



## **FEATURES**

- ► Compact SIP-8 Package
- ► Ultra-wide 4:1 Input Voltage Range
- ► Fully Regulated Output Voltage
- ► I/O Isolation 1600 VDC
- ► Operating Ambient Temp. Range -40°C to +85°C
- No Min. Load Requirement
- ► Overload and Short Circuit Protection
- ► Remote On/Off Control
- ► UL/cUL/IEC/EN 62368-1 Safety Approval, CE Marking









# **PRODUCT OVERVIEW**

The MINMAX MCWI04 series is a range of isolated 4W DC-DC converter modules featuring fully regulated output voltages and ultra-wide 4:1 input voltage ranges. The converters come in a very small SIP-8 package which occupies only 2.0 cm² of PCB space. An excellent efficiency allows operating temperatures up to +85°C. Further features include remote ON/OFF, overload, and short circuit protection. The very compact dimensions of these DC-DC converters make them an ideal solution for many space critical applications in battery-powered equipment and instrumentation.

Model Selecti	ion Guide								
Model Number	Input Voltage	Output Voltage	Output Power	Output Current	Input (	Current	Max. capacitive Load	Efficiency (typ.)	
	(Range)			Max.	@Max. Load	@No Load		@Max. Load	
	VDC	VDC	W	mA	mA(typ.)	mA(typ.)	μF	%	
MCWI04-24S05		5	4	800	211		1800	79	
MCWI04-24S12		12	4	333	201		1000	83	
MCWI04-24S15	24	15	3.99	266	200	20	820	83	
MCWI04-24S24	(9 ~ 36)	24	3.98	166	200	20	470	83	
MCWI04-24D12		±12	3.98	±166	200			560#	83
MCWI04-24D15		±15	3.99	±133	200		390#	83	
MCWI04-48S05		5	4	800	107	10	1800	78	
MCWI04-48S12		12	4	333	102		1000	82	
MCWI04-48S15	48	15	3.99	266	101		820	82	
MCWI04-48S24	(18 ~ 75)	24	3.98	166	101		470	82	
MCWI04-48D12		±12	3.98	±166	101		560#	82	
MCWI04-48D15		±15	3.99	±133	101		390#	82	

# For each output

Input Specifications					
Parameter	Conditions / Model	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
	24V Input Models	-0.7		50	
Input Surge Voltage (1 sec. max.)	48V Input Models	-0.7		100	VDO
Otant Ha Thankald Vallana	24V Input Models			9	VDC
Start-Up Threshold Voltage	48V Input Models			18	
Start-Up Time (Power On)	Nominal Vin and Constant Resistive Load		30		ms
Input Filter	All Models		Internal	Capacitor	



Remote On/Off Specifications					
Parameter	Conditions Min. Typ. Max.			Max.	Unit
Converter On Under 0.6 VDC or Open Circuit					
Converter Off	6 to 15VDC				
Standby Input Current	Nominal Vin 2.5		mA		

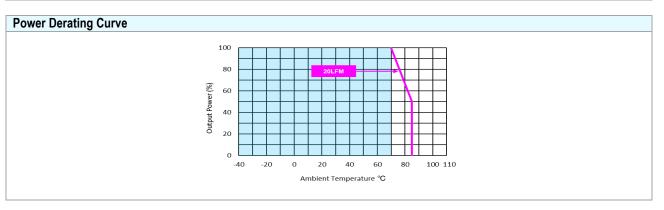
Output Specifications					
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Output Voltage Setting Accuracy				±1.0	%Vnom.
Output Voltage Balance	Dual Output, Balanced Loads			±2.0	%
Line Regulation	Vin=Min. to Max. @Full Load			±0.5	%
Load Regulation	Io=0% to 100%			±1.0	%
Load Cross Regulation (Dual Output)	Asymmetrical Load 25/100% Full Load			±5.0	%
Minimum Load	No minimum Load Requirement				
Ripple & Noise	0-20 MHz Bandwidth			80	mV <sub>P-P</sub>
Transient Recovery Time	050/ Lead Otes Observe		250		μsec
Transient Response Deviation	25% Load Step Change		±3	±5	%
Temperature Coefficient				±0.02	%/°C
Over Load Protection	ction Foldback		160		%
Short Circuit Protection Continuous, Automatic Recovery					

General Specifications					
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
NO la alatia a Malta a	60 Seconds	1600			VDC
I/O Isolation Voltage	1 Second	1920			VDC
I/O Isolation Resistance	500 VDC	1000			ΜΩ
I/O Isolation Capacitance	100kHz, 1V		200		pF
Switching Frequency	PFM Mode	100			kHz
MTBF(calculated)	MIL-HDBK-217F@25°C, Ground Benign	2,859,569			Hours
Safety Approvals	UL/cUL 62368-1 recognition(UL certificate), IEC/EN 62368-1 & 60950-1(CB report)				

EMC Specifications						
Parameter		Standards & Level				
EMI	Conduction	EN 55032	With outernal company	Class A		
EWI	Radiation	EIN 33032	With external components	Class A <sub>(1)</sub>		
	EN 55024, EN 55035					
	ESD	Direct discharge	Indirect discharge HCP & VCP			
	E9D	EN 61000-4-2 Air ± 8kV	Contact ± 6kV	_ A		
EMS	Radiated immunity	EN 610	A			
LIVIS	Fast transient (2)	EN 61	A			
	Surge (2)	EN 61	A			
	Conducted immunity	EN 610	A			
	PFMF	EN 61	A			



Environmental Specifications				
Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit	
Operating Ambient Temperature Range (See Power Derating Curve)	-40	+85	°C	
Case Temperature		+100	°C	
Storage Temperature	-55	+125	°C	
Humidity (non condensing)		95	% rel. H	



### Notes

- 1 To meet EN 55032 Class A with an external filter, please contact MINMAX.
- 2 To meet EN 61000-4-4 & EN 61000-4-5 an external filter requested, please contact MINMAX.
- 3 Specifications typical at Ta=+25°C, resistive load, nominal input voltage, rated output current unless otherwise noted.
- 4 We recommend to protect the converter by a slow blow fuse in the input supply line.
- 5 Other input and output voltage may be available, please contact MINMAX.
- 6 Specifications are subject to change without notice.

# Package Specifications Mechanical Dimensions 21.8 [0.86] | The column and the

Pin Connections			
Pin	Single Output	Dual Output	
1	-Vin	-Vin	
2	+Vin	+Vin	
3	Remote On/Off	Remote On/Off	
5	NC	NC	
6	+Vout	+Vout	
7	-Vout	Common	
8	NC	-Vout	
	NO. No Commont	•	

NC: No Connection

- ► All dimensions in mm (inches)
- ► Tolerance: X.X±0.5 (X.XX±0.02) X.XX±0.25 (X.XXX±0.01)

► Pins: ±0.1(±0.004)

# **Physical Characteristics**

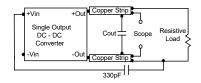
Case Size	: 21.8x9.3x11.2 mm (0.86x0.37x0.44 inches)
Case Material	: Non-Conductive Black Plastic (flammability to UL 94V-0 rated)
Pin Material	: Phosphor Bronze with Tin Plate
Weight	: 4.8g

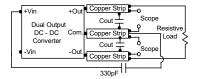
E-mail:sales@minmax.com.tw Tel:886-6-2923150

### **Test Setup**

# Peak-to-Peak Output Noise Measurement Test

Use a Cout 0.47µF ceramic capacitor. Scope measurement should be made by using a BNC socket, measurement bandwidth is 0-20 MHz. Position the load between 50 mm and 75 mm from the DC-DC Converter.





### **Technical Notes**

### Remote On/Off

Negative logic remote on/off turns the module off during a logic high voltage on the remote on/off pin, and on during a logic low. To turn the power module on and off, the user must supply a switch to control the voltage between the on/off terminal and the -Vin terminal. The switch can be an open collector or equivalent. A logic high is 6V to 15V. A logic low is under 0.6 VDC or open circuit, drops down to 0VDC by 2mV/°C. The maximum sink current at on/off terminal during a logic low is 1 mA. The maximum allowable leakage current of the switch at on/off terminal= (under 0.6VDC or open circuit) is 1mA.

### Maximum Capacitive Load

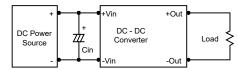
The MCWI04 series has limitation of maximum connected capacitance at the output. The power module may be operated in current limiting mode during start-up, affecting the ramp-up and the startup time. The maximum capacitance can be found in the data sheet.

### Overcurrent Protection

To provide protection in a fault (output overload) condition, the unit is equipped with internal current limiting circuitry and can endure current limiting for an unlimited duration. At the point of current-limit inception, the unit shifts from voltage control to current control. The unit operates normally once the output current is brought back into its specified range.

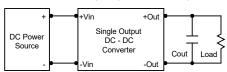
### Input Source Impedance

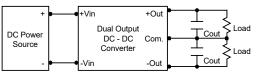
The power module should be connected to a low ac-impedance input source. Highly inductive source impedances can affect the stability of the power module. In applications where power is supplied over long lines and output loading is high, it may be necessary to use a capacitor at the input to ensure startup. Capacitor mounted close to the power module helps ensure stability of the unit, it is commended to use a good quality low Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR <  $1.0\Omega$  at 100 kHz) capacitor of a  $1.5\mu\text{F}$  for the 24V and 48V input devices.



### Output Ripple Reduction

A good quality low ESR capacitor placed as close as practicable across the load will give the best ripple and noise performance. To reduce output ripple, it is recommended to use 3.3µF capacitors at the output.





### Thermal Considerations

Many conditions affect the thermal performance of the power module, such as orientation, airflow over the module and board spacing. To avoid exceeding the maximum temperature rating of the components inside the power module, the case temperature must be kept below 100°C. The derating curves are determined from measurements obtained in a test setup.

