

# **FEATURES**

- ► Industry Standard DIP-16 Package
- ► Unregulated Output Voltage
- ► I/O Isolation 4000VAC with Reinforced Insulation, rated for 300Vrms
  Working Voltage
- ► Low I/O Leakage Current < 2µA
- ▶ Operating Ambient Temp. Range -25°C to +80°C
- ► Medical EMC Standard with 4th Edition of EMI EN 55011 and EMS EN 60601-1-2 Approved
- ► Medical Safety with 1xMOPP & 2xMOOP per 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition of IEC/EN 60601-1 & ANSI/AAMI ES60601-1 Approved
- ► UL/cUL/IEC/EN 62368-1(60950-1) Safety Approval & CE Marking

















# **PRODUCT OVERVIEW**

The MINMAX MDHU100 series is a range of 2W DC-DC converter modules providing a high I/O isolation voltage of 4000 VAC with reinforced insulation, which rated for 300Vrms working voltage. The product comes in a small SMD-package. There are 15 models available with 5V, 12V or 24VDC input and single or dual output voltages. The MDHU100 DC-DC converters offer the best solution for many applications in instrumentation, industrial controls, medical equipment and everywhere where a certified supplementary- or reinforced insulation system is required to comply with requested safety standards.

<b>Model Select</b>	ion Guide							
Model Number	Input Voltage	Output Voltage	Output Current		Input Current		Max. Capacitive Load	Efficiency (typ.)
	(Range)	· o.ta.go	Max.	@Max. Load				@Max. Load
	VDC	VDC	mA	mA (typ.)	mA (typ.)	% (max.)	μF	%
MDHU102		5	400	606	60	12	330	66
MDHU104	_	12	165	600		10		66
MDHU105	5	15	133	605		10		66
MDHU108	(4.5 ~ 5.5)	±12	±83	553		10		72
MDHU109		±15	±66	542		10		73
MDHU112		5	400	253		12	330	66
MDHU114	40	12	165	250		10		66
MDHU115	12	15	133	252	30	10		66
MDHU118	(10.8 ~ 13.2)	±12	±83	224		10	100#	74
MDHU119		±15	±66	220		10	100#	75
MDHU122		5	400	126		12		66
MDHU124	24	12	165	125		10	330	66
MDHU125	24	15	133	126	15	10		66
MDHU128	(21.6 ~ 26.4)	±12	±83	112		10	400#	74
MDHU129		±15	±66	110		10	100#	75

# For each output

Input Specifications						
Parameter	Model	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
	5V Input Models	4.5	5	5.5		
nput Voltage Range	12V Input Models	10.8	12	13.2	VDC	
	24V Input Models	21.6	24	26.4		
	5V Input Models	-0.7		9		
nput Surge Voltage (1 sec. max.)	12V Input Models	-0.7		18		
	24V Input Models	-0.7		30		
nput Filter	All Models		Internal Capacitor			



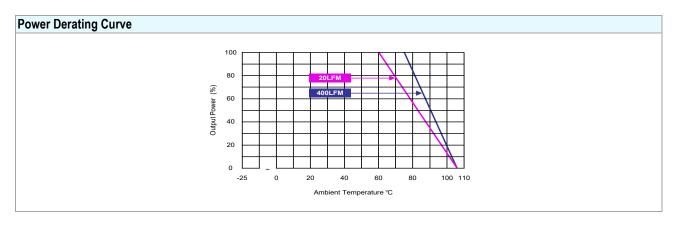
Output Specifications						
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
Output Voltage Setting Accuracy			±2.0	±4.0	%Vnom.	
Output Voltage Balance Dual Output, Balanced Loads			±0.1	±1.0	%	
Line Regulation For Vin Change of 1%			±1.2	±1.5	%	
Load Regulation	lo=20% to 100%	See Model Selection Guide				
Ripple & Noise	0-20 MHz Bandwidth		100	150	mV <sub>P-P</sub>	
Temperature Coefficient			±0.01	±0.02	%/°C	
Short Circuit Protection	0.5 Second Max., Automatic Recovery					

Isolation, Safety Standards						
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
I/O Isolation Voltage	60 Seconds	4000			VAC	
	Reinforced insulation, rated for 300Vrms working voltage					
Leakage Current	240VAC, 60Hz			2	μA	
I/O Isolation Resistance	500 VDC	10			GΩ	
I/O Isolation Capacitance	100kHz, 1V		15	20	pF	
	UL/cUL 60950-1, CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1					
Safety Standards	ANSI/AAMI ES 60601-1, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60601-1					
	IEC/EN 60950-1, IEC/EN 60601-1 3rd Edition 1xMOPP & 2xMOOP					
	UL/cUL 60950-1 recognition (UL certificate), IEC/EN 60950-1 (CB-report)					
Safety Approvals	UL/cUL 62368-1 recognition (UL certificate), IEC/EN 62368-1 (CB-report)					
	ANSI/AAMI ES 60601-1 1xMOPP & 2xMOOP recognition (UL certificate), IEC/EN 60601-1 3rd Edition (CB-report)					

General Specifications						
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
Switching Frequency		50	80	100	kHz	
MTBF (calculated)	MIL-HDBK-217F@25°C, Ground Benign	2,000,000			Hours	

Environmental Specifications					
Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit		
Operating Ambient Temperature Range (See Power Derating Curve)	-25	+80	°C		
Case Temperature		+105	°C		
Storage Temperature Range	-50	+125	°C		
Humidity (non condensing)		95	% rel. H		
Lead Temperature (1.5mm from case for 10Sec.)		260	°C		





### Notes

- 1 Specifications typical at Ta=+25°C, resistive load, nominal input voltage and rated output current unless otherwise noted.
- These power converters require a minimum output loading to maintain specified regulation, operation under no-load conditions will not damage these modules; however they may not meet all specifications listed.
- 3 We recommend to protect the converter by a slow blow fuse in the input supply line.
- 4 Other input and output voltage may be available, please contact MINMAX.
- 5 Specifications are subject to change without notice.
- The repeated high voltage isolation testing of the converter can degrade isolation capability, to a lesser or greater degree depending on materials, construction, environment and and reflow solder process. Any material is susceptible to eventual chemical degradation when subject to very high applied voltages thus implying that the number of tests should be strictly limited. We therefore strongly advise against repeated high voltage isolation testing, but if it is absolutely required, that the voltage be reduced by 20% from specified test voltage. Furthermore, the high voltage isolation capability after reflow solder process should be evaluated as it is applied on system.

# Package Specifications Mechanical Dimensions One of the color of the

Pin Connections						
Pin	Single Output	Dual Output	Diameter mm (inches)			
1	-Vin	-Vin	Ø 0.5 [0.02]			
7	NC	NC	Ø 0.5 [0.02]			
8	NC	Common	Ø 0.5 [0.02]			
9	+Vout	+Vout	Ø 0.5 [0.02]			
10	-Vout	-Vout	Ø 0.5 [0.02]			
16	+Vin	+Vin	Ø 0.5 [0.02]			

NC: No Connection

- ► All dimensions in mm (inches)
- ► Tolerance: X.X±0.25 (X.XX±0.01)

X.XX±0.13 (X.XXX±0.005)

► Pin diameter tolerance: X.X±0.05 (X.XX±0.002)

# **Physical Characteristics**

 Case Size
 : 23.8x13.4x8.6mm (0.94x0.53x0.34 inches)

 Case Material
 : Plastic resin (flammability to UL 94V-0 rated)

 Pin Material
 : Phosphor Bronze

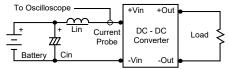
 Weight
 : 5.1g

E-mail:sales@minmax.com.tw Tel:886-6-2923150

# **Test Setup**

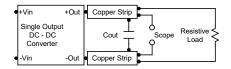
### Input Reflected-Ripple Current Test Setup

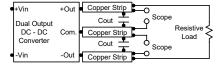
Input reflected-ripple current is measured with a inductor Lin  $(4.7\mu\text{H})$  and Cin  $(220\mu\text{F}, \text{ESR} < 1.0\Omega$  at 100 kHz) to simulate source impedance. Capacitor Cin, offsets possible battery impedance. Current ripple is measured at the input terminals of the module, measurement bandwidth is 0-500 kHz.



### Peak-to-Peak Output Noise Measurement Test

Use a Cout  $0.47\mu F$  ceramic capacitor. Scope measurement should be made by using a BNC socket, measurement bandwidth is 0-20 MHz. Position the load between 50 mm and 75 mm from the DC-DC Converter.





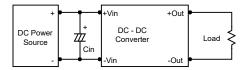
### **Technical Notes**

### Maximum Capacitive Load

The MDHU100 series has limitation of maximum connected capacitance at the output. The power module may be operated in current limiting mode during start-up, affecting the ramp-up and the startup time. For optimum performance we recommend 100µF maximum capacitive load for dual outputs and 330µF capacitive load for single outputs. The maximum capacitance can be found in the data sheet.

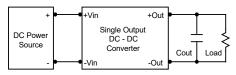
### Input Source Impedance

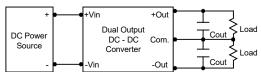
The power module should be connected to a low ac-impedance input source. Highly inductive source impedances can affect the stability of the power module. In applications where power is supplied over long lines and output loading is high, it may be necessary to use a capacitor at the input to ensure startup. Capacitor mounted close to the power module helps ensure stability of the unit, it is recommended to use a good quality low Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR <  $1.0\Omega$  at 100 kHz) capacitor of a  $2.2\mu\text{F}$  for the 5V input devices, a  $1.0\mu\text{F}$  for the 12V input devices and a  $0.47\mu\text{F}$  for the 24V input devices.



## Output Ripple Reduction

A good quality low ESR capacitor placed as close as practicable across the load will give the best ripple and noise performance. To reduce output ripple, it is recommended to use  $3.3\mu$ F capacitors at the output.





# Thermal Considerations

Many conditions affect the thermal performance of the power module, such as orientation, airflow over the module and board spacing. To avoid exceeding the maximum temperature rating of the components inside the power module, the case temperature must be kept below 105°C. The derating curves are determined from measurements obtained in a test setup.



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