



MINMAX[®]

MCWI10 Series

Electric Characteristic Note

MCWI10 Series EC Note

DC-DC CONVERTER 10W, Regulated Output, SIP Package

Features

- ▶ Ultra-compact 10W Converter
- ▶ Industrial Standard SIP-8 Package
- ▶ Ultra-high Power Density 65W/in³
- ▶ Ultra-wide 4 : 1 Input Voltage Range
- ▶ Fully Regulated Output Voltage
- ▶ I/O Isolation 1500 VDC
- ▶ Wide Operating Temperature Range
- ▶ No Min. Load Requirement
- ▶ Very Low No Load & Standby Power Consumption
- ▶ Under-voltage, Overload and Short Circuit Protection
- ▶ Remote On/Off Control
- ▶ UL/cUL/IEC/EN 62368-1 Safety Approval (Pending)



Applications

- ▶ Distributed power architectures
- ▶ Workstations
- ▶ Computer equipment
- ▶ Communications equipment

Product Overview

The MCWI10 series is a high-performance 10W DC-DC converter designed in an ultra-compact SIP-8 package, offering an exceptional power density of 65W/in³. Featuring an ultra-wide 4:1 input voltage range, these converters deliver fully regulated output voltages of 5.1V, 12V, 15V, 24V, ±12V, and ±15V, ensuring compatibility with a variety of industrial and embedded system applications.

Designed for demanding environments, the MCWI10 series provides 1500VDC I/O isolation, operates over a wide temperature range, and does not require a minimum load. Its very low no-load and standby power consumption make it an energy-efficient solution. Built-in under-voltage, overload, and short circuit protection enhances system reliability, while remote on/off control adds operational flexibility.

Certified to UL/cUL/IEC/EN 62368-1 safety standards, the MCWI10 series is an ideal choice for space-constrained applications requiring robust and efficient power conversion.

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Model Selection Guide

Model Number	Input Voltage (Range)	Output Voltage	Output Current	Input Current		Max. capacitive Load	Efficiency (typ.)
				Max.	@No Load		
	VDC	VDC	mA	mA(typ.)	mA(typ.)	μF	%
MCWI10-12S051	12 (4.5 ~ 18)	5.1	2000	988	16	3900	89
MCWI10-12S12		12	833	947		680	89
MCWI10-12S15		15	666	946		470	89
MCWI10-12S24		24	416	946		180	89
MCWI10-12D12		±12	±416	946		390#	88
MCWI10-12D15		±15	±333	946		220#	89
MCWI10-24S051	24 (9 ~ 36)	5.1	2000	494	8	3900	88
MCWI10-24S12		12	833	478		680	89
MCWI10-24S15		15	666	473		470	89
MCWI10-24S24		24	416	473		180	88
MCWI10-24D12		±12	±416	478		390#	88
MCWI10-24D15		±15	±333	478		220#	88
MCWI10-48S051	48 (18 ~ 75)	5.1	2000	256	5	3900	88
MCWI10-48S12		12	833	239		680	89
MCWI10-48S15		15	666	237		470	89
MCWI10-48S24		24	416	236		180	89
MCWI10-48D12		±12	±416	239		390#	89
MCWI10-48D15		±15	±333	239		220#	89

For each output

Input Specifications

Parameter	Conditions / Model	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Input Surge Voltage (1 sec. max.)	12V Input Models	-0.7	---	25	VDC
	24V Input Models	-0.7	---	50	
	48V Input Models	-0.7	---	100	
Start-Up Threshold Voltage	12V Input Models	---	---	4.5	
	24V Input Models	---	---	9	
	48V Input Models	---	---	18	
Under Voltage Shutdown	12V Input Models	---	4	---	
	24V Input Models	---	8	---	
	48V Input Models	---	16	---	
Start Up Time (Power On)	Nominal Vin and Constant Resistive Load	---	30	---	ms
Input Filter	All Models	Internal Capacitor			

Remote On/Off Control

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Converter On	3.5V ~ 12V or Open Circuit				
Converter Off	0V ~ 1.2V or Short Circuit				
Control Input Current (on)	Vctrl = 5.0V	---	---	0.5	mA
Control Input Current (off)	Vctrl = 0V	---	---	-0.5	mA
Control Common	Referenced to Negative Input				
Standby Input Current	Nominal Vin	---	2.5	---	mA

Output Specifications							
Parameter	Conditions / Model			Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Output Voltage Setting Accuracy				---	---	±1.0	%Vnom.
Output Voltage Balance	Dual Output, Balanced Loads			---	±1.0	±2.0	%
Line Regulation	Vin=Min. to Max. @Full Load			---	±0.2	±0.8	%
Load Regulation	Io=0% to 100%			---	---	±1.0	%
Load Cross Regulation (Dual Output Models)	Asymmetrical Load 25/100% Full Load			---	---	±5.0	%
Minimum Load	No minimum Load Requirement						
Ripple & Noise	0-20 MHz Bandwidth	5.1V Output	Measured with a 1µF/50V MLCC	---	80	100	mV P-P
		Other Output		---	100	140	mV P-P
Transient Recovery Time	25% Load Step Change			---	---	500	µs
Transient Response Deviation				---	±3	±5	%
Temperature Coefficient				---	±0.01	±0.02	%/°C
Over Load Protection	Hiccup			110	---	180	%
Overshoot				---	---	5	%
Short Circuit Protection	Continuous, Automatic Recovery (Hiccup Mode 1Hz typ.)						

General Specifications							
Parameter	Conditions			Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I/O Isolation Voltage	60 Seconds			1500	---	---	VDC
	1 Second			1800	---	---	VDC
I/O Isolation Resistance	500 VDC			1000	---	---	MΩ
I/O Isolation Capacitance	100kHz, 1V			---	---	1500	pF
Switching Frequency				---	420	---	kHz
MTBF (calculated)	MIL-HDBK-217F@25°C, Ground Benign			1,590,072	---	---	Hours
Safety Approvals (Pending)	UL/cUL 62368-1 recognition (UL certificate), IEC/EN 62368-1 (CB-report)						

EMC Specifications					
Parameter	Standards & Level			Performance	
EMI _(e)	Conduction	EN 55032		With external components	Class A
	Radiation				
EMS _(e)	EN 55035				
	ESD	Direct discharge		Indirect discharge HCP & VCP	
		EN 61000-4-2 Air ± 8kV		Contact ± 6kV	
	Radiated immunity	EN 61000-4-3 10V/m			A
	Fast transient	EN 61000-4-4 ±2kV			A
	Surge	EN 61000-4-5 ±2kV			A
	Conducted immunity	EN 61000-4-6 10Vrms			A
PFMF	EN 61000-4-8 100A/m for Continuous; 1000A/m for 1 s			A	

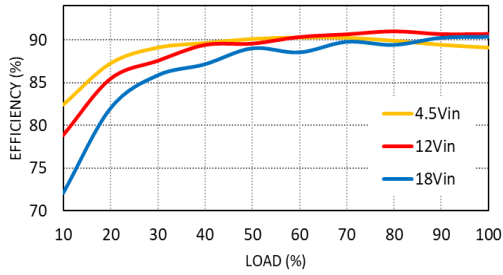
Environmental Specifications				
Parameter	Model	Min.	Max.	Unit
Operating Ambient Temperature Range Nominal Vin, Load 100% Inom. (for Power Derating see relative Derating Curves)	5.1V Output	-40	+65	°C
	Other Output		+70	
Case Temperature		---	+105	°C
Storage Temperature Range		-50	+125	°C
Humidity (non condensing)		---	95	% rel. H
Lead Temperature (1.5mm from case for 10Sec.)		---	260	°C

Notes

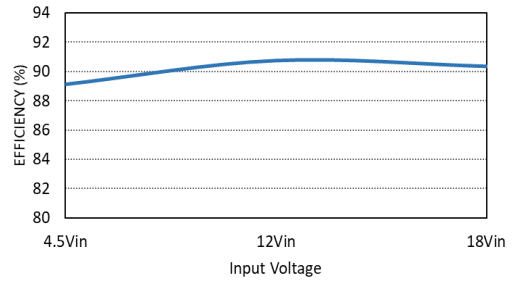
- 1 Specifications typical at $T_a=+25^{\circ}\text{C}$, resistive load, nominal input voltage and rated output current unless otherwise noted.
- 2 Transient recovery time is measured to within 1% error band for a step change in output load of 75% to 100%.
- 3 We recommend to protect the converter by a slow blow fuse in the input supply line.
- 4 Other input and output voltage may be available, please contact MINMAX.
- 5 **It is necessary to parallel a capacitor across the input pins under hot-swap operation. Minimum Capacitance: 68 μF / 100V KZE.**
- 6 The external components might be required to meet EMI/EMS standard for some of test items. Please contact MINMAX for the solution in detail.
- 7 Specifications are subject to change without notice.
- 8 The repeated high voltage isolation testing of the converter can degrade isolation capability, to a lesser or greater degree depending on materials, construction, environment and reflow solder process. Any material is susceptible to eventual chemical degradation when subject to very high applied voltages thus implying that the number of tests should be strictly limited. We therefore strongly advise against repeated high voltage isolation testing, but if it is absolutely required, that the voltage be reduced by 20% from specified test voltage. Furthermore, the high voltage isolation capability after reflow solder process should be evaluated as it is applied on system.

Characteristic Curves

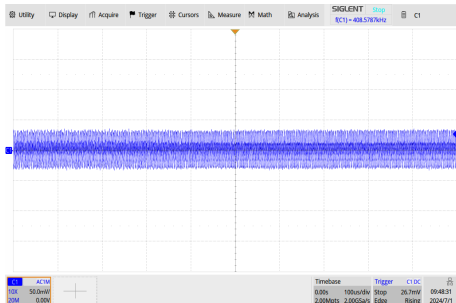
All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MCWI10-12S051



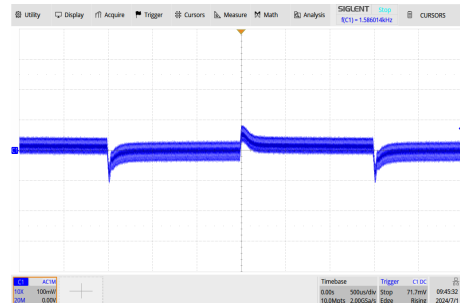
Efficiency Versus Output Current



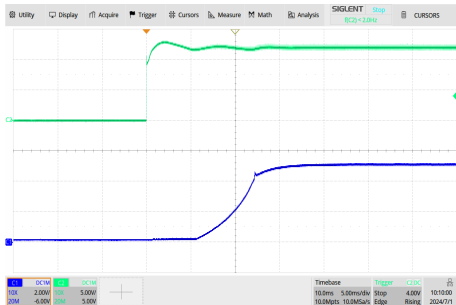
Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



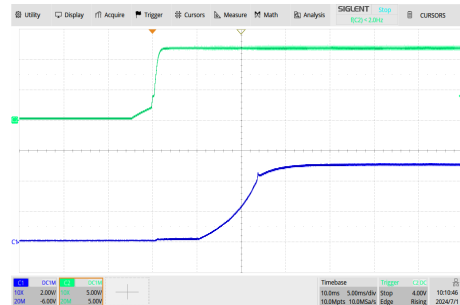
Typical Output Ripple and Noise
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



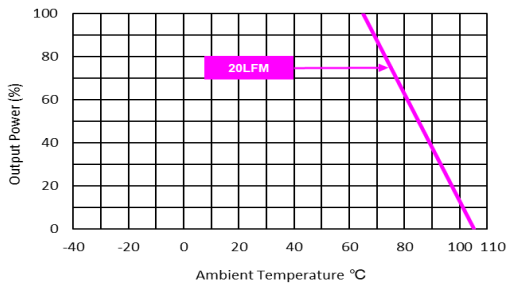
Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change
from 100% to 75% of Full Load; $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$



Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



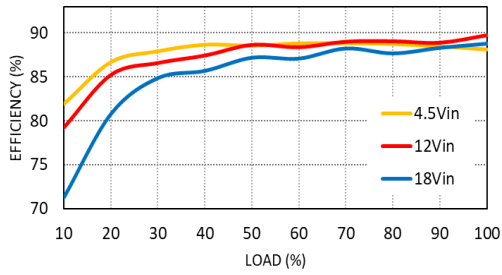
ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



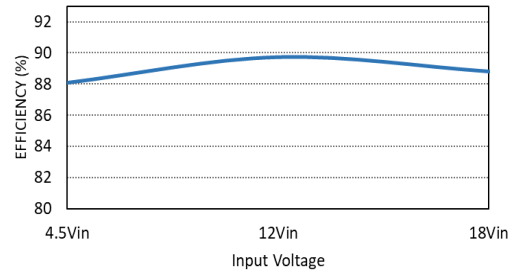
Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$

Characteristic Curves

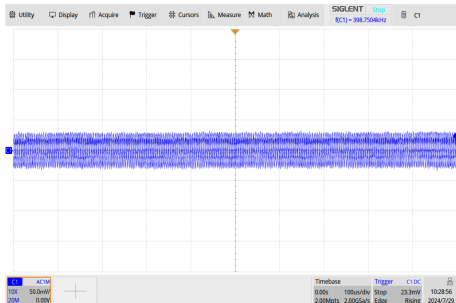
All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MCWI10-12S12



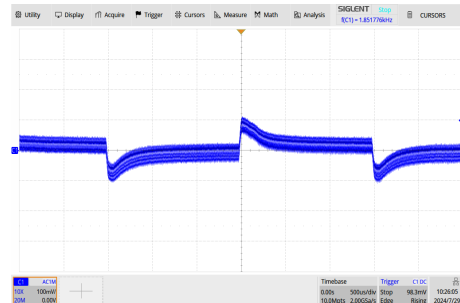
Efficiency Versus Output Current



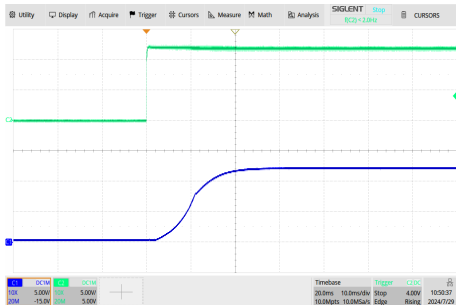
Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



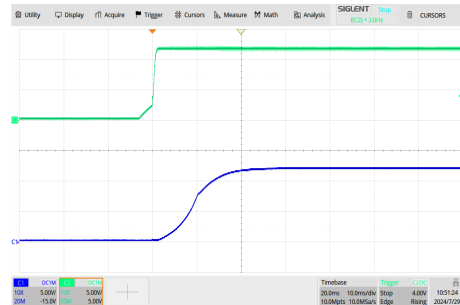
Typical Output Ripple and Noise
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



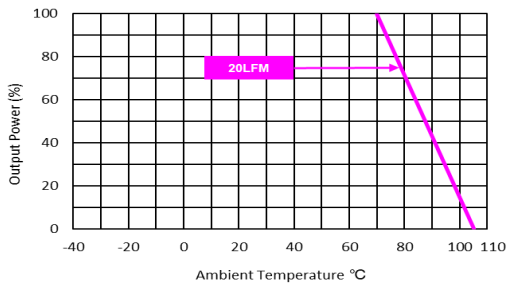
Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change
from 100% to 75% of Full Load; $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$



Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



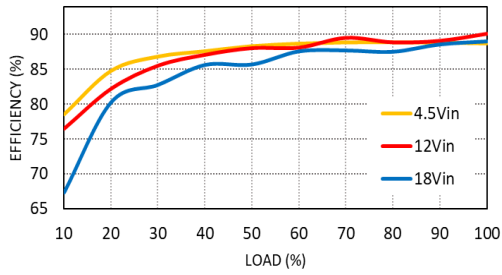
ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



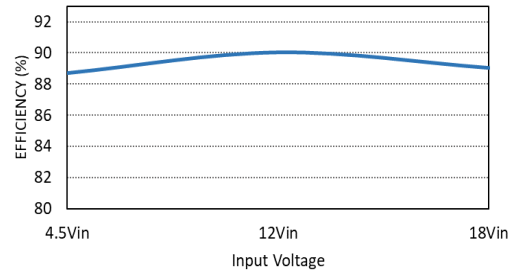
Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$

Characteristic Curves

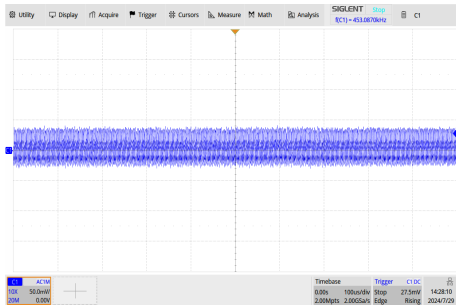
All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MCWI10-12S15



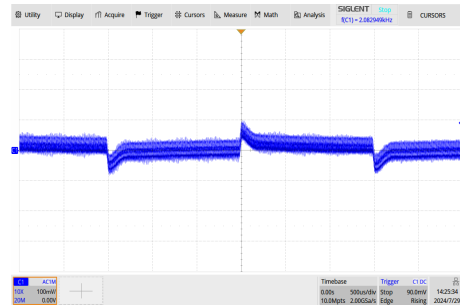
Efficiency Versus Output Current



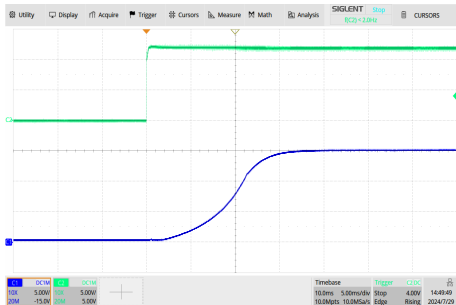
Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



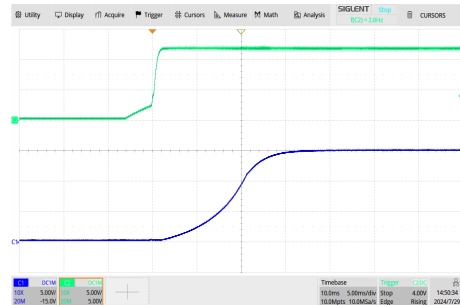
Typical Output Ripple and Noise
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



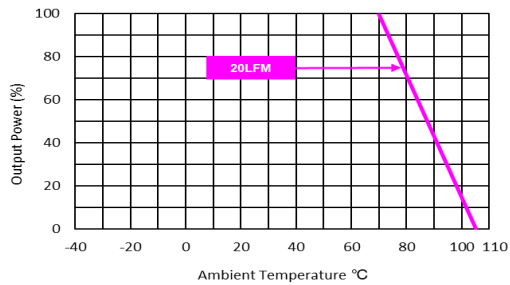
Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change
from 100% to 75% of Full Load; $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$



Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



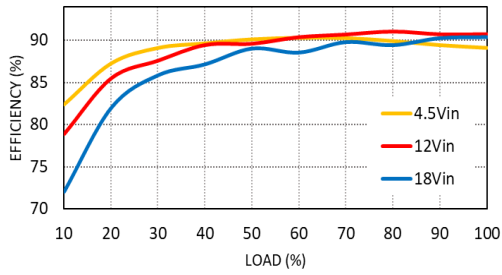
ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



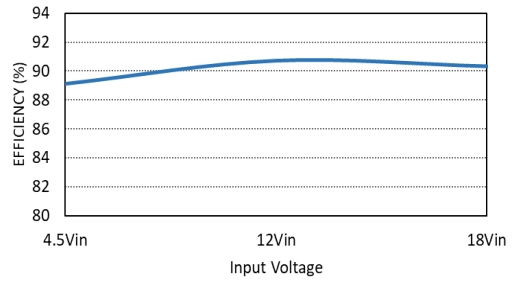
Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$

Characteristic Curves

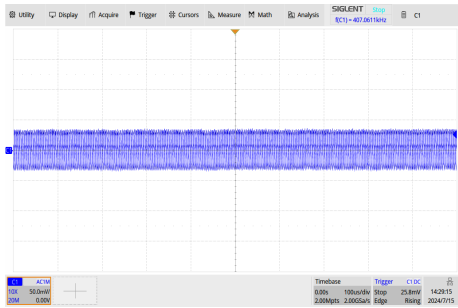
All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MCWI10-12S24



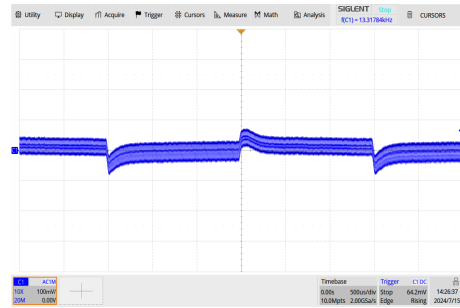
Efficiency Versus Output Current



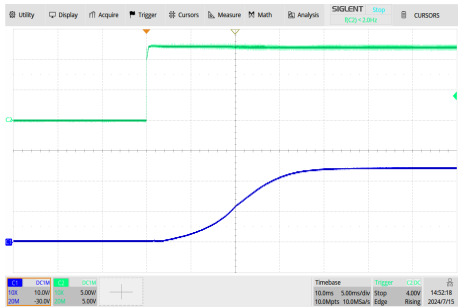
Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



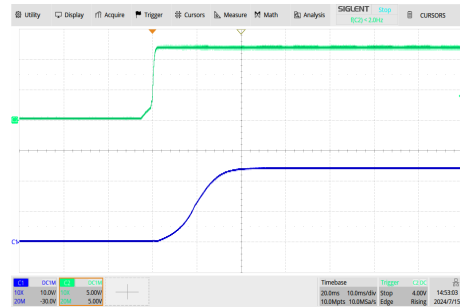
Typical Output Ripple and Noise
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



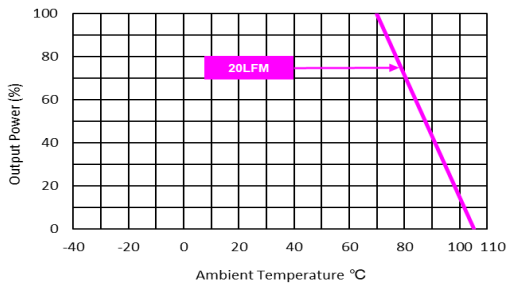
Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change
from 100% to 75% of Full Load; $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$



Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



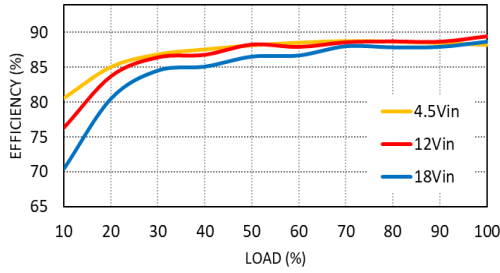
ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



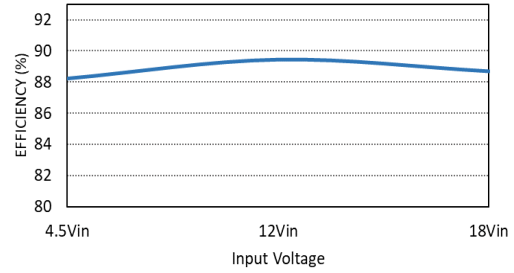
Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$

Characteristic Curves

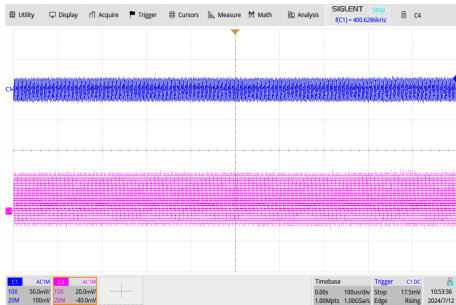
All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MCWI10-12D12



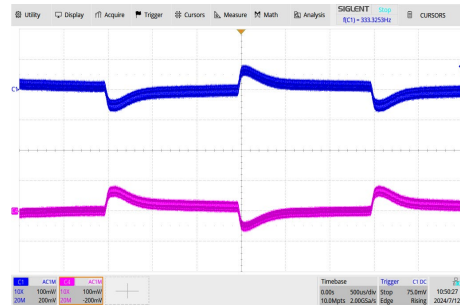
Efficiency Versus Output Current



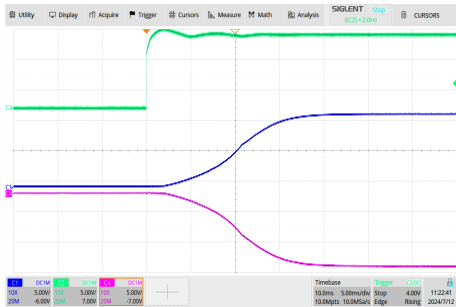
Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



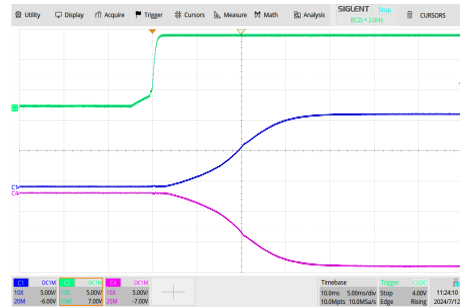
Typical Output Ripple and Noise
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



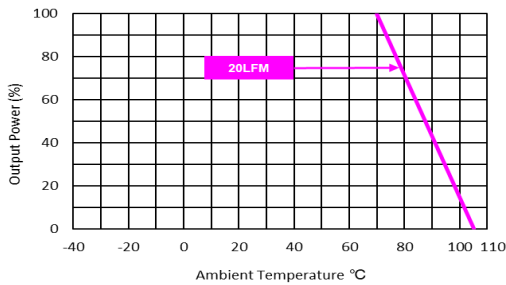
Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change
from 100% to 75% of Full Load ; $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$



Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



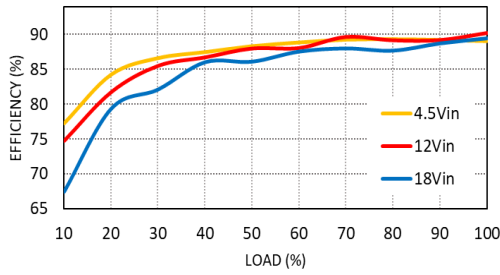
ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



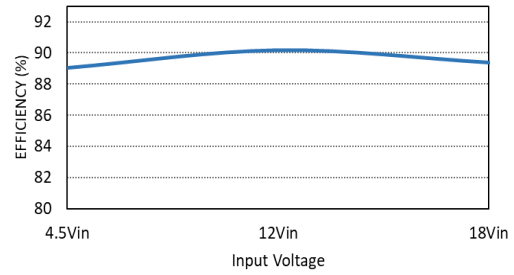
Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$

Characteristic Curves

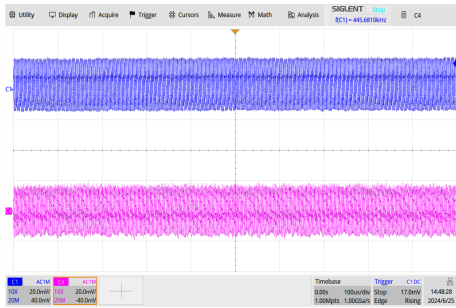
All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MCWI10-12D15



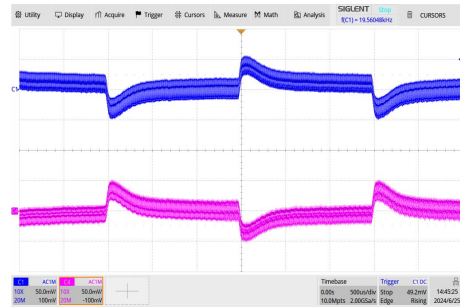
Efficiency Versus Output Current



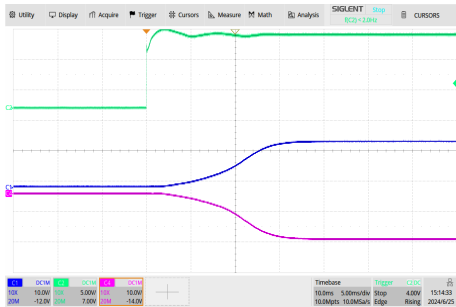
Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



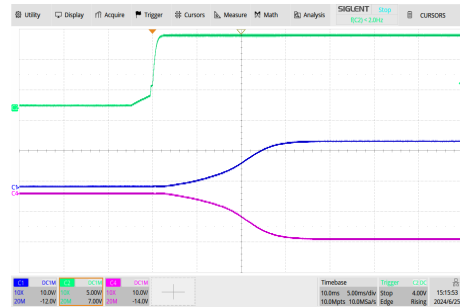
Typical Output Ripple and Noise
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



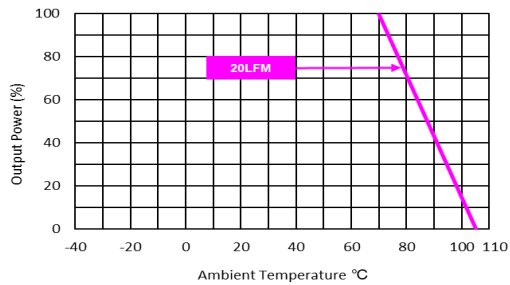
Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change
from 100% to 75% of Full Load ; $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$



Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



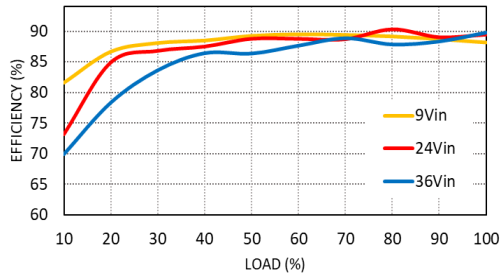
ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



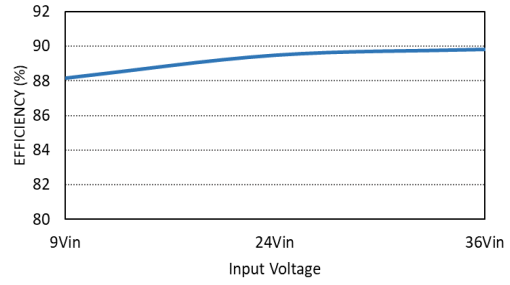
Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$

Characteristic Curves

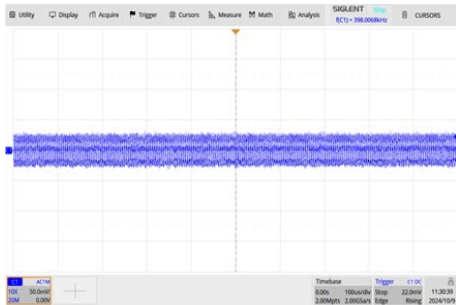
All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MCWI10-24S051



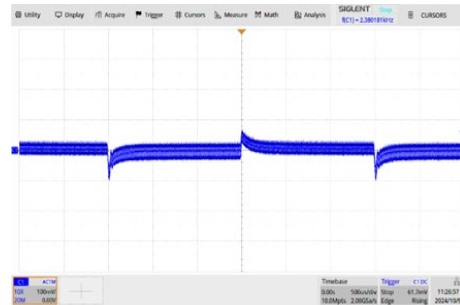
Efficiency Versus Output Current



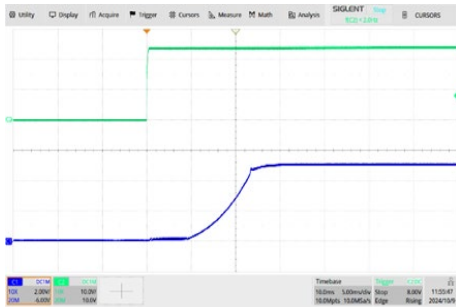
Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



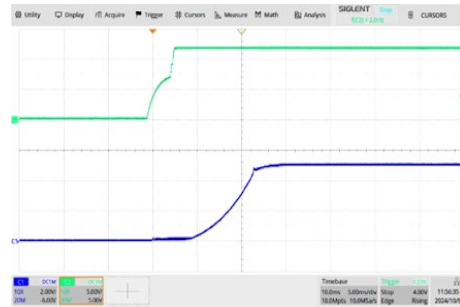
Typical Output Ripple and Noise
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



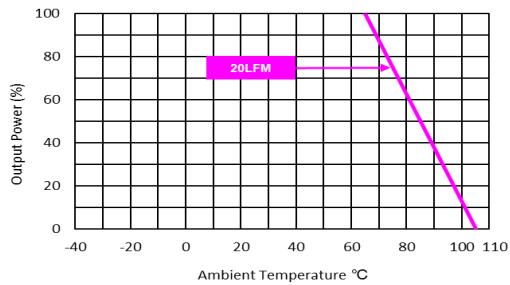
Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change
from 100% to 75% of Full Load; $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$



Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



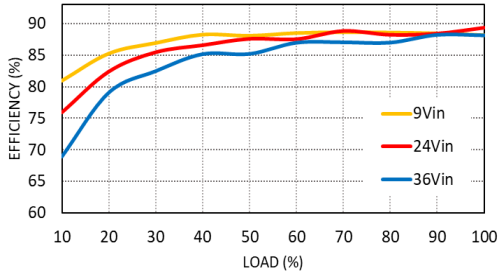
ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



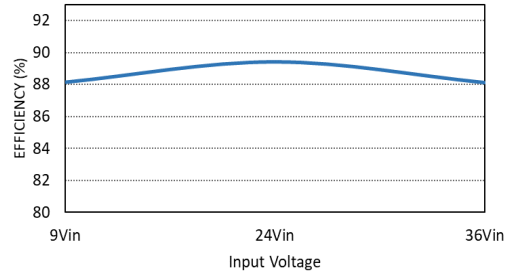
Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$

Characteristic Curves

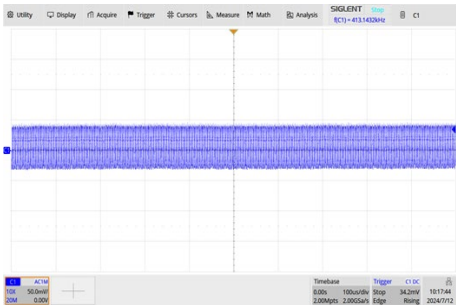
All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MCWI10-24S12



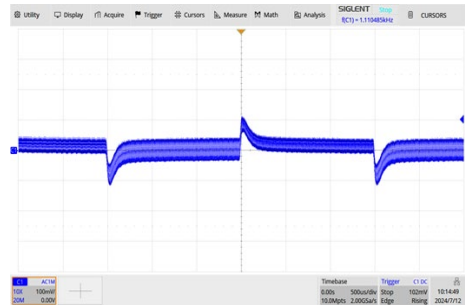
Efficiency Versus Output Current



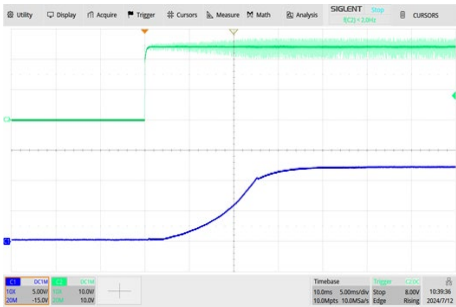
Efficiency Versus Input Voltage
Full Load



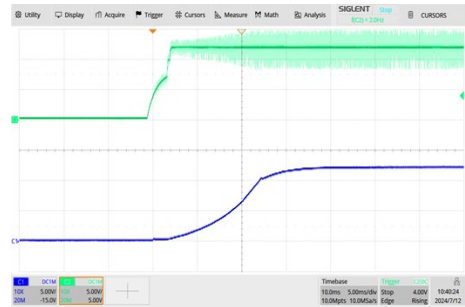
Typical Output Ripple and Noise
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



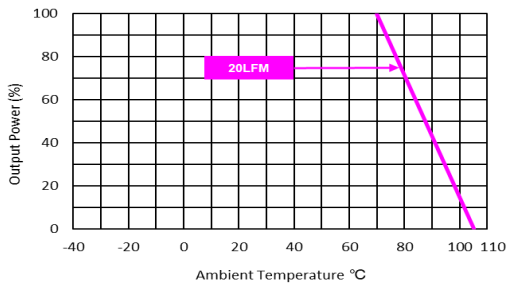
Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change
from 100% to 75% of Full Load ; $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$



Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



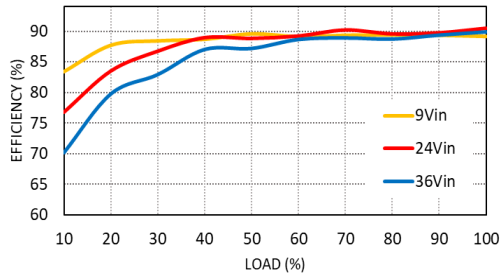
ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



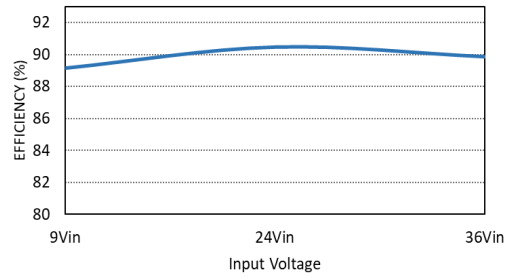
Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$

Characteristic Curves

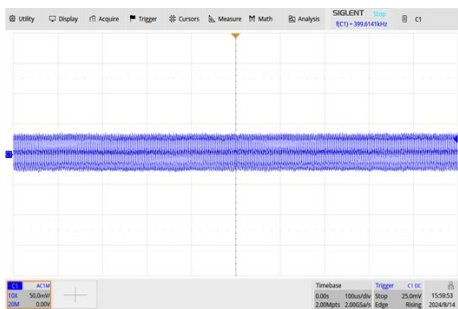
All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MCWI10-24S15



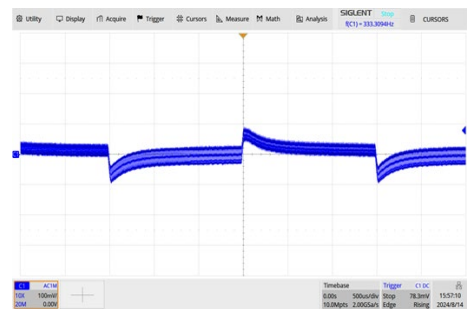
Efficiency Versus Output Current



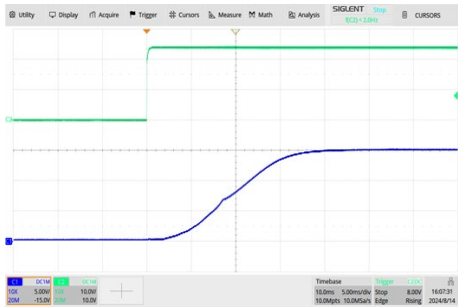
Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



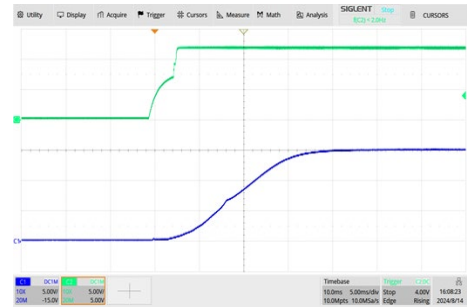
Typical Output Ripple and Noise
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



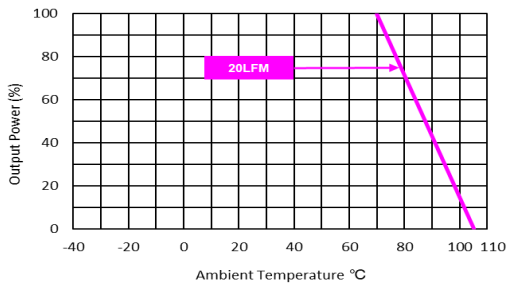
Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change
from 100% to 75% of Full Load ; $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$



Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



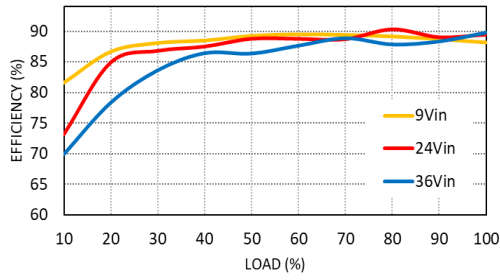
ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



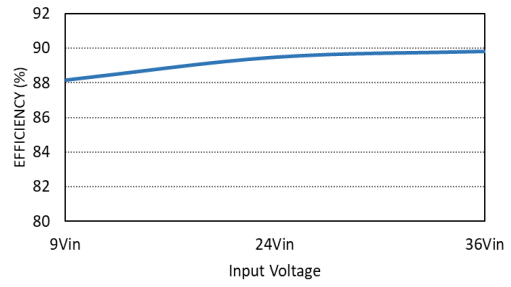
Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$

Characteristic Curves

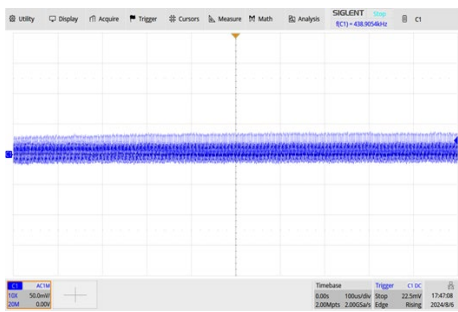
All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MCWI10-24S24



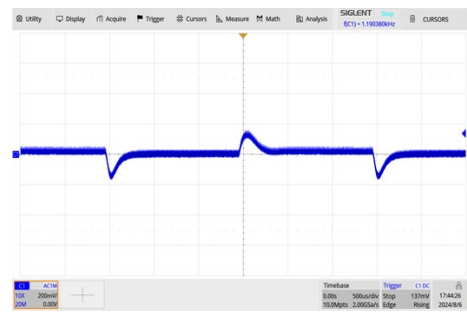
Efficiency Versus Output Current



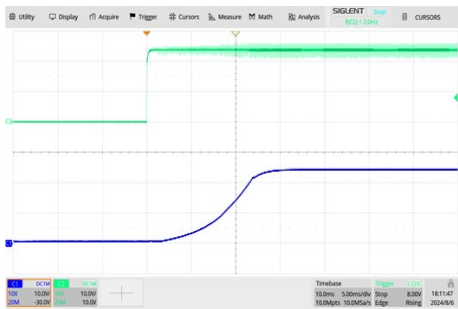
Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



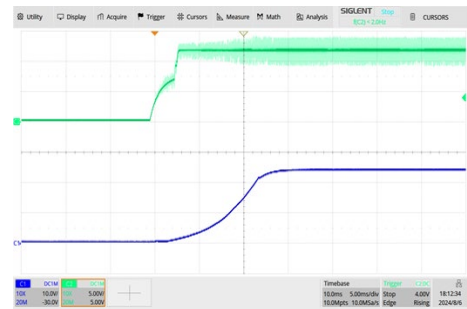
Typical Output Ripple and Noise
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



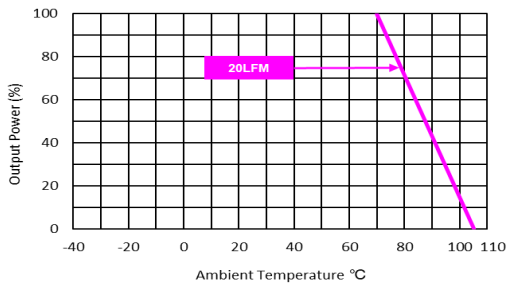
Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change
from 100% to 75% of Full Load ; $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$



Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



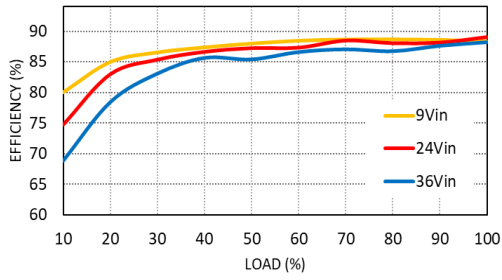
ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



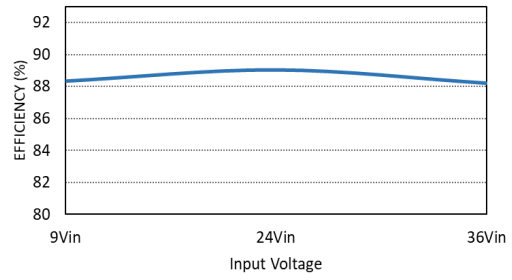
Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$

Characteristic Curves

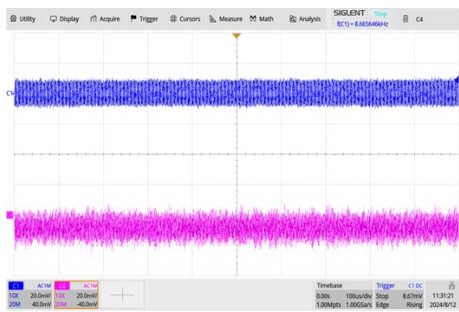
All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MCWI10-24D12



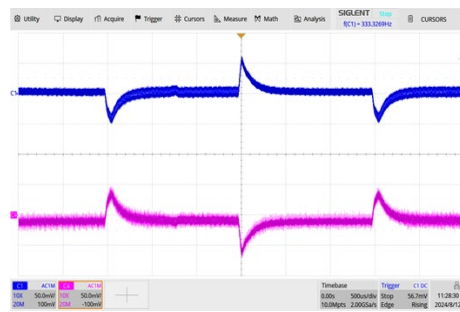
Efficiency Versus Output Current



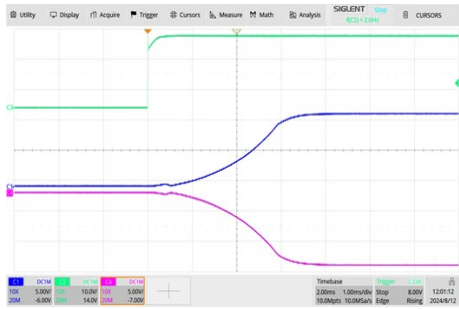
Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



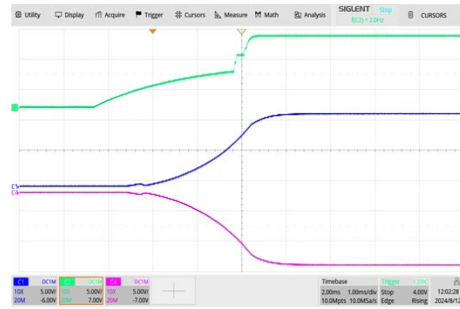
Typical Output Ripple and Noise
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



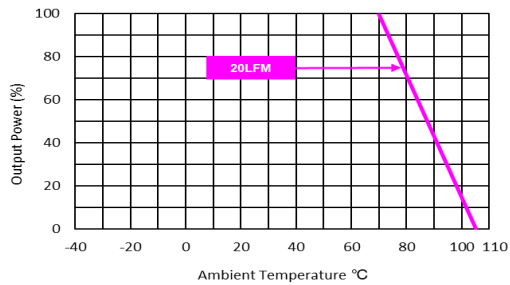
Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change
from 100% to 75% of Full Load; $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$



Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



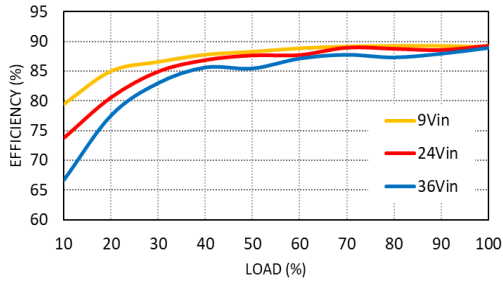
ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



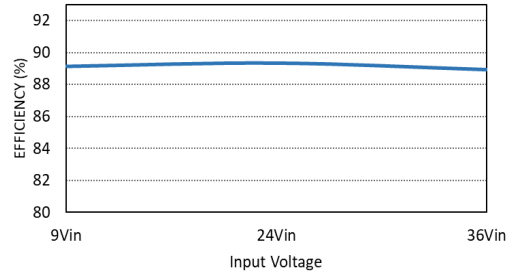
Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$

Characteristic Curves

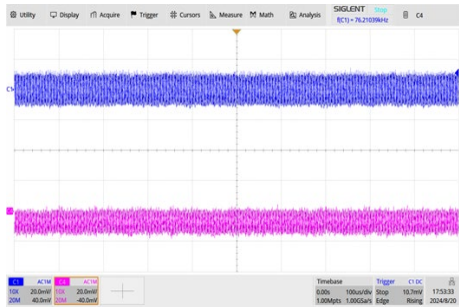
All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MCWI10-24D15



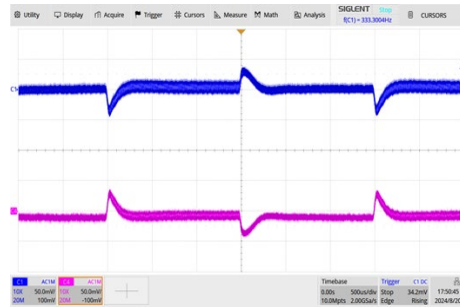
Efficiency Versus Output Current



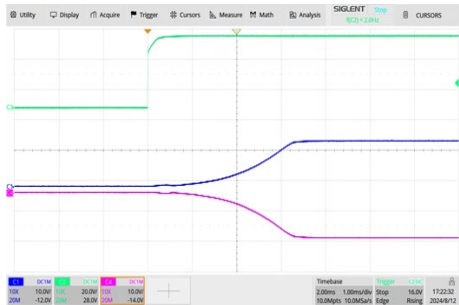
Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



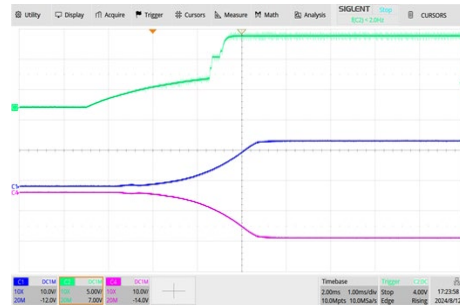
Typical Output Ripple and Noise
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



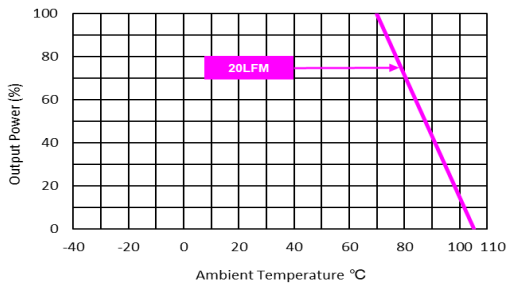
Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change
from 100% to 75% of Full Load; $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$



Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



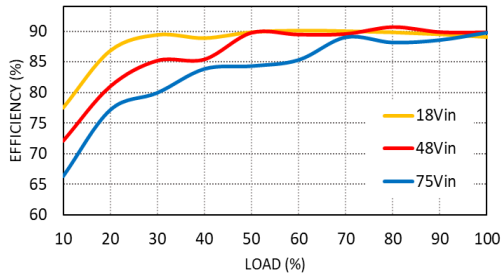
ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



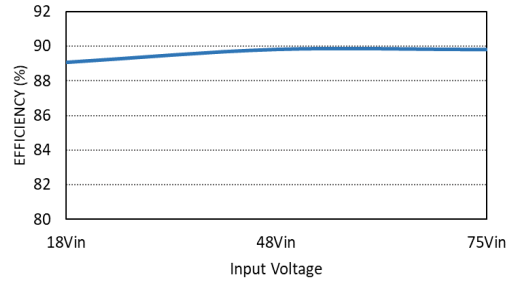
Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$

Characteristic Curves

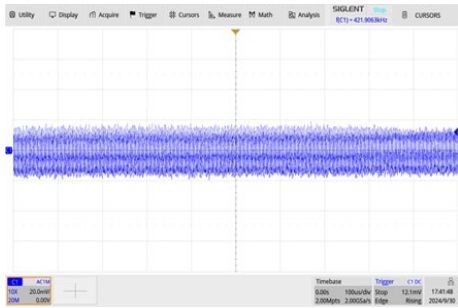
All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MCWI10-48S051



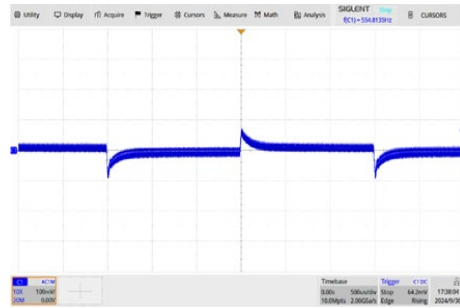
Efficiency Versus Output Current



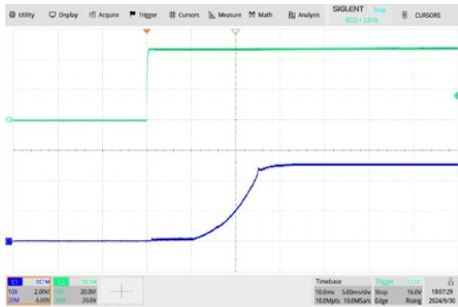
Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



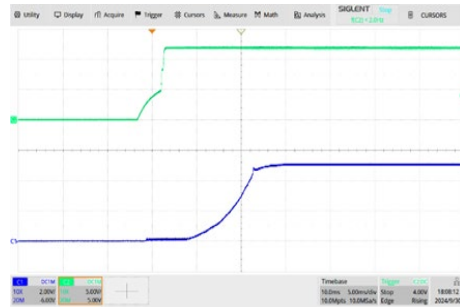
Typical Output Ripple and Noise
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



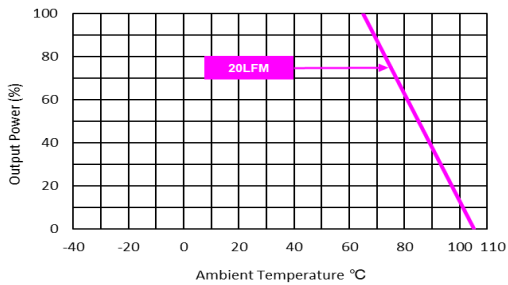
Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change
from 100% to 75% of Full Load ; $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$



Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



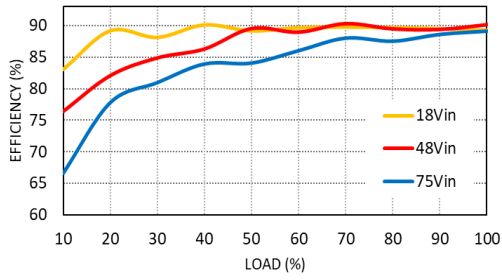
ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



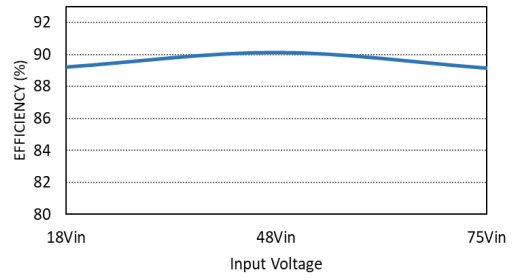
Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$

Characteristic Curves

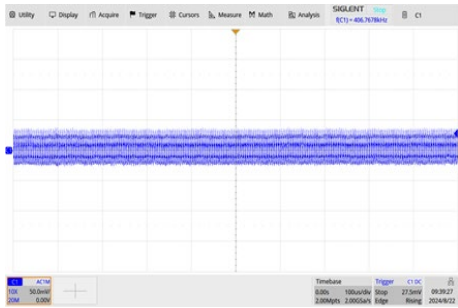
All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MCWI10-48S12



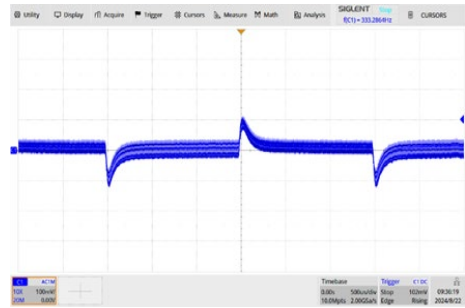
Efficiency Versus Output Current



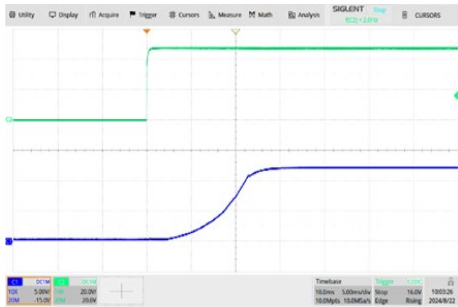
Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



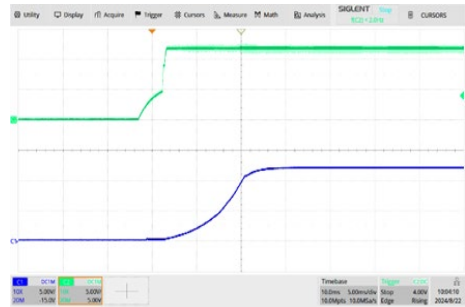
Typical Output Ripple and Noise
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



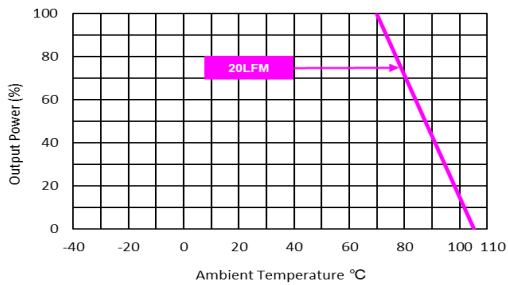
Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change
from 100% to 75% of Full Load ; $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$



Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



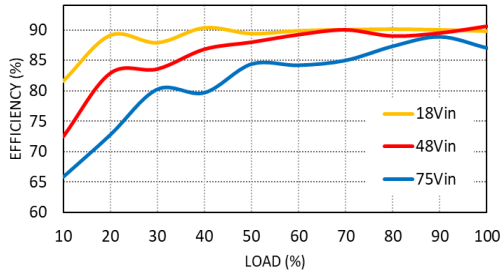
ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



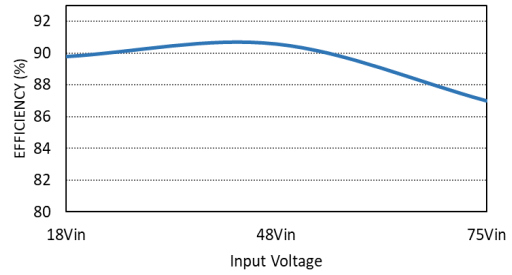
Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$

Characteristic Curves

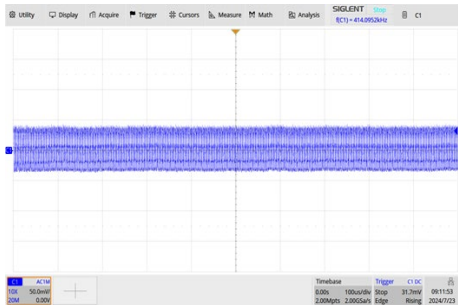
All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MCWI10-48S15



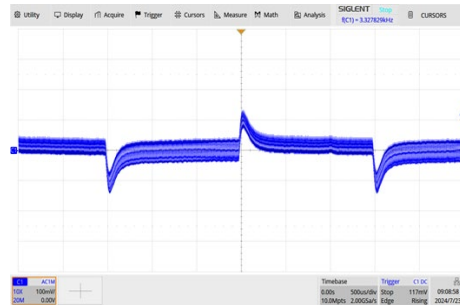
Efficiency Versus Output Current



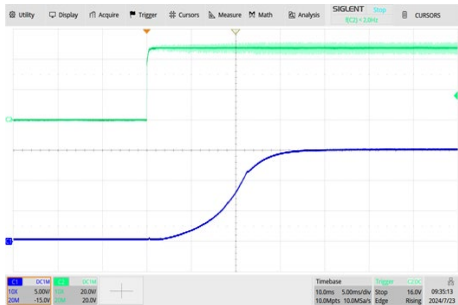
Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



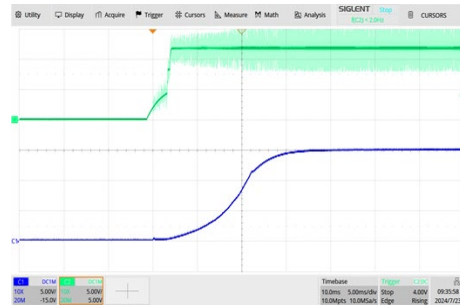
Typical Output Ripple and Noise
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



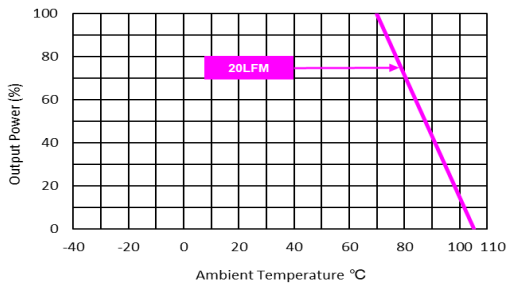
Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change
from 100% to 75% of Full Load; $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$



Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



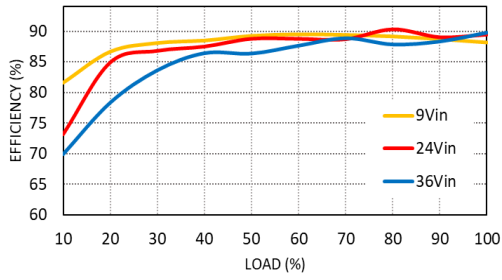
ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



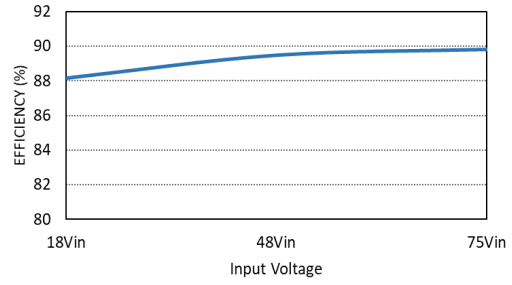
Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$

Characteristic Curves

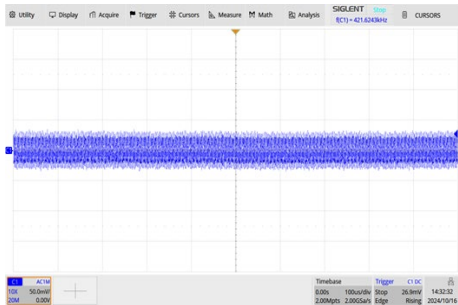
All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MCWI10-48S24



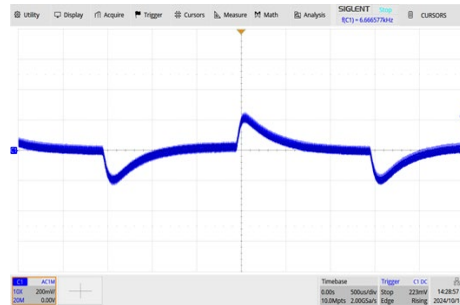
Efficiency Versus Output Current



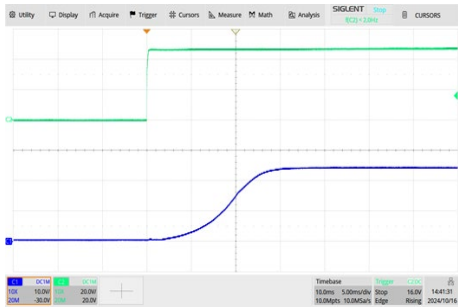
Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



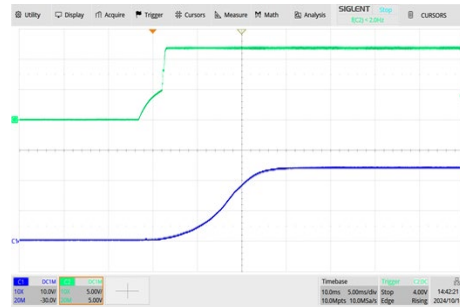
Typical Output Ripple and Noise
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



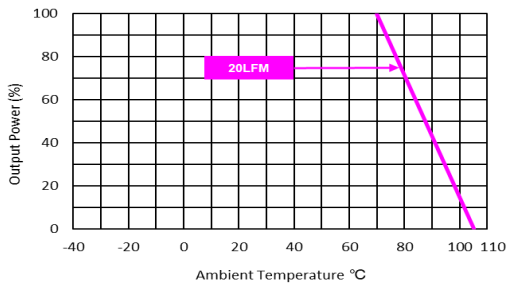
Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change
from 100% to 75% of Full Load; $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$



Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



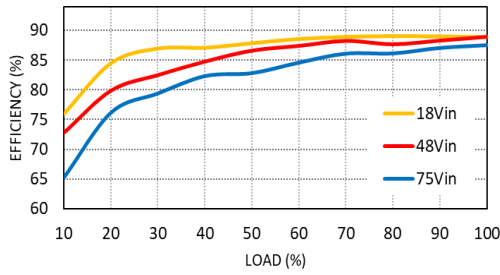
ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



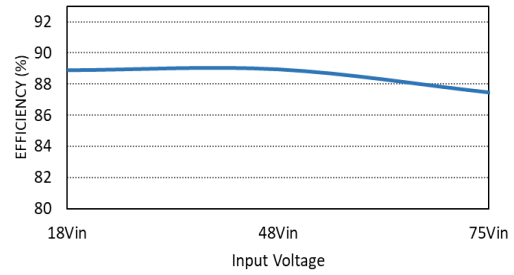
Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$

Characteristic Curves

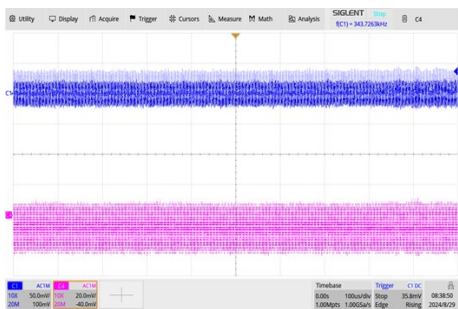
All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MCWI10-48D12



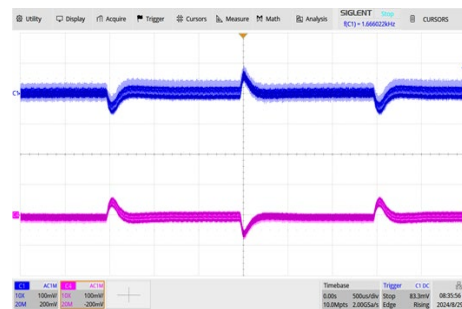
Efficiency Versus Output Current



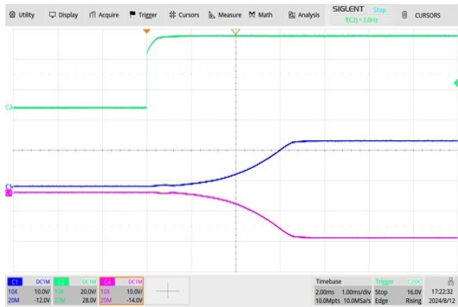
Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



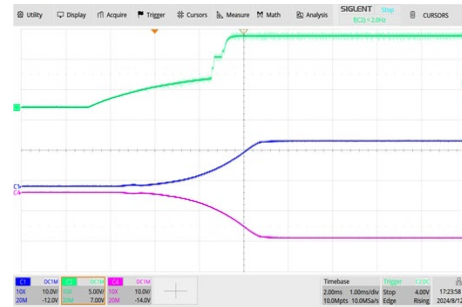
Typical Output Ripple and Noise
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



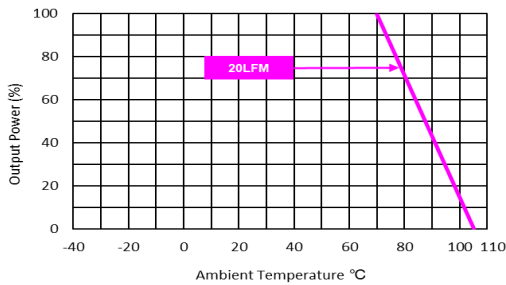
Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change
from 100% to 75% of Full Load; $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$



Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



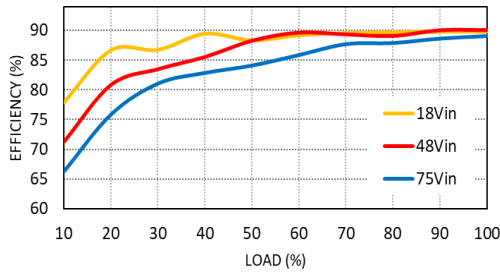
ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



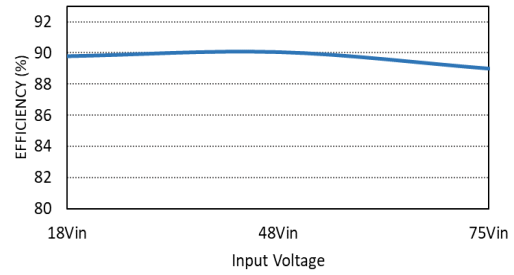
Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$

Characteristic Curves

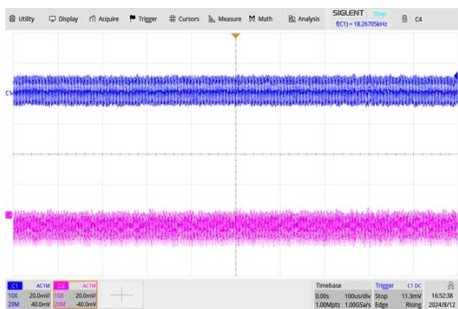
All test conditions are at 25°C The figures are identical for MCWI10-48D15



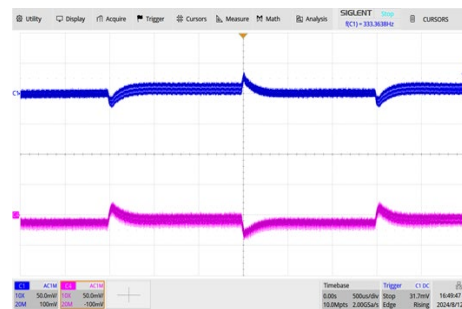
Efficiency Versus Output Current



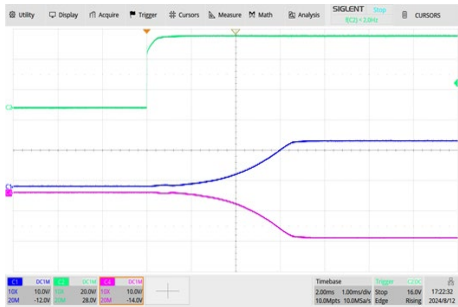
Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



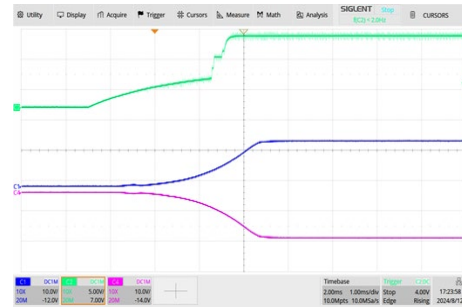
Typical Output Ripple and Noise
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



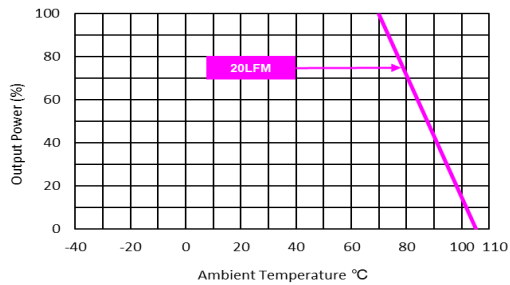
Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change
from 100% to 75% of Full Load ; $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$



Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load

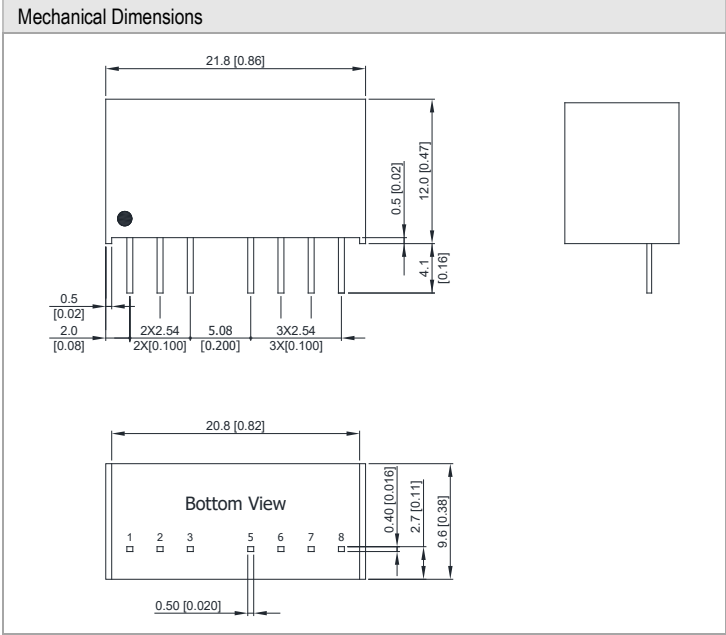


ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$; Full Load



Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature
 $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$

Package Specifications



Pin Connections

Pin	Single Output	Dual Output
1	-Vin	-Vin
2	+Vin	+Vin
3	Remote On/Off	Remote On/Off
5	NC	NC
6	+Vout	+Vout
7	-Vout	Common
8	NC	-Vout

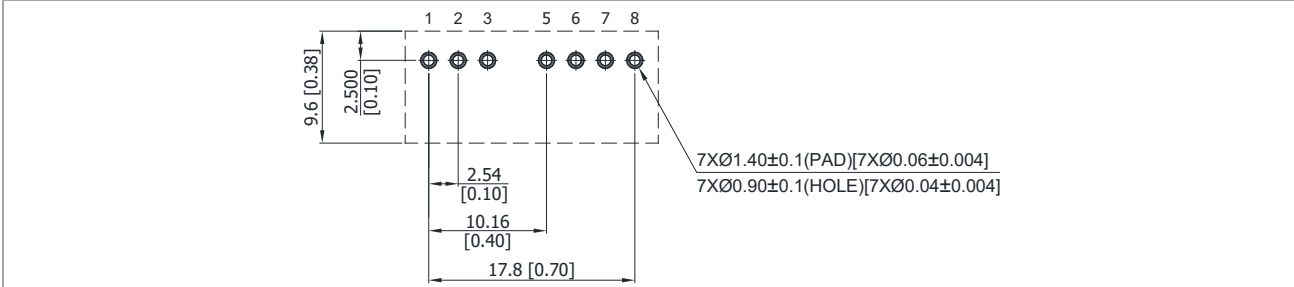
NC: No Connection

- ▶ All dimensions in mm (inches)
- ▶ Tolerance: X.X±0.5 (X.XX±0.02)
X.XX±0.25 (X.XXX±0.01)
- ▶ Pins ±0.1(±0.004)

Physical Characteristics

Case Size	: 21.8x9.6x12.0 mm (0.86x0.38x0.47 inches)
Case Material	: Plastic resin (flammability to UL 94V-0 rated)
Pin Material	: Phosphor Bronze
Weight	: 7g

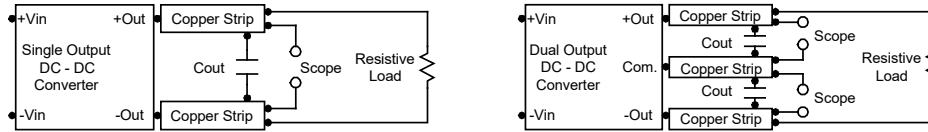
Recommended Pad Layout



Test Setup

Peak-to-Peak Output Noise Measurement Test

Use a C_{out} $1\mu F$ ceramic capacitor. Scope measurement should be made by using a BNC socket, measurement bandwidth is 0-20 MHz. Position the load between 50 mm and 75 mm from the DC-DC Converter.



Technical Notes

Remote On/Off

Positive logic remote on/off turns the module on during a logic high voltage on the remote on/off pin, and off during a logic low. To turn the power module on and off, the user must supply a switch to control the voltage between the on/off terminal and the $-V_{in}$ terminal. The switch can be an open collector or equivalent. A logic high is 3.5V to 12V. A logic low is 0V to 1.2 V. The maximum sink current at on/off terminal during a logic low is $-500\mu A$. The maximum allowable leakage current of the switch at on/off terminal (0V to 1.2 V) is $500\mu A$.

Maximum Capacitive Load

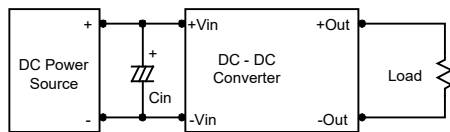
The MCWI10 series has limitation of maximum connected capacitance at the output. The power module may be operated in current limiting mode during start-up, affecting the ramp-up and the startup time. The maximum capacitance can be found in the data sheet.

Overcurrent Protection

To provide protection in a fault (output overload) condition, the unit is equipped with internal current limiting circuitry and can endure current limiting for an unlimited duration. At the point of current-limit inception, the unit shifts from voltage control to current control. The unit operates normally once the output current is brought back into its specified range.

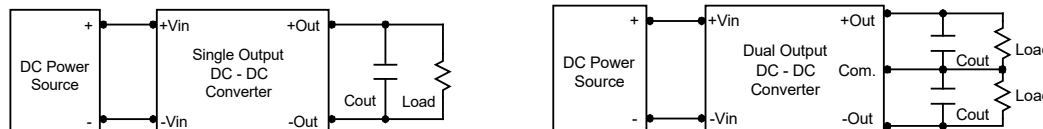
Input Source Impedance

The power module should be connected to a low ac-impedance input source. Highly inductive source impedances can affect the stability of the power module. In applications where power is supplied over long lines and output loading is high, it may be necessary to use a capacitor at the input to ensure startup. Capacitor mounted close to the power module helps ensure stability of the unit, it is commended to use a good quality low Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR < 1.0Ω at 100 kHz) capacitor of a $68\mu F$ for the 12V, 24V and 48V input devices.



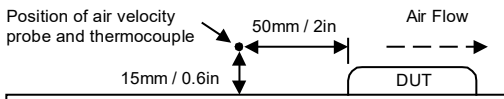
Output Ripple Reduction

A good quality low ESR capacitor placed as close as practicable across the load will give the best ripple and noise performance. To reduce output ripple, it is recommended to use $1\mu F$ capacitors at the output.



Thermal Considerations

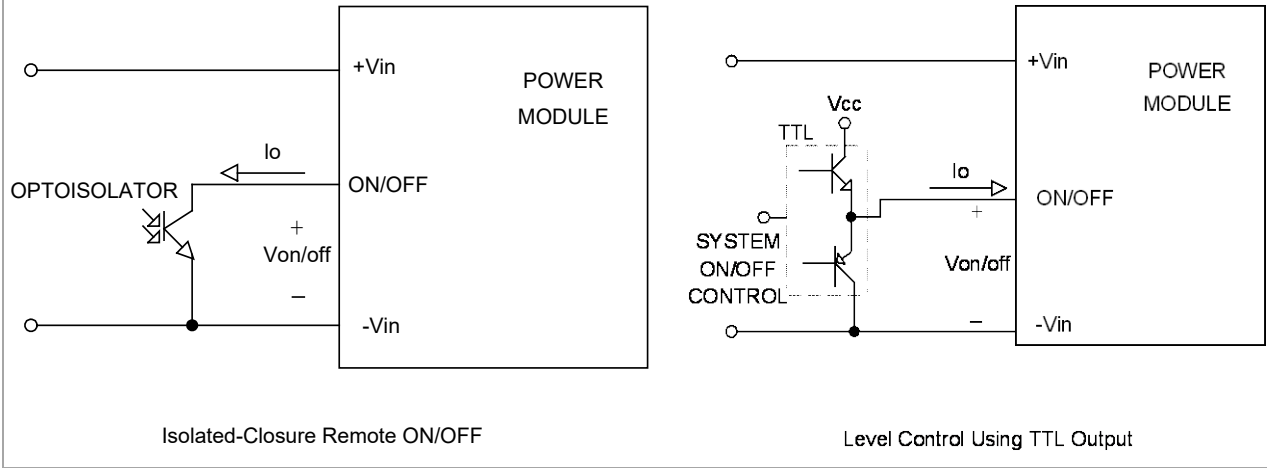
Many conditions affect the thermal performance of the power module, such as orientation, airflow over the module and board spacing. To avoid exceeding the maximum temperature rating of the components inside the power module, the case temperature must be kept below $105^\circ C$. The derating curves are determined from measurements obtained in a test setup.



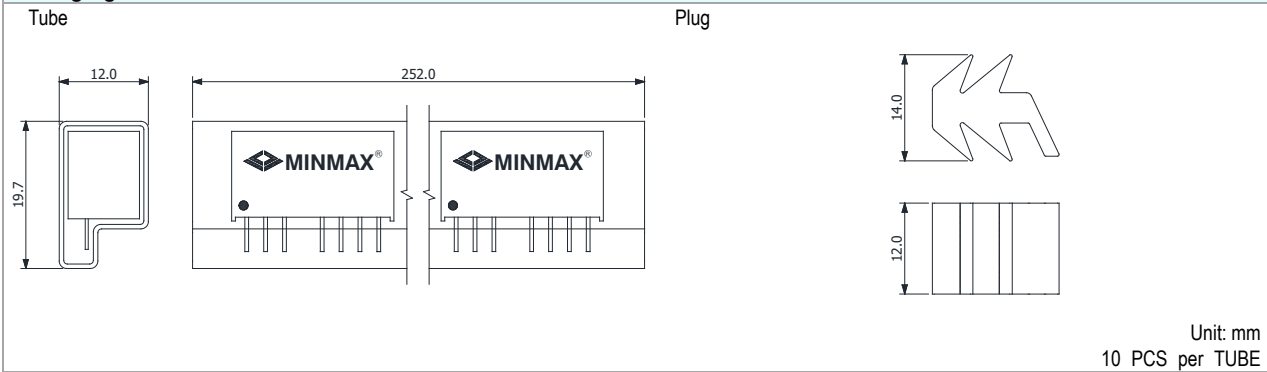
Remote ON/OFF Implementation

The positive logic remote ON/OFF control circuit is included. Turns the module ON during logic High on the ON/Off pin and turns OFF during logic Low. The ON/OFF input signal (Von/off) that referenced to GND. If not using the remote on/off feature, please open circuit between on/off pin and -Vin pin to turn the module on.

Remote ON/OFF implementation

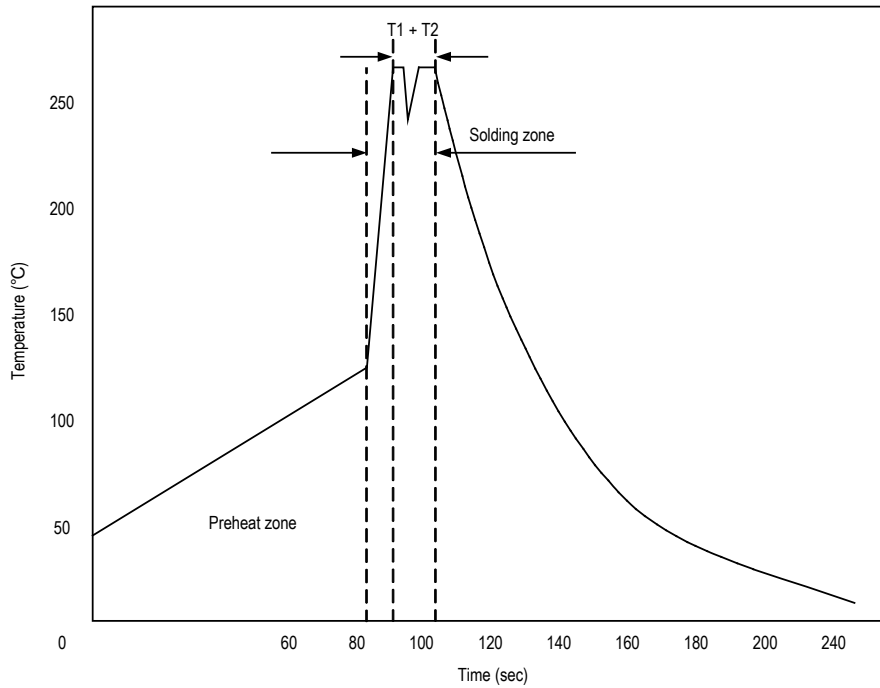


Packaging Information for Tube



Wave Soldering Considerations

Lead free wave solder profile



Zone	Reference Parameter
Preheat	Rise temp. speed : 3°C/sec max.
zone	Preheat temp. : 100~130°C
Actual	Peak temp. : 250~260°C
heating	Peak time(T1+T2) : 4~6 sec

Hand Welding Parameter

Reference Solder: Sn-Ag-Cu : Sn-Cu : Sn-Ag

Hand Welding: Soldering iron : Power 60W

Welding Time: 2~4 sec

Temp.: 380~400°C

Part Number Structure

M	C	WI	10	-	12	S	051
Package Type SIP-8	Ultra-wide 4:1 Input Voltage Range	Output Power 10 Watt	Input Voltage Range			Output Quantity	Output Voltage
			12: 4.5 ~ 18 VDC		S: Single	051: 5.1 VDC	
			24: 9 ~ 36 VDC		D: Dual	12: 12 VDC	
			48: 18 ~ 75 VDC			15: 15 VDC	
						24: 24 VDC	

MTBF and Reliability

The MTBF of MCWI10 series of DC-DC converters has been calculated using

MIL-HDBK 217F NOTICE2, Operating Temperature 25°C, Ground Benign.

Model	MTBF	Unit
MCWI10-12S051	1,672,276	Hours
MCWI10-12S12	2,361,055	
MCWI10-12S15	2,354,288	
MCWI10-12S24	2,353,952	
MCWI10-12D12	2,056,248	
MCWI10-12D15	2,264,597	
MCWI10-24S051	1,590,072	
MCWI10-24S12	2,409,290	
MCWI10-24S15	2,377,517	
MCWI10-24S24	2,139,651	
MCWI10-24D12	2,193,163	
MCWI10-24D15	2,158,396	
MCWI10-48S051	1,593,027	
MCWI10-48S12	2,415,197	
MCWI10-48S15	2,415,988	
MCWI10-48S24	2,340,575	
MCWI10-48D12	2,418,333	
MCWI10-48D15	2,375,712	