedance

The power module should be connected to a low ac-impedance input source. Highly inductive source impedances can affect the stability of the power module. In applications where power is supplied over long lines and output loading is high, it may be necessary to use a capacitor at the input to ensure startup. Capacitor mounted close to the power module helps ensure stability of the unit, it is recommended to use a good quality low Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR < 1.0 Ω at 100 KHz) capacitor of a 4.7 μ F for the 5V input devices and a 2.2 μ F for the 12V and 24V devices.



Output Ripple Reduction

A good quality low ESR capacitor placed as close as practicable across the load will give the best ripple and noise performance. To reduce output ripple, it is recommended to use 1.5 μ F capacitors at the output.



Thermal Considerations

Many conditions affect the thermal performance of the power module, such as orientation, airflow over the module and board spacing. To avoid exceeding the maximum temperature rating of the components inside the power module, the case temperature must be kept below 95°C. The derating curves are determined from measurements obtained in a test setup.

