



MINMAX[®]

MAU300 Series

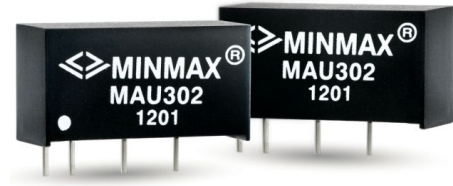
Electric Characteristic Note

MAU300 Series EC Note

DC-DC CONVERTER 2W, SIP Package

Features

- ▶ Industrial Standard SIP-7 Package
- ▶ I/O Isolation 1000 VDC
- ▶ Operating Ambient Temp. Range -40°C to +85°C



Applications

- ▶ Distributed power architectures
- ▶ Workstations
- ▶ Computer equipment
- ▶ Communications equipment

Product Overview

The MINMAX MAU300 series is a range of 2W DC-DC converters in a small SIP Package featuring an I/O-isolation of 1000VDC. An excellent efficiency allows an operating temperature range of -40°C to +85°C.

These converters offer an economical solution for many applications where a voltage has to be isolated i.e for noise reduction, ground loop elimination, digital interfaces or for board level power distribution with isolated voltages.

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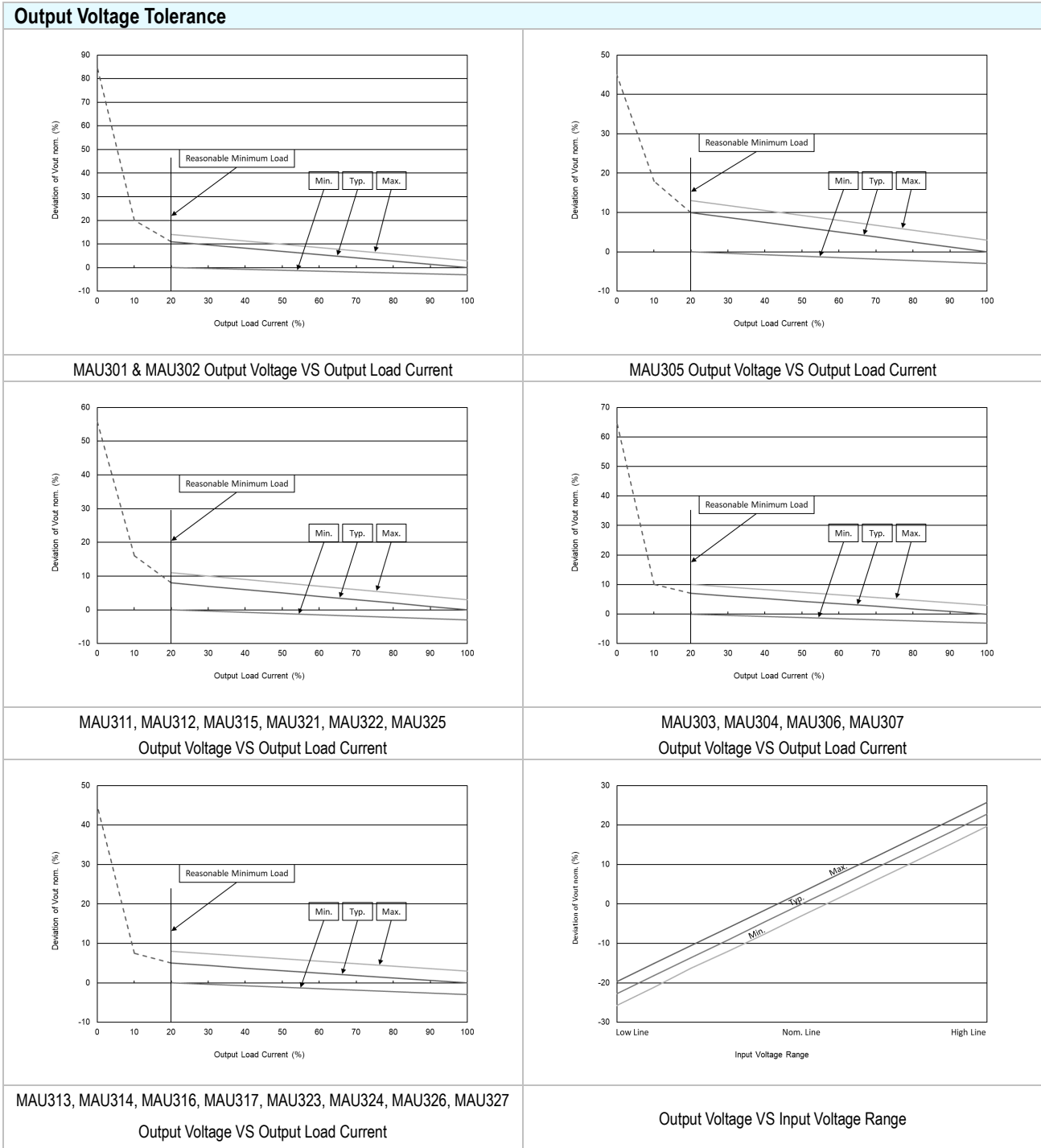
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Model Selection Guide								
Model Number	Input Voltage (Range)	Output Voltage	Output Current	Input Current		Load Regulation	Max. capacitive Load	Efficiency (typ.)
				Max.	@Max. Load			@No Load
	VDC	VDC	mA	mA(typ.)	mA(typ.)	% (max.)	μF	%
MAU301	5 (4.5 ~ 5.5)	3.3	500	452	60	11	470	73
MAU302		5	400	526		11		76
MAU303		12	165	495		7		80
MAU304		15	133	499		7		80
MAU305		±5	±200	519		10	390#	77
MAU306		±12	±83	504		7		79
MAU307		±15	±66	501		7		79
MAU311	12 (10.8 ~ 13.2)	3.3	500	185	30	8	470	74
MAU312		5	400	212		8		78
MAU313		12	165	200		5		82
MAU314		15	133	200		5		83
MAU315		±5	±200	210		8	390#	79
MAU316		±12	±83	201		5		82
MAU317		±15	±66	200		5		82
MAU321	24 (21.6 ~ 26.4)	3.3	500	92	15	8	470	74
MAU322		5	400	108		8		77
MAU323		12	165	101		5		81
MAU324		15	133	101		5		82
MAU325		±5	±200	105		8	390#	79
MAU326		±12	±83	102		5		81
MAU327		±15	±66	100		5		82

For each output

Input Specifications					
Parameter	Model	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Input Voltage Range	5V Input Models	4.5	5	5.5	VDC
	12V Input Models	10.8	12	13.2	
	24V Input Models	21.6	24	26.4	
Input Surge Voltage (1 sec. max.)	5V Input Models	-0.7	---	9	
	12V Input Models	-0.7	---	18	
	24V Input Models	-0.7	---	30	
Input Filter	All Models	Internal Pi Type			

Output Specifications					
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Output Voltage Accuracy		---	±1.0	±3.0	%Vnom.
Output Voltage Balance	Dual Output, Balanced Loads	---	±0.1	±1.0	%
Line Regulation	For Vin Change of 1%	---	±1.2	±1.5	%
Load Regulation	Io=20% to 100%	See Model Selection Guide (Operation at lower load will not damage the converter, but it may not meet all specifications)			
Ripple & Noise	0-20 MHz Bandwidth	---	100	150	mV _{P-P}
Temperature Coefficient		---	±0.01	±0.02	%/°C
Short Circuit Protection	0.5 Second Max., Automatic Recovery				



General Specifications

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I/O Isolation Voltage	60 Seconds	1000	---	---	VDC
	1 Second	1200	---	---	VDC
I/O Isolation Resistance	500 VDC	1000	---	---	MΩ
I/O Isolation Capacitance	100kHz, 1V	---	80	120	pF
Switching Frequency		50	80	100	kHz
MTBF (calculated)	MIL-HDBK-217F@25°C, Ground Benign	2,000,000			Hours

Environmental Specifications

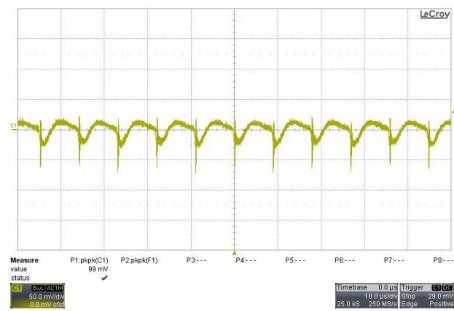
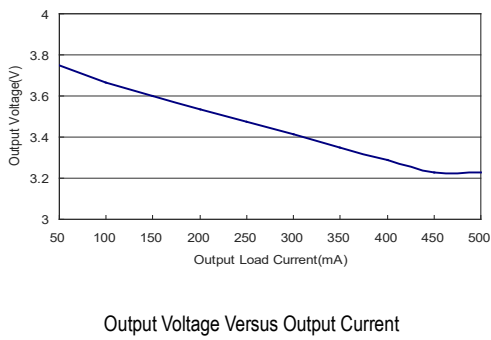
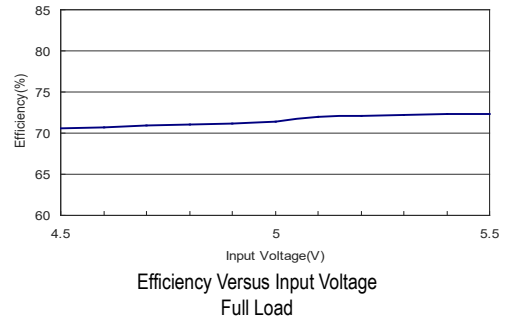
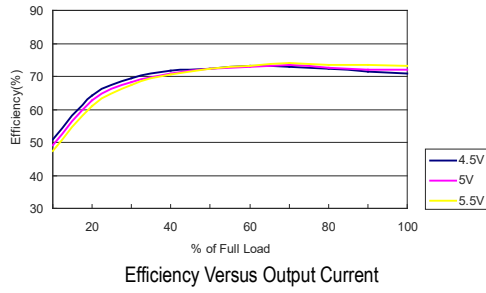
Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
Operating Ambient Temperature Range (See Power Derating Curve)	-40	+85	°C
Case Temperature	---	+105	°C
Storage Temperature Range	-50	+125	°C
Humidity (non condensing)	---	95	% rel. H
Lead Temperature (1.5mm from case for 10Sec.)	---	260	°C

Notes

- 1 Specifications typical at Ta=+25°C, resistive load, nominal input voltage and rated output current unless otherwise noted.
- 2 These power converters require a minimum output loading to maintain specified regulation, operation under no-load conditions will not damage these modules; however they may not meet all specifications listed.
- 3 We recommend to protect the converter by a slow blow fuse in the input supply line.
- 4 Other input and output voltage may be available, please contact MINMAX.
- 5 Specifications are subject to change without notice.
- 6 The repeated high voltage isolation testing of the converter can degrade isolation capability, to a lesser or greater degree depending on materials, construction, environment and reflow solder process. Any material is susceptible to eventual chemical degradation when subject to very high applied voltages thus implying that the number of tests should be strictly limited. We therefore strongly advise against repeated high voltage isolation testing, but if it is absolutely required, that the voltage be reduced by 20% from specified test voltage. Furthermore, the high voltage isolation capability after reflow solder process should be evaluated as it is applied on system.

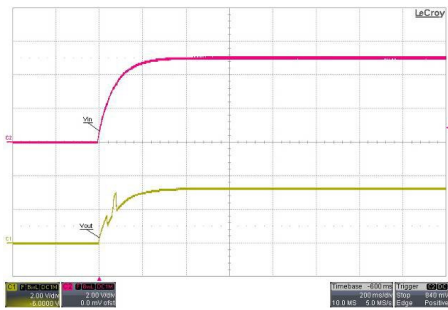
Characteristic Curves

All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MAU301

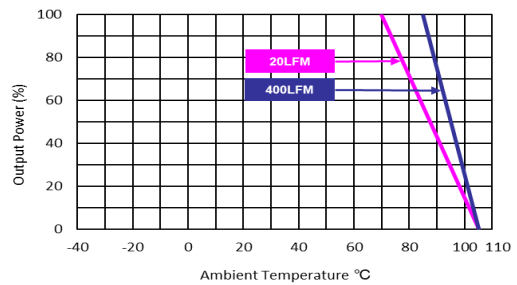


Output Voltage Versus Output Current

Typical Output Ripple and Noise
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



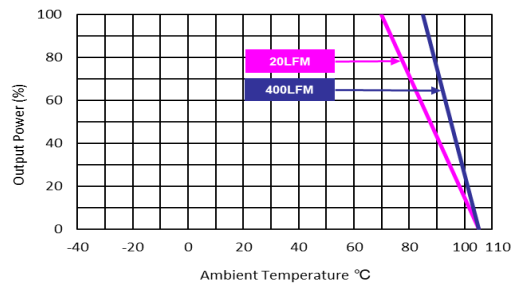
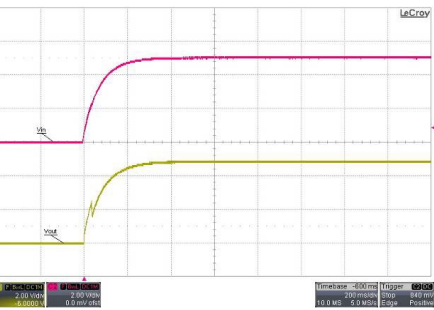
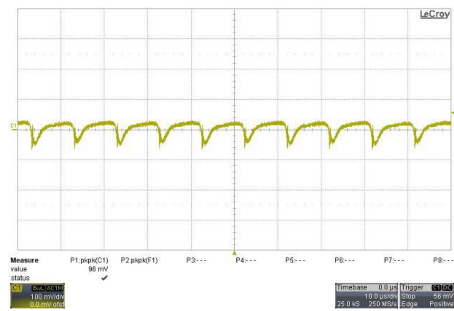
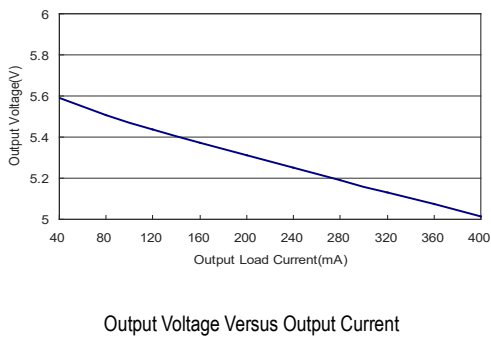
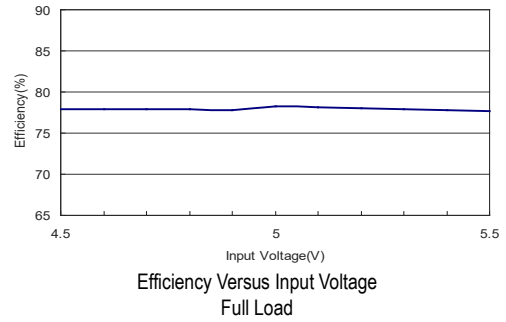
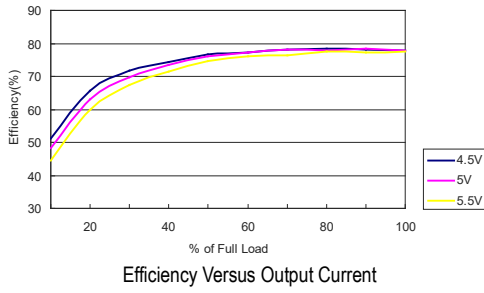
Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$

Characteristic Curves

All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MAU302

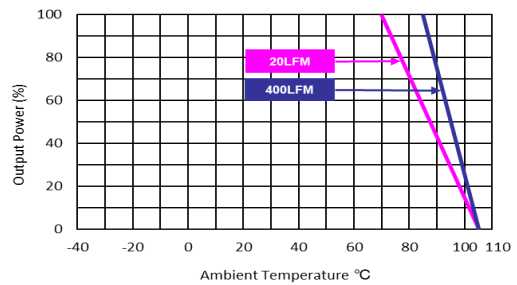
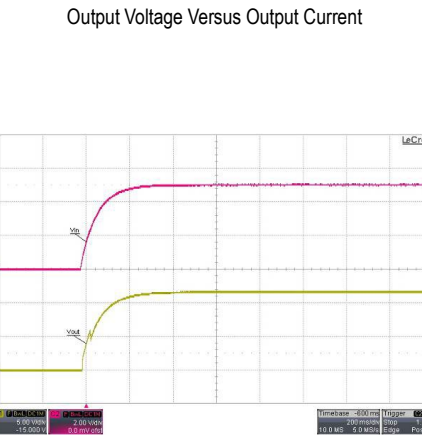
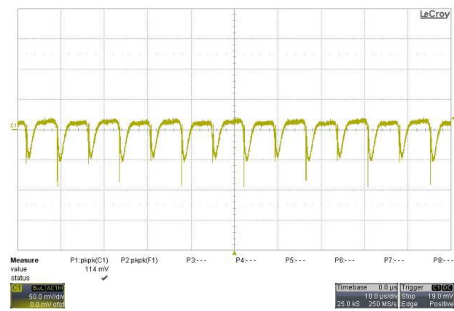
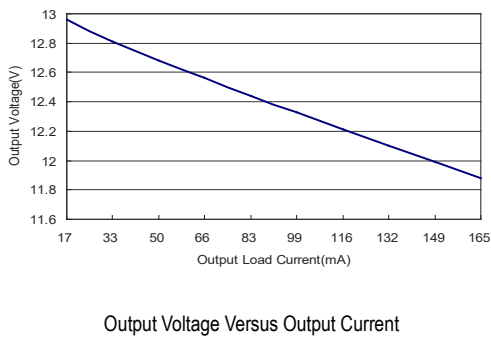
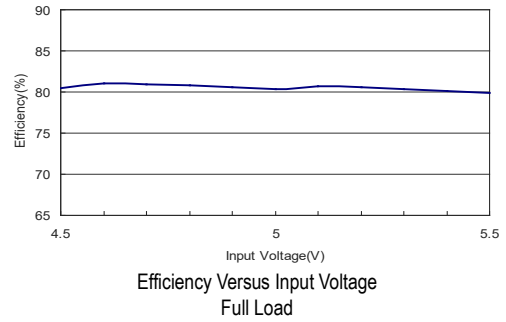
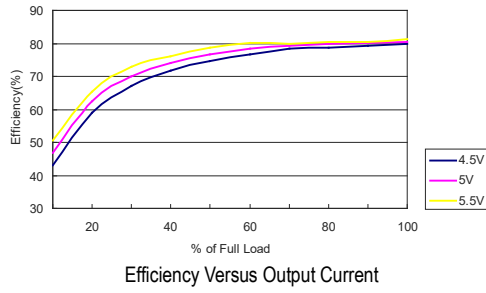


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load

Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$

Characteristic Curves

All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MAU303

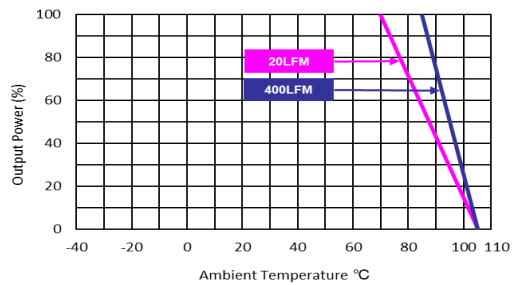
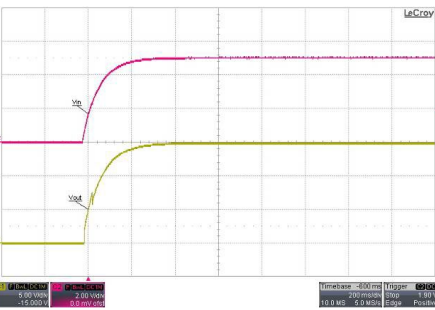
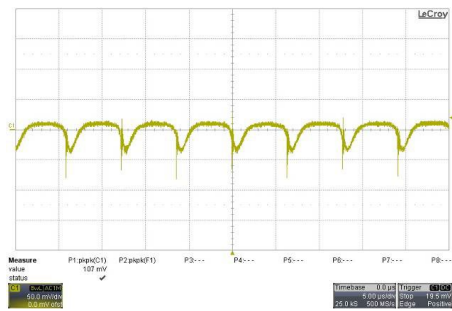
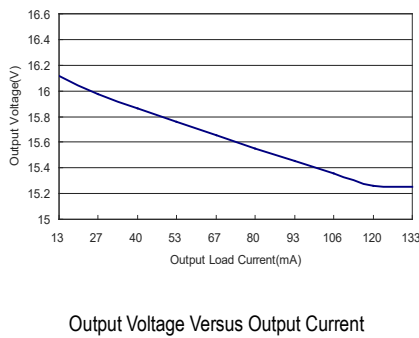
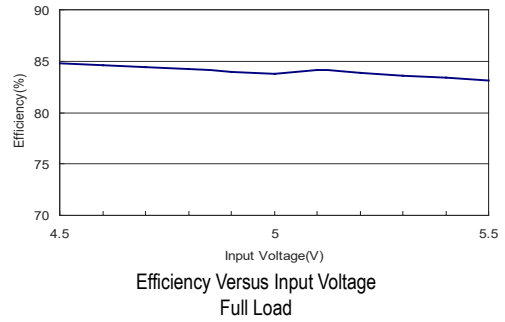
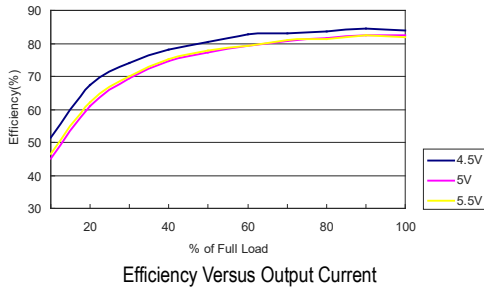


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load

Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$

Characteristic Curves

All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MAU304

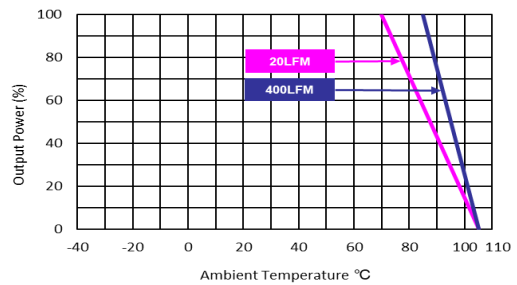
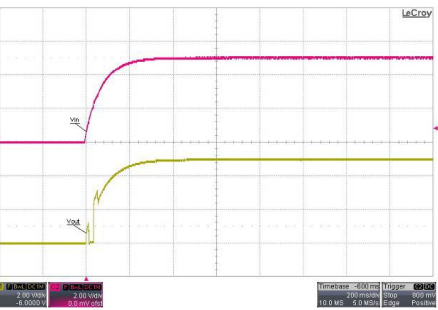
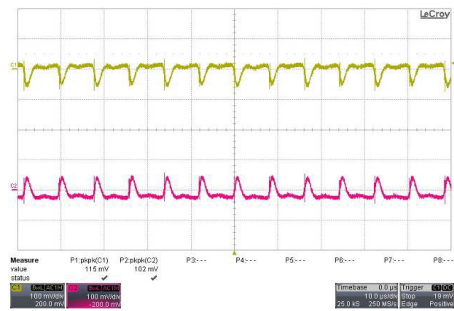
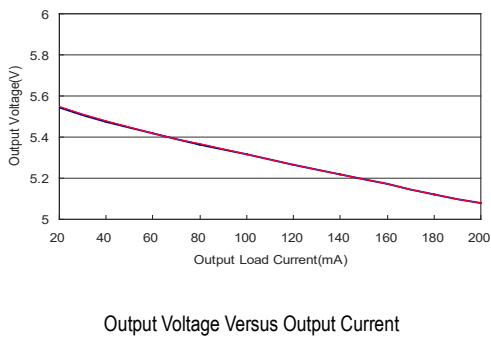
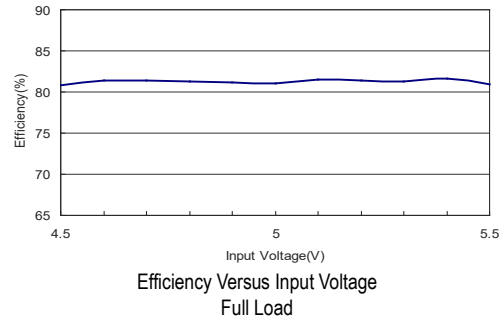
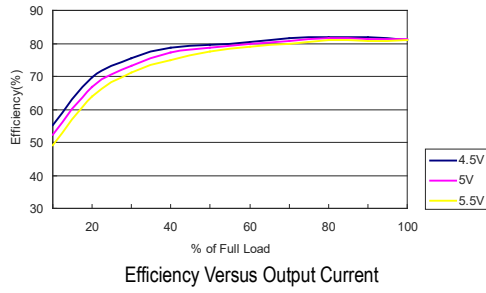


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
V_{in}=V_{in nom} ; Full Load

Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
V_{in}=V_{in nom}

Characteristic Curves

All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MAU305

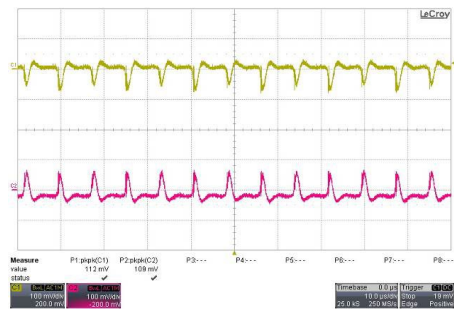
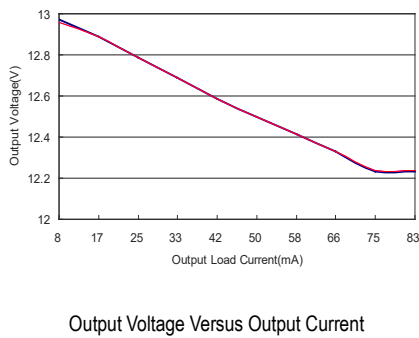
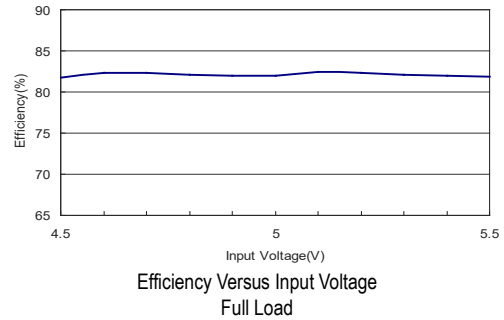
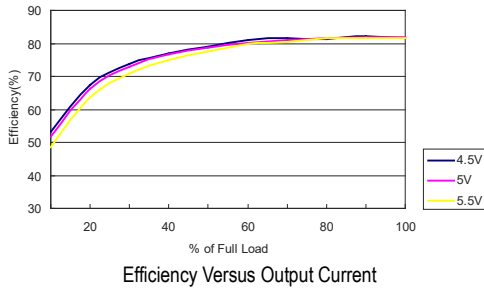


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load

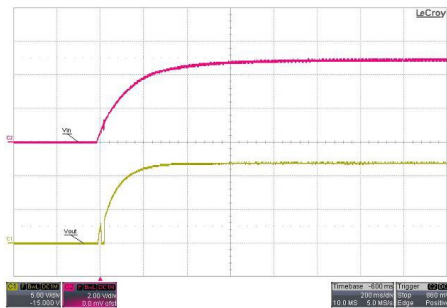
Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$

Characteristic Curves

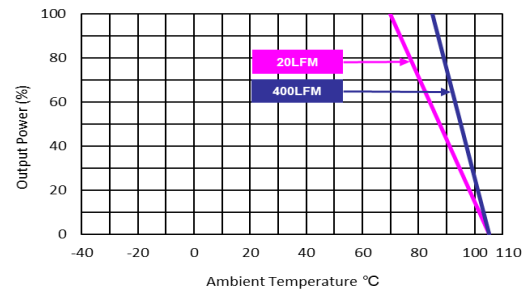
All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MAU306



Typical Output Ripple and Noise
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



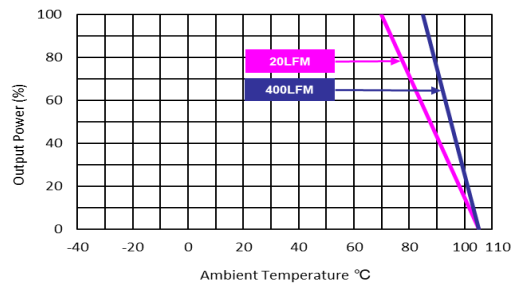
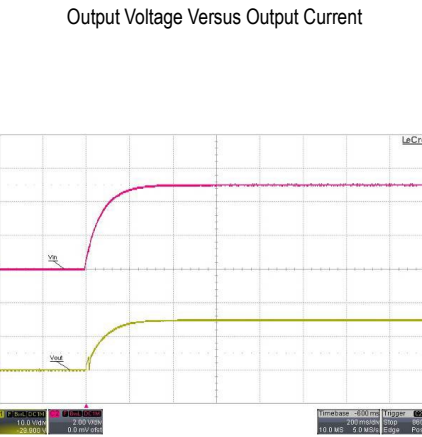
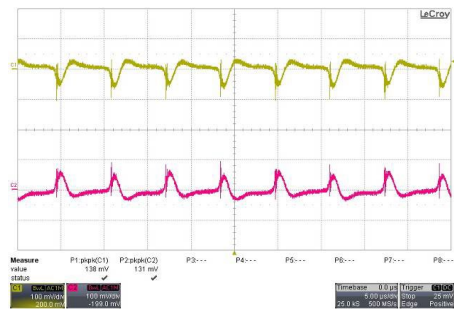
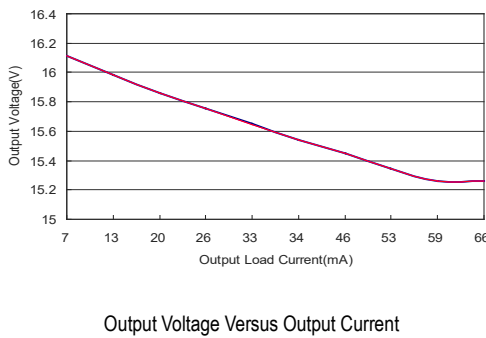
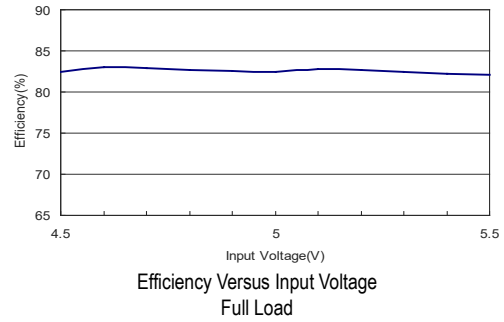
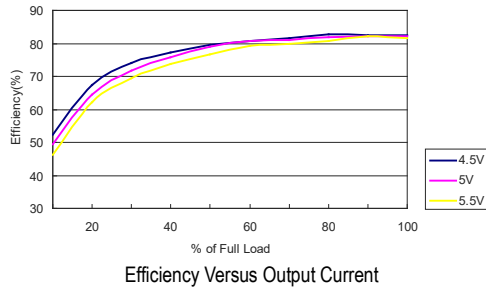
Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$

Characteristic Curves

All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MAU307

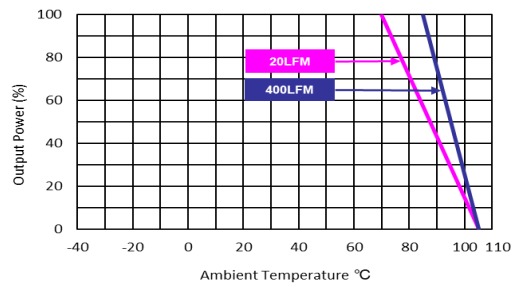
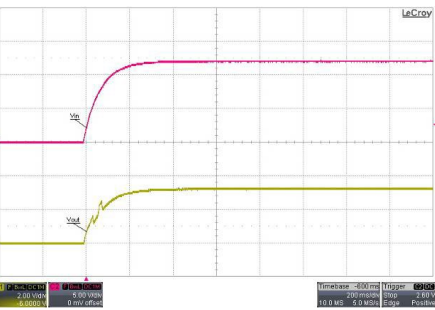
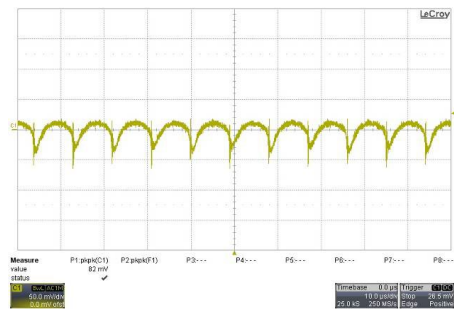
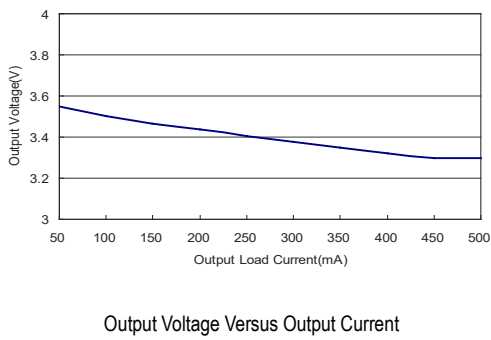
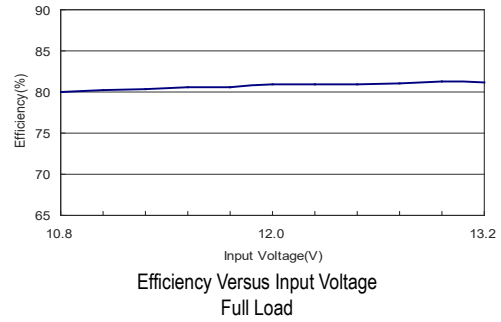
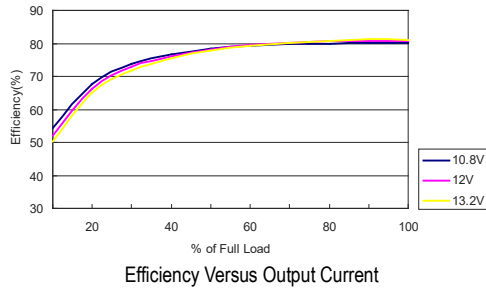


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load

Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$

Characteristic Curves

All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MAU311

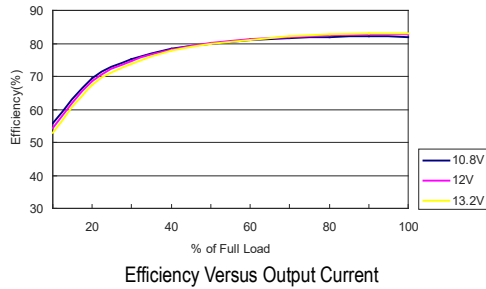


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load

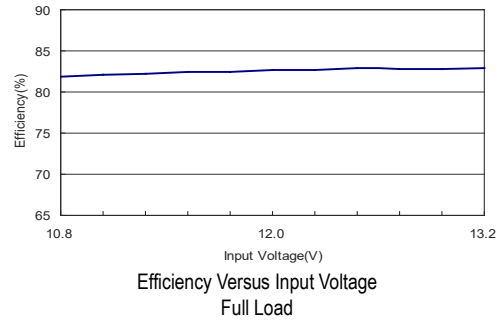
Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$

Characteristic Curves

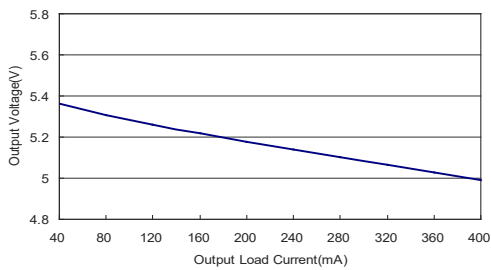
All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MAU312



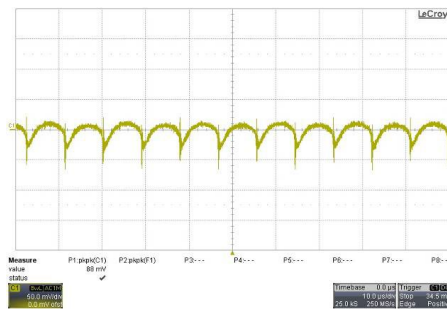
Efficiency Versus Output Current



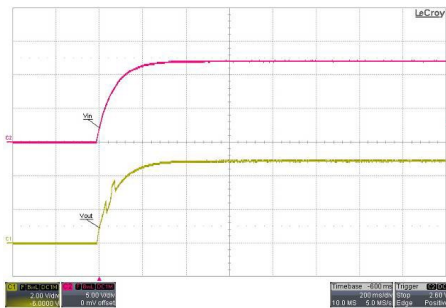
Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



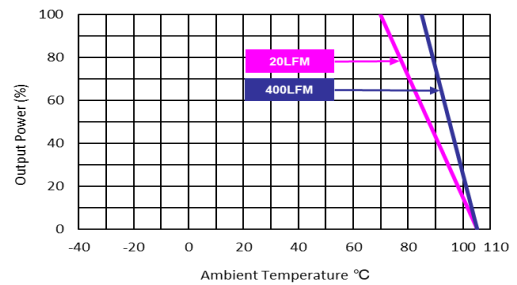
Output Voltage Versus Output Current



Typical Output Ripple and Noise
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



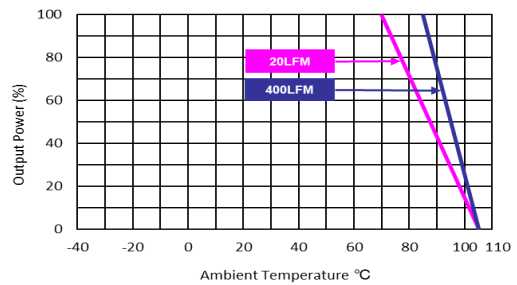
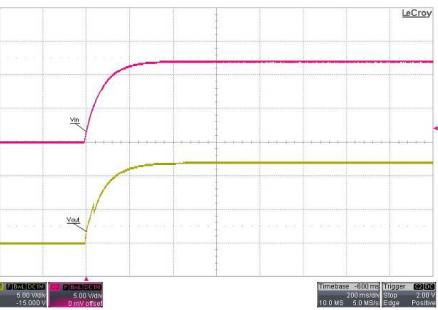
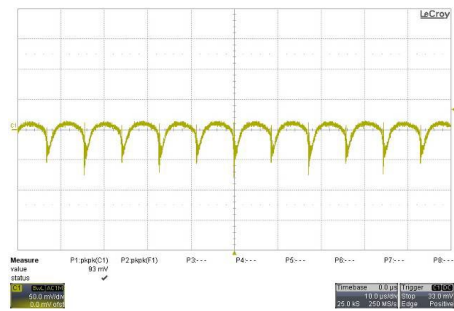
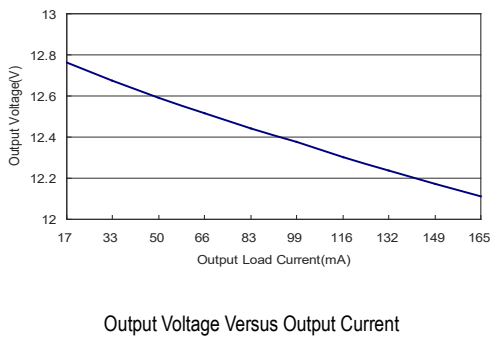
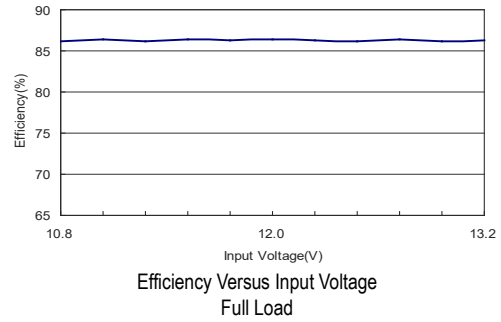
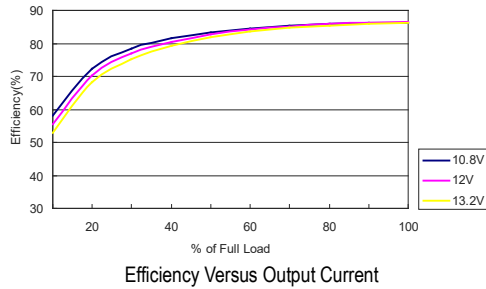
Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$

Characteristic Curves

All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MAU313

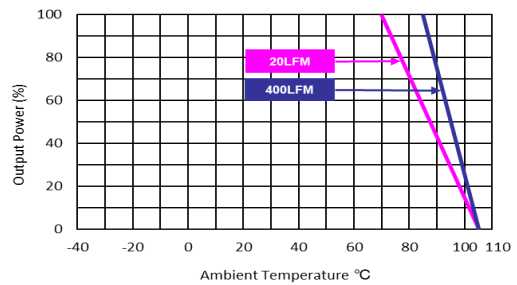
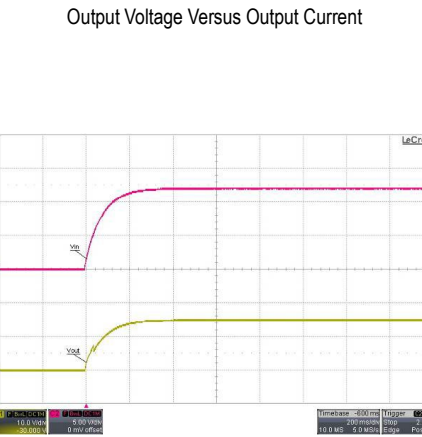
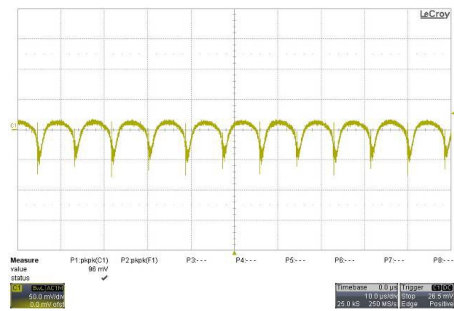
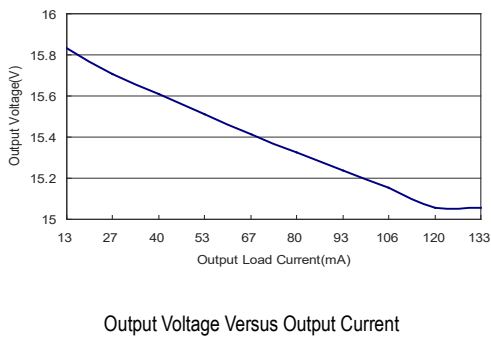
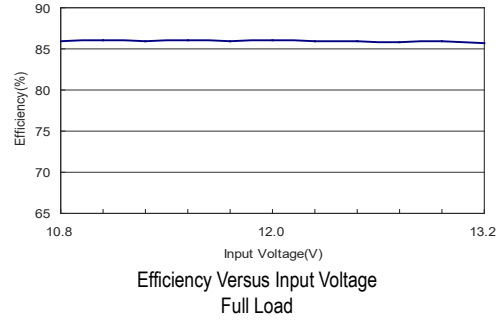
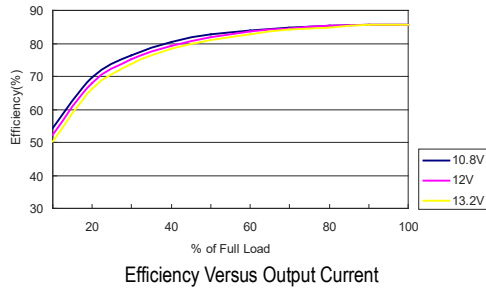


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load

Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$

Characteristic Curves

All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MAU314

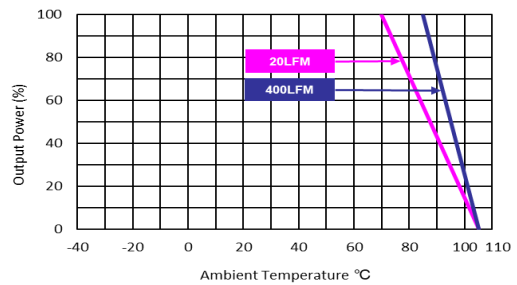
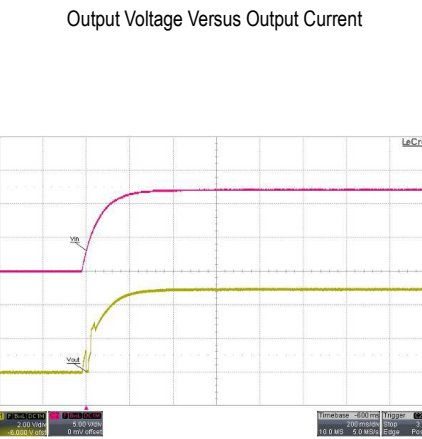
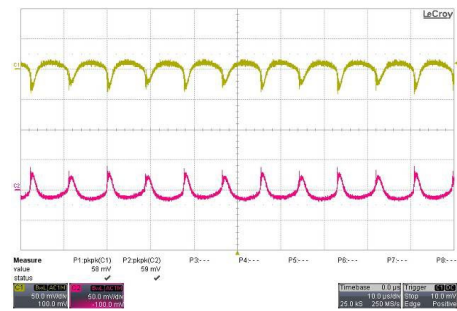
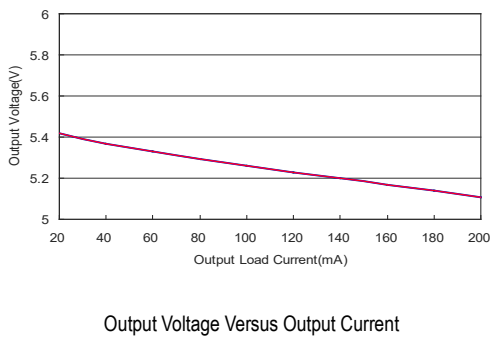
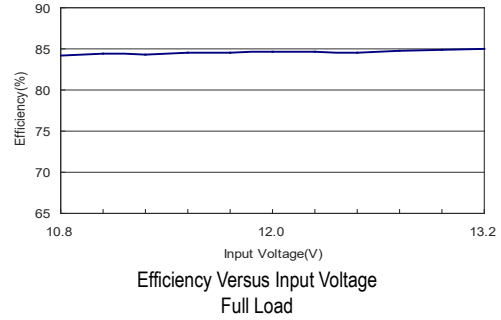
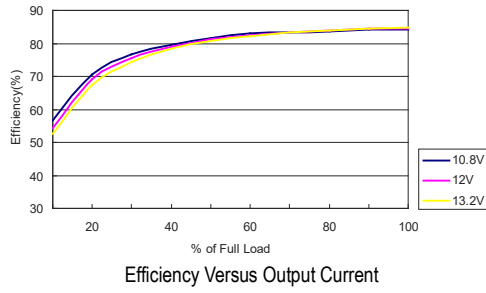


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load

Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$

Characteristic Curves

All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MAU315

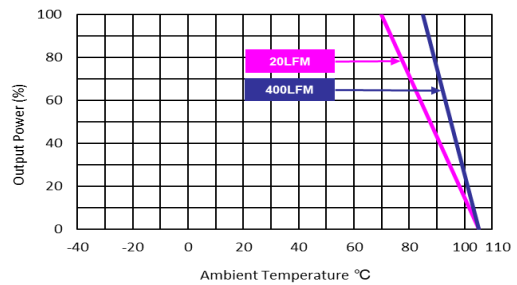
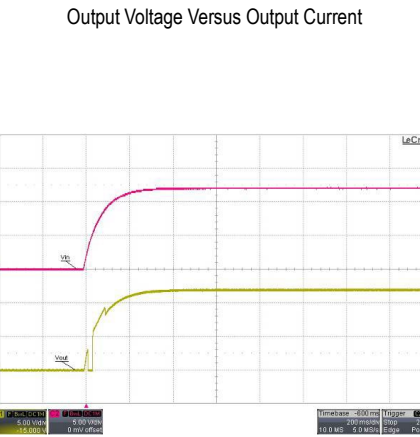
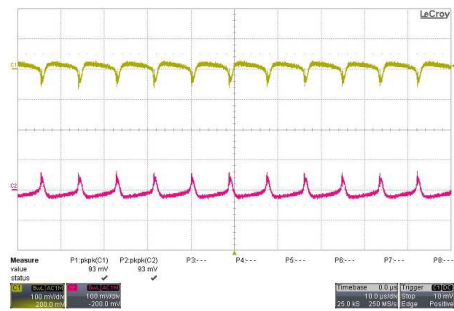
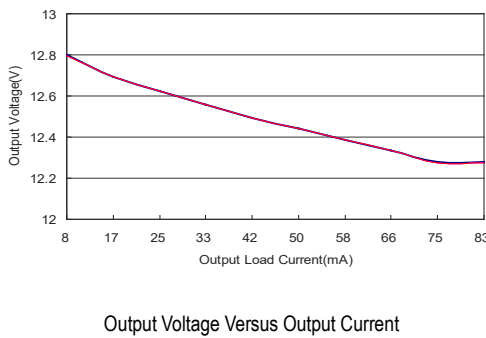
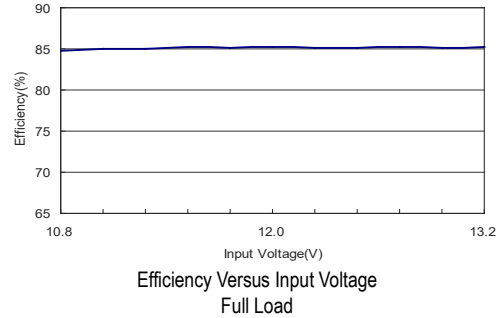
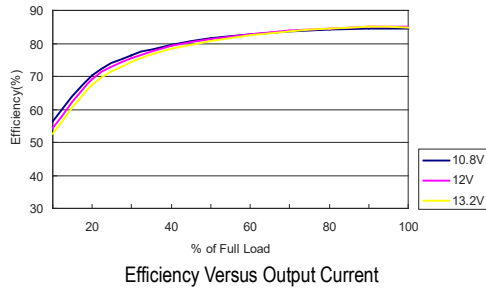


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load

Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$

Characteristic Curves

All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MAU316

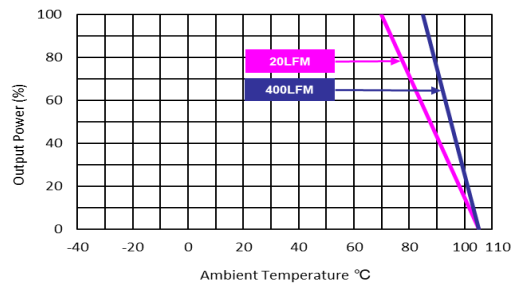
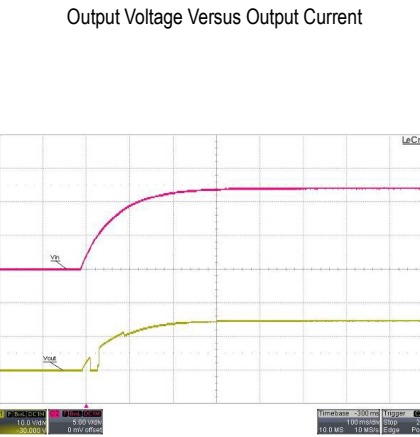
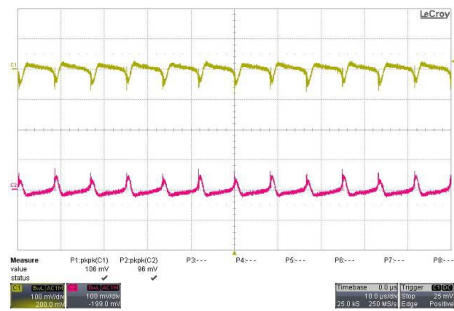
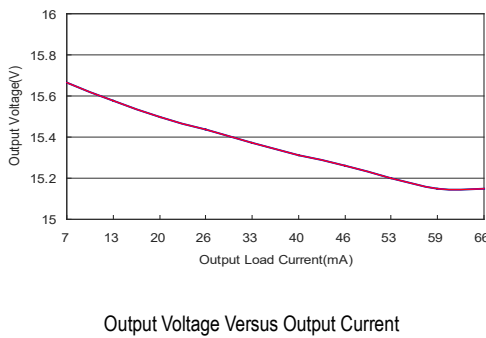
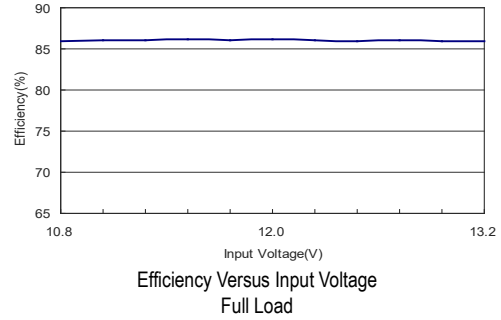
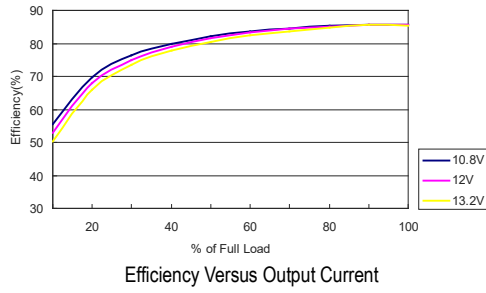


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load

Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$

Characteristic Curves

All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MAU317

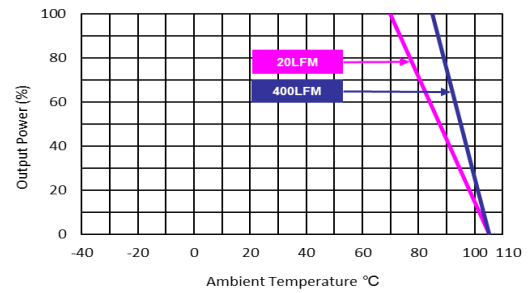
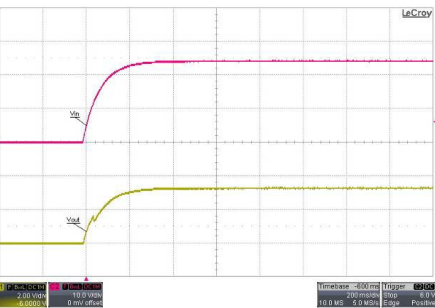
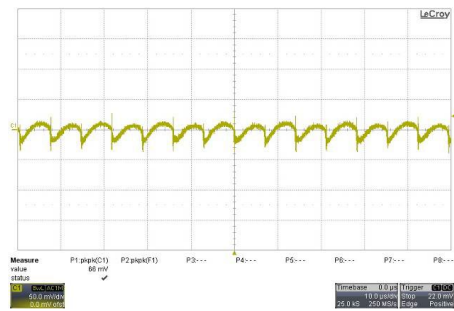
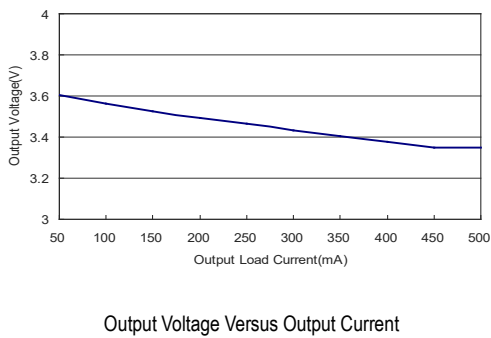
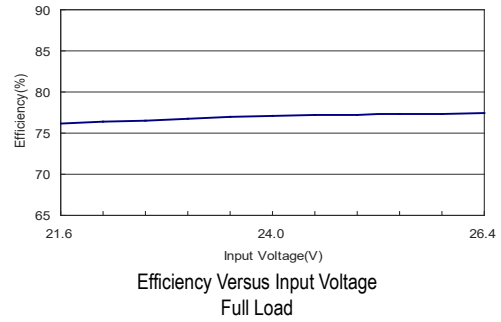
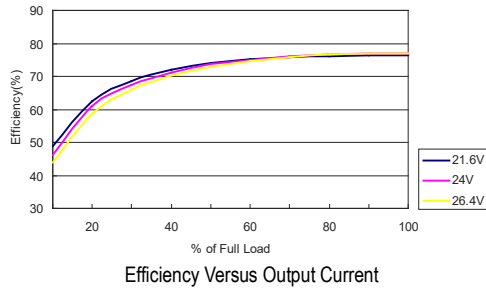


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
VIN=VIN nom ; Full Load

Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
VIN=VIN nom

Characteristic Curves

All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MAU321

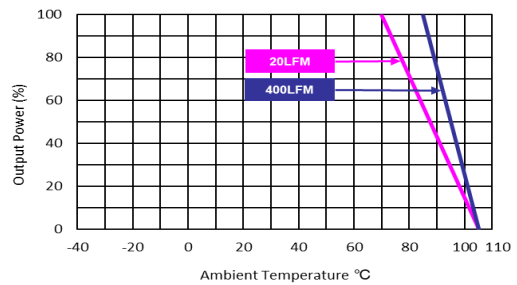
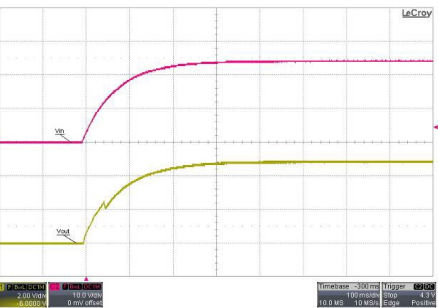
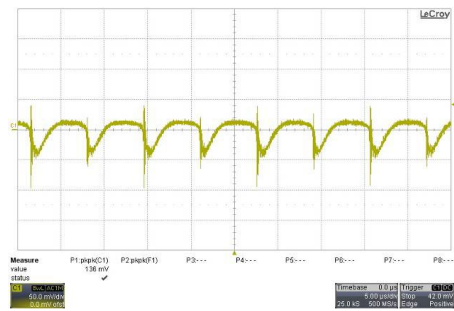
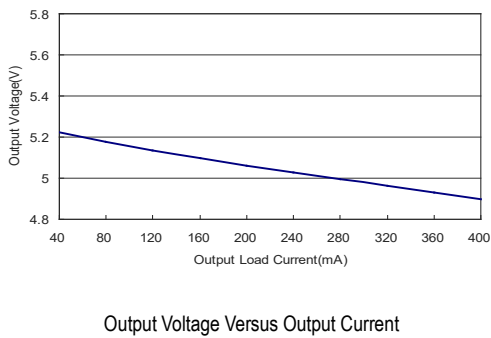
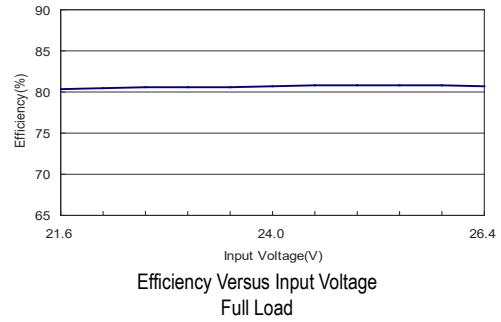
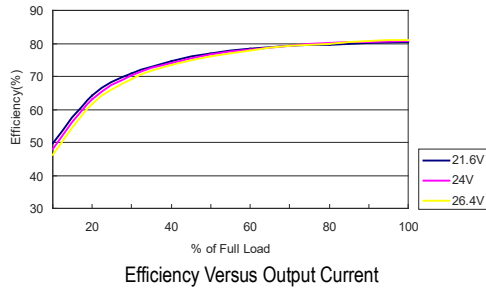


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load

Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$

Characteristic Curves

All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MAU322

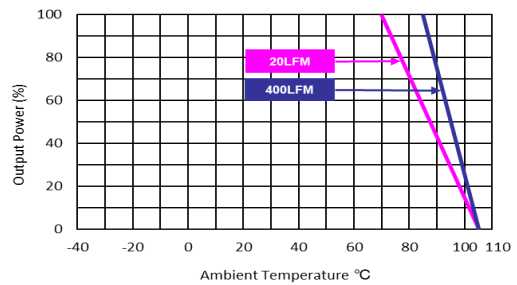
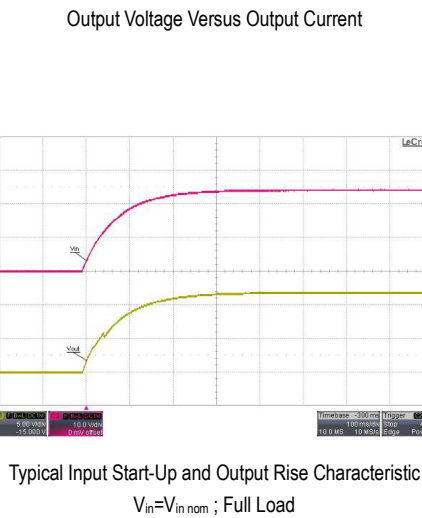
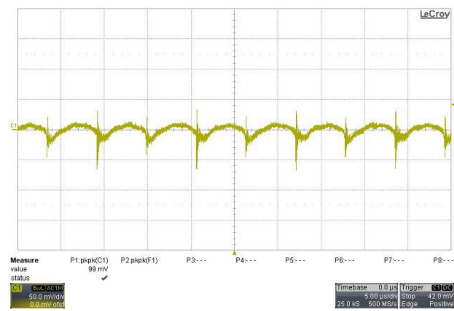
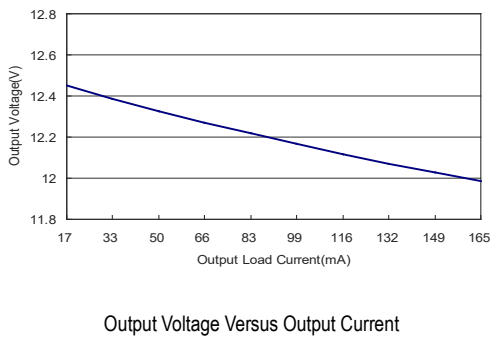
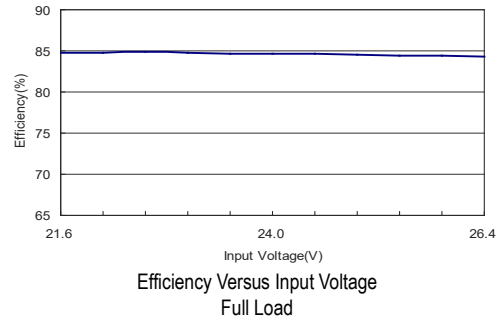
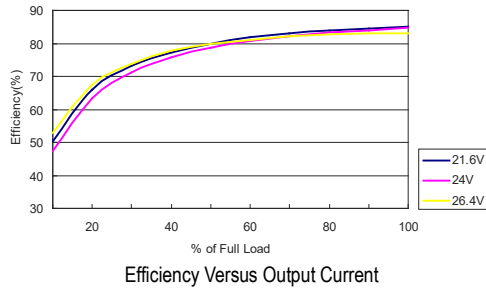


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
V_{in}=V_{in nom} ; Full Load

Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
V_{in}=V_{in nom}

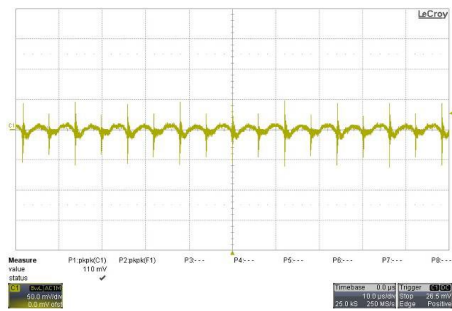
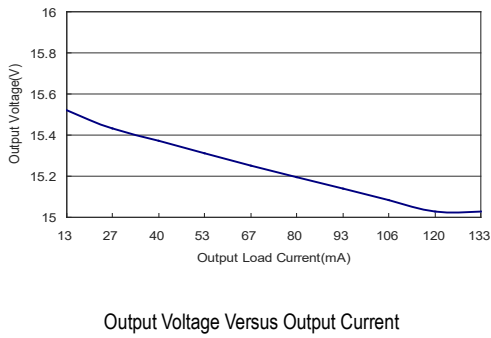
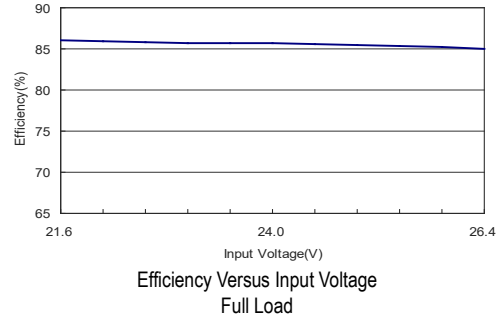
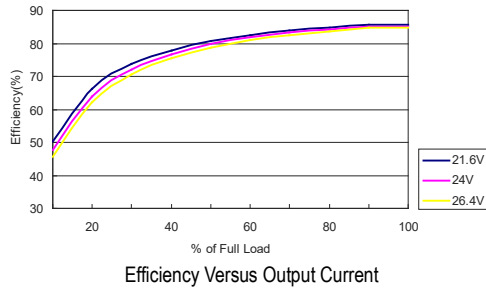
Characteristic Curves

All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MAU323



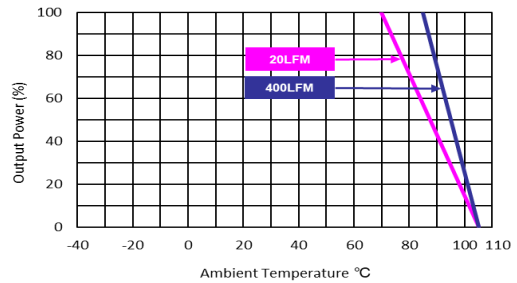
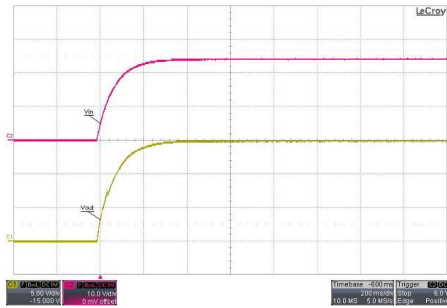
Characteristic Curves

All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MAU324



Output Voltage Versus Output Current
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load

Typical Output Ripple and Noise
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load

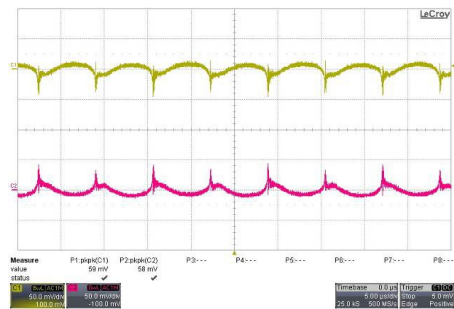
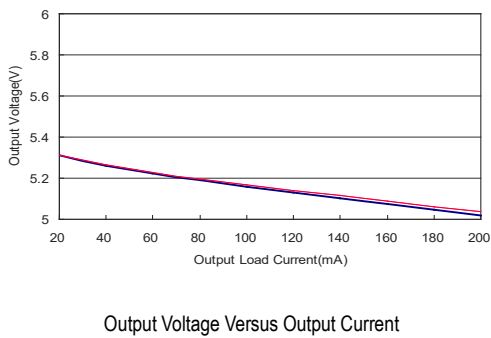
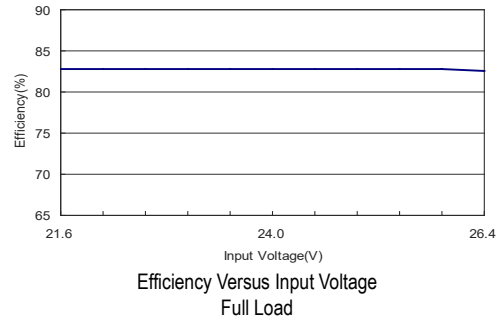
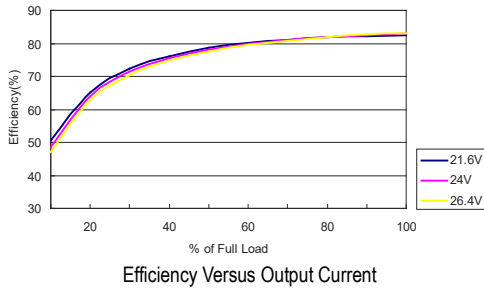


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load

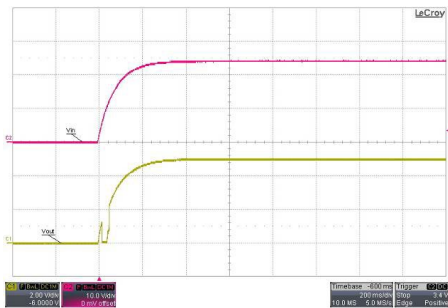
Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$

Characteristic Curves

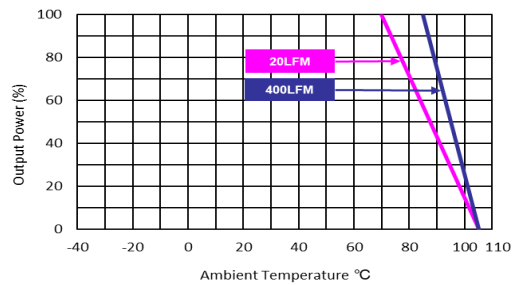
All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MAU325



Typical Output Ripple and Noise
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



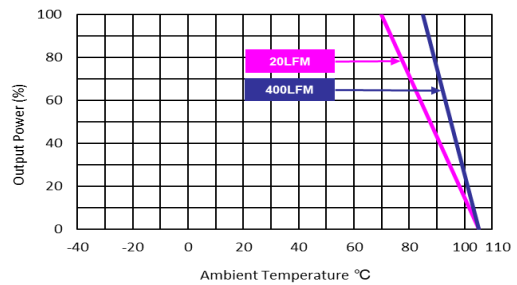
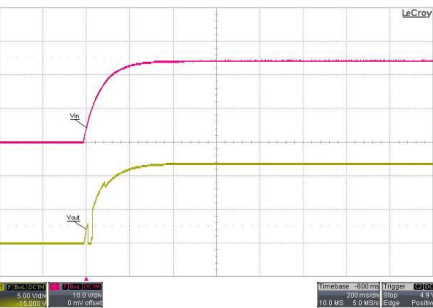
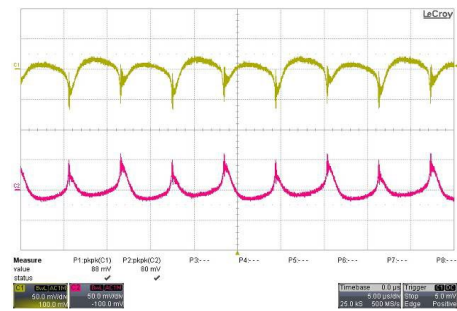
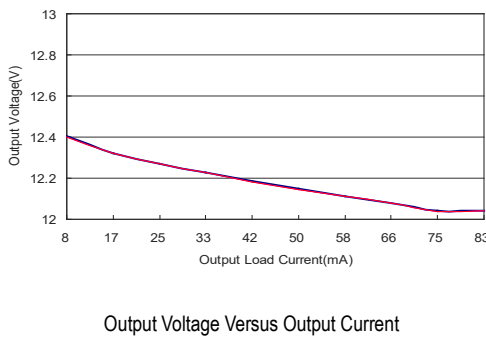
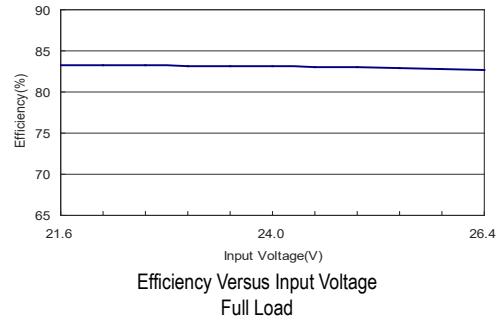
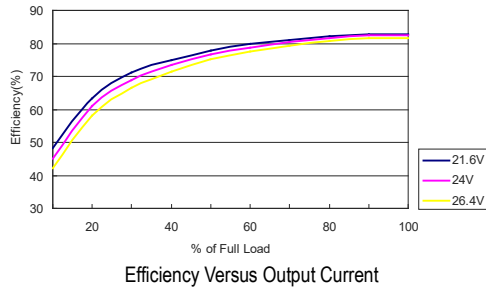
Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$

Characteristic Curves

All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MAU326

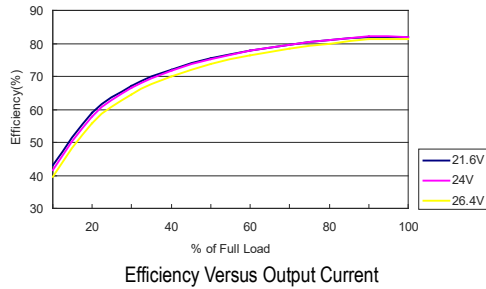


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load

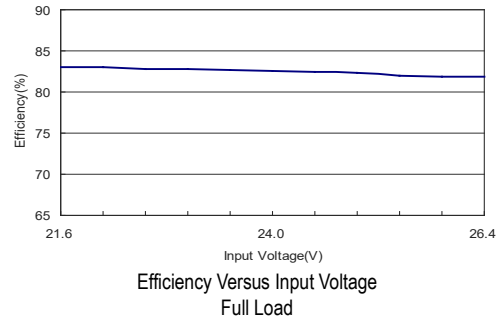
Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$

Characteristic Curves

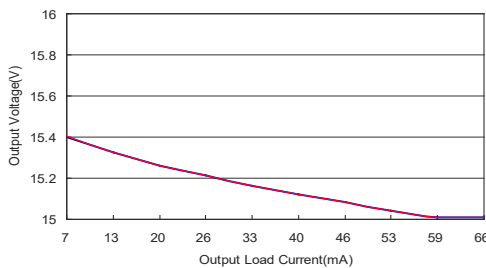
All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MAU327



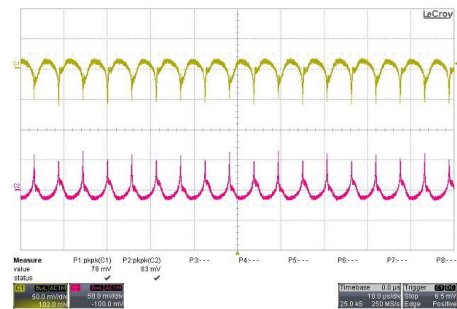
Efficiency Versus Output Current



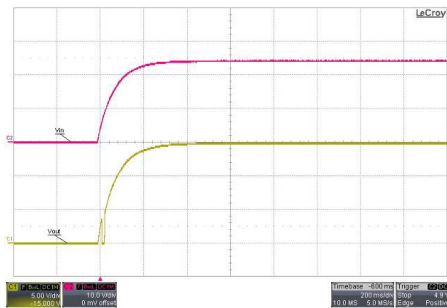
Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



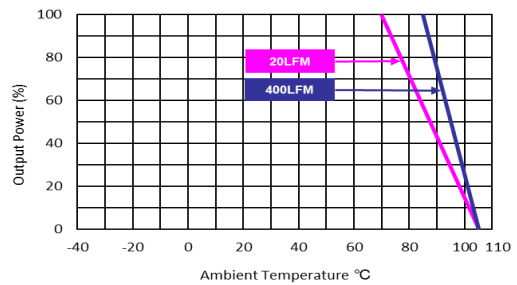
Output Voltage Versus Output Current



Typical Output Ripple and Noise
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$

Package Specifications

Mechanical Dimensions

The top view shows a rectangular package with a total width of 19.5 mm [0.77] and a total height of 10.2 mm [0.40]. The distance from the top edge to the start of the pins is 0.5 mm [0.02]. The pin pitch is 2.54 mm [0.100]. The distance between pins 1 and 2 is 2.1 mm [0.08]. The distance between pins 2 and 4 is 5.08 mm [0.200]. The distance between pins 4 and 5 is 2x2.54 mm [2x0.100]. The distance from the bottom edge to the start of the pins is 3.2 mm [0.13].

The bottom view shows a total width of 18.5 mm [0.73] and a total height of 7.6 mm [0.30]. The distance from the left edge to the start of the pins is 0.50 mm [0.020]. The distance from the bottom edge to the start of the pins is 1.3 mm [0.05]. The distance between pins 1 and 2 is 0.25 mm [0.010].

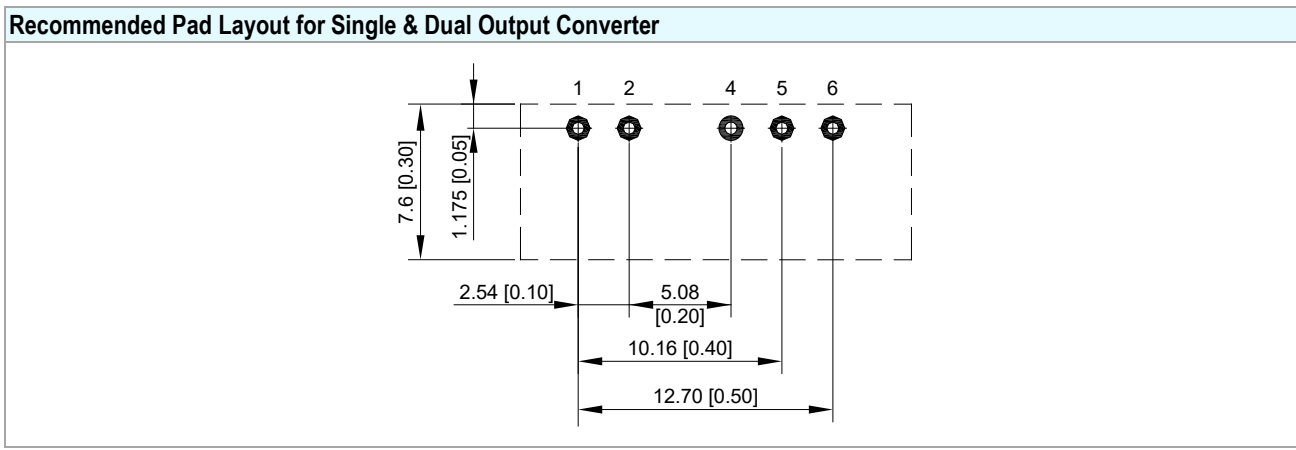
Pin Connections

Pin	Single Output	Dual Output
1	+Vin	+Vin
2	-Vin	-Vin
4	-Vout	-Vout
5	No Pin	Common
6	+Vout	+Vout

▶ All dimensions in mm (inches)
 ▶ Tolerance: X.X±0.25 (X.XX±0.01)
 X.XX±0.13 (X.XXX±0.005)
 ▶ Pins ±0.05(±0.002)

Physical Characteristics

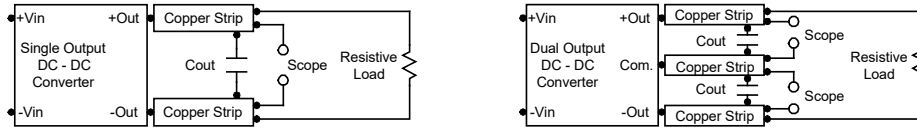
Case Size	: 19.5x7.6x10.2mm (0.77x0.30x0.40 inches)
Case Material	: Plastic resin (flammability to UL 94V-0 rated)
Pin Material	: Alloy 42
Weight	: 2.7g



Test Setup

Peak-to-Peak Output Noise Measurement Test

Use a C_{out} 0.33 μ F ceramic capacitor. Scope measurement should be made by using a BNC socket, measurement bandwidth is 0-20 MHz. Position the load between 50 mm and 75 mm from the DC-DC Converter.



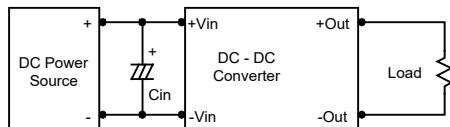
Technical Notes

Maximum Capacitive Load

The MAU300 series has limitation of maximum connected capacitance at the output. The power module may be operated in current limiting mode during start-up, affecting the ramp-up and the startup time. For optimum performance we recommend 390 μ F maximum capacitive load for dual outputs and 470 μ F capacitive load for single outputs. The maximum capacitance can be found in the data sheet.

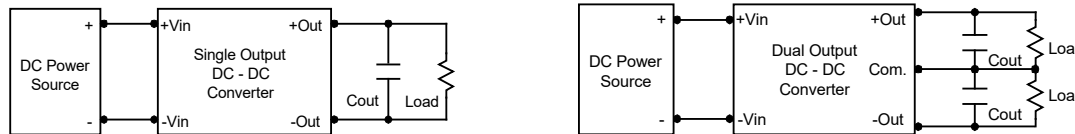
Input Source Impedance

The power module should be connected to a low ac-impedance input source. Highly inductive source impedances can affect the stability of the power module. In applications where power is supplied over long lines and output loading is high, it may be necessary to use a capacitor at the input to ensure startup. Capacitor mounted close to the power module helps ensure stability of the unit, it is comended to use a good quality low Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR < 1.0 Ω at 100 kHz) capacitor of a 2.2 μ F for the 5V input devices, a 1.0 μ F for the 12V input devices and a 0.47 μ F for the 24V devices.



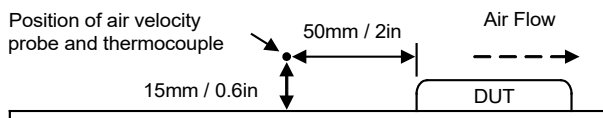
Output Ripple Reduction

A good quality low ESR capacitor placed as close as practicable across the load will give the best ripple and noise performance. To reduce output ripple, it is recommended to use 1.5 μ F capacitors at the output.



Thermal Considerations

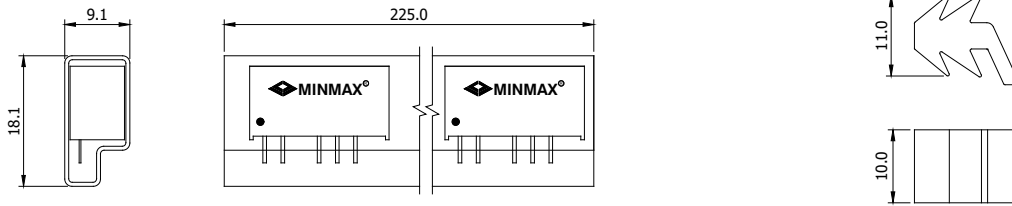
Many conditions affect the thermal performance of the power module, such as orientation, airflow over the module and board spacing. To avoid exceeding the maximum temperature rating of the components inside the power module, the case temperature must be kept below 105°C. The derating curves are determined from measurements obtained in a test setup.



Packaging Information for Tube

Tube

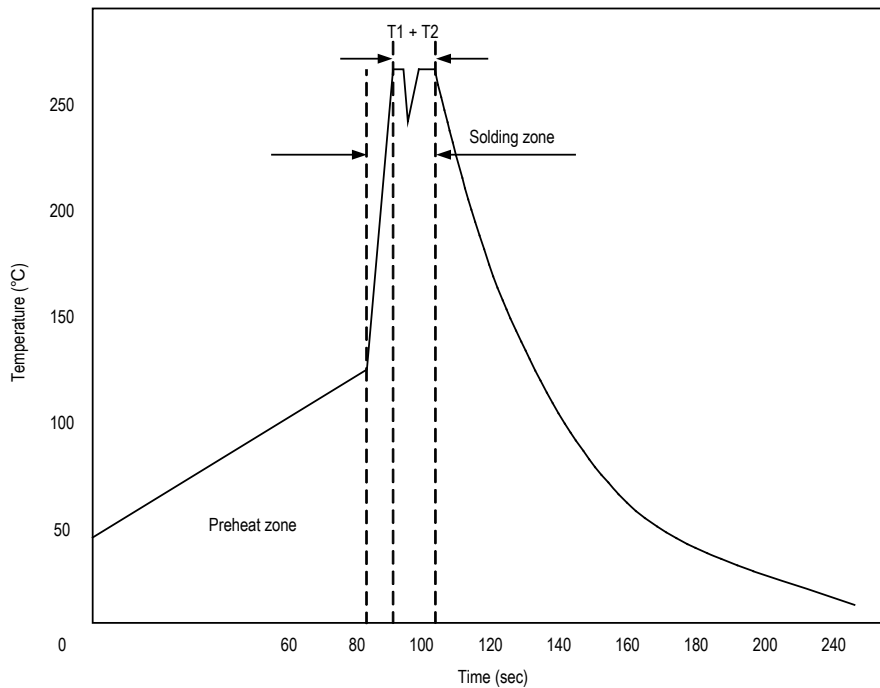
Plug



Unit: mm
10 PCS per TUBE

Wave Soldering Considerations

Lead free wave solder profile



Zone	Reference Parameter
Preheat	Rise temp. speed : 3°C/sec max.
zone	Preheat temp. : 100~130°C
Actual	Peak temp. : 250~260°C
heating	Peak time(T1+T2) : 4~6 sec

Hand Welding Parameter

Reference Solder: Sn-Ag-Cu : Sn-Cu : Sn-Ag

Hand Welding: Soldering iron : Power 60W

Welding Time: 2~4 sec

Temp.: 380~400°C

Part Number Structure				
M	A	U	30	1
	Package Type SIP-7	Output Regulation Unregulated	Input Voltage Range 30: 4.5 ~ 5.5 VDC 31: 10.8 ~ 13.2 VDC 32: 21.6 ~ 26.4 VDC	Output Voltage 1: 3.3 VDC 2: 5 VDC 3: 12 VDC 4: 15 VDC 5: ±5 VDC 6: ±12 VDC 7: ±15 VDC

MTBF and Reliability		
The MTBF of MAU300 series of DC-DC converters has been calculated using MIL-HDBK 217F NOTICE2, Operating Temperature 25°C, Ground Benign.		
Model	MTBF	Unit
MAU301	3,668,042	Hours
MAU302	3,613,370	
MAU303	3,631,412	
MAU304	3,631,412	
MAU305	3,305,785	
MAU306	3,848,004	
MAU307	3,807,710	
MAU311	3,786,086	
MAU312	3,727,866	
MAU313	3,747,073	
MAU314	3,747,073	
MAU315	3,401,361	
MAU316	3,558,719	
MAU317	3,524,229	
MAU321	3,836,930	
MAU322	3,777,148	
MAU323	3,796,867	
MAU324	3,796,867	
MAU325	3,442,341	
MAU326	3,605,227	
MAU327	3,569,835	