

## FEATURES

- ▶ Efficiency up to 80%
- ▶ 1500VDC Isolation
- ▶ MTBF > 1,000,000 Hours
- ▶ 3:1 Wide Input Range
- ▶ CSA60950-1 Safety Approval
- ▶ Short Circuit Protection
- ▶ Temperature Performance -25°C to +71°C
- ▶ UL 94V-0 Package Material
- ▶ Internal SMD Construction
- ▶ Industry Standard Pinout



## PRODUCT OVERVIEW

Minmax's MIW1300-Series power modules operate over a 3:1 input voltage ranges of 10-30VDC which provide precisely regulated output voltages of 5V, 12V, 15V, ±12V and ±15VDC. The -25°C to +71°C operating temperature range makes it ideal for data communication equipments, mobile battery driven equipments, distributed power systems, telecommunication equipments, mixed analog/digital subsystems, process/machine control equipments, computer peripheral systems and industrial robot systems.

The modules have a maximum power rating of 3W and a typical full-load efficiency of 80%, continuous short circuit, 45mA output ripple.

### Model Selection Guide

Model Number	Input Voltage (Range)	Output Voltage	Output Current		Input Current		Reflected Ripple Current	Max. capacitive Load	Efficiency (typ.)
			Max.	Min.	@Max. Load	@No Load			
	VDC	VDC	mA	mA	mA(typ.)	mA(typ.)	mA(typ.)	μF	%
MIW1322	20 (10 ~ 30)	5	600	60	188	5	20	4000	80
MIW1323		12	250	25	188				80
MIW1324		15	200	20	188				80
MIW1326		±12	±125	±12.5	188			80	
MIW1327		±15	±100	±10	188			80	

# For each output

### Input Specifications

Parameter	Model	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Input Surge Voltage (1 sec. max.)	All Models	-0.7	---	50	VDC
Start-Up Voltage		4.5	7	10	
Under Voltage Shutdown		---	6.5	8.5	
Short Circuit Input Power		---	1000	1500	mW
Internal Power Dissipation	All Models	---	---	2500	mW
Conducted EMI		Compliance to EN 55022, class A			

### Output Specifications

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Output Voltage Accuracy		---	±0.5	±2.0	%
Output Voltage Balance	Dual Output, Balanced Loads	---	±0.5	±2.0	%
Line Regulation	Vin=Min. to Max.	---	±0.2	±0.5	%
Load Regulation	Io=10% to 100%	---	±0.2	±0.5	%
Ripple & Noise (20MHz)		---	45	60	mV <sub>P-P</sub>
Ripple & Noise (20MHz)	Over Line, Load & Temp.	---	---	80	mV <sub>P-P</sub>
Ripple & Noise (20MHz)		---	---	28	mV <sub>rms</sub>
Transient Recovery Time	25% Load Step Change	---	300	500	μS
Transient Response Deviation		---	±3	±5	%
Temperature Coefficient		---	±0.01	±0.02	%/°C
Over Load Protection	Foldback	120	---	---	%
Short Circuit Protection		Continuous			

**General Specifications**

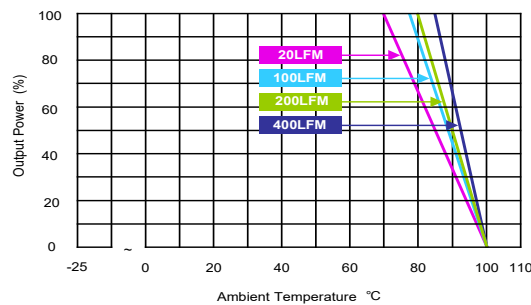
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I/O Isolation Voltage (rated)	60 Seconds	1500	---	---	VDC
I/O Isolation Resistance	500 VDC	1000	---	---	MΩ
I/O Isolation Capacitance	100kHz, 1V	---	---	500	pF
Switching Frequency		---	330	---	kHz
MTBF (calculated)	MIL-HDBK-217F@25°C, Ground Benign	1,000,000	---	---	Hours
Safety Approvals	UL/cUL 60950-1 recognition(CSA certificate)				

**Input Fuse**

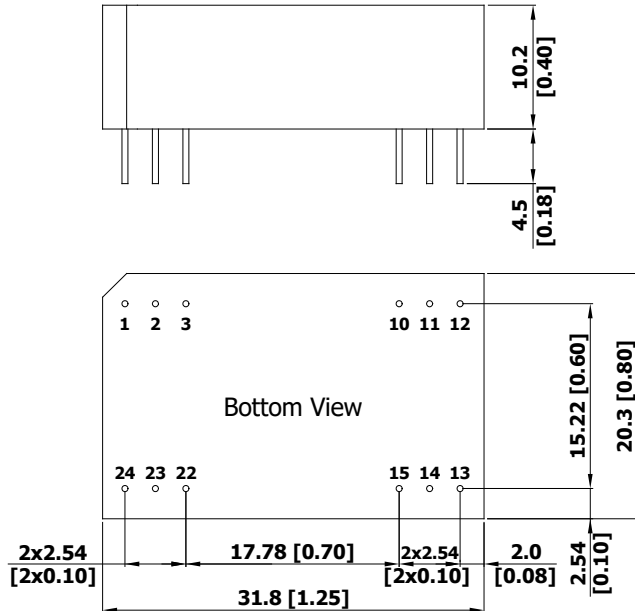
All Models
600mA Slow-Blow Type

**Environmental Specifications**

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
Operating Temperature Range (with Derating)	Ambient	-25	+85	°C
Case Temperature		---	+100	°C
Storage Temperature Range		-50	+125	°C
Humidity (non condensing)		---	95	% rel. H
Cooling	Free-Air convection			
Lead Temperature (1.5mm from case for 10Sec.)		---	260	°C

**Power Derating Curve**

**Notes**

- Specifications typical at Ta=+25°C, resistive load, nominal input voltage and rated output current unless otherwise noted.
- Transient recovery time is measured to within 1% error band for a step change in output load of 75% to 100%.
- Ripple & Noise measurement bandwidth is 0-20MHz.
- These power converters require a minimum output loading to maintain specified regulation, operation under no-load conditions will not damage these modules; however they may not meet all specifications listed.
- All DC-DC converters should be externally fused at the front end for protection.
- Other input and output voltage may be available, please contact MINMAX.
- Specifications subject to change without notice.

**Package Specifications**
**Mechanical Dimensions**

**Pin Connections**

Pin	Single Output	Dual Output	Diameter mm (inches)
1	+Vin	+Vin	∅ 0.5 [0.02]
2	NC	-Vout	∅ 0.5 [0.02]
3	NC	Common	∅ 0.5 [0.02]
10	-Vout	Common	∅ 0.5 [0.02]
11	+Vout	+Vout	∅ 0.5 [0.02]
12	-Vin	-Vin	∅ 0.5 [0.02]
13	-Vin	-Vin	∅ 0.5 [0.02]
14	+Vout	+Vout	∅ 0.5 [0.02]
15	-Vout	Common	∅ 0.5 [0.02]
22	NC	Common	∅ 0.5 [0.02]
23	NC	-Vout	∅ 0.5 [0.02]
24	+Vin	+Vin	∅ 0.5 [0.02]

NC: No Connection

- ▶ All dimensions in mm (inches)
- ▶ Tolerance: X.X±0.25 (X.XX±0.01)  
X.XX±0.13 (X.XXX±0.005)
- ▶ Pin diameter tolerance: X.X±0.05 (X.XX±0.002)

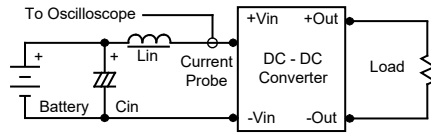
**Physical Characteristics**

Case Size	: 31.8x20.3x10.2mm (1.25x0.80x0.40 Inches)
Case Material	: Plastic resin (flammability to UL 94V-0 rated)
Pin Material	: Phosphor Bronze
Weight	: 12.4g

## Test Setup

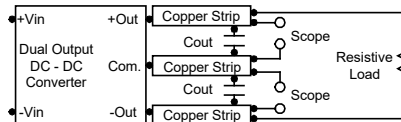
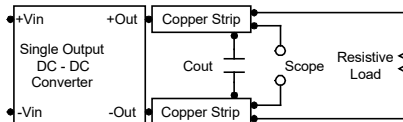
### Input Reflected-Ripple Current Test Setup

Input reflected-ripple current is measured with an inductor  $L_{in}$  (4.7 $\mu$ H) and  $C_{in}$  (220 $\mu$ F, ESR < 1.0 $\Omega$  at 100 kHz) to simulate source impedance. Capacitor  $C_{in}$  offsets possible battery impedance. Current ripple is measured at the input terminals of the module, measurement bandwidth is 0-500 kHz.



### Peak-to-Peak Output Noise Measurement Test

Use a  $C_{out}$  0.47 $\mu$ F ceramic capacitor. Scope measurement should be made by using a BNC socket, measurement bandwidth is 0-20 MHz. Position the load between 50 mm and 75 mm from the DC-DC Converter.



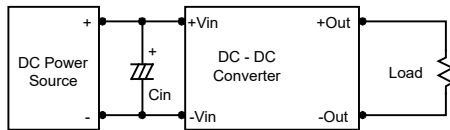
## Technical Notes

### Overcurrent Protection

To provide protection in a fault (output overload) condition, the unit is equipped with internal current limiting circuitry and can endure current limiting for an unlimited duration. At the point of current-limit inception, the unit shifts from voltage control to current control. The unit operates normally once the output current is brought back into its specified range.

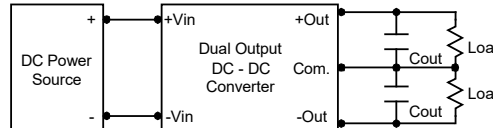
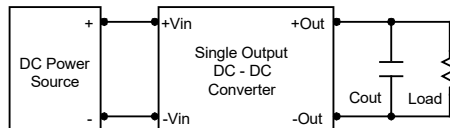
### Input Source Impedance

The power module should be connected to a low ac-impedance input source. Highly inductive source impedances can affect the stability of the power module. In applications where power is supplied over long lines and output loading is high, it may be necessary to use a capacitor at the input to ensure startup. Capacitor mounted close to the power module helps ensure stability of the unit, it is recommended to use a good quality low Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR < 1.0 $\Omega$  at 100 kHz) capacitor of a 3.3 $\mu$ F for the devices.



### Output Ripple Reduction

A good quality low ESR capacitor placed as close as practicable across the load will give the best ripple and noise performance. To reduce output ripple, it is recommended to use 3.3 $\mu$ F capacitors at the output.



### Maximum Capacitive Load

The MIW1300 series has limitation of maximum connected capacitance at the output. The power module may be operated in current limiting mode during start-up, affecting the ramp-up and the startup time. For optimum performance we recommend 470 $\mu$ F maximum capacitive load for dual outputs and 4000 $\mu$ F capacitive load for single outputs. The maximum capacitance can be found in the data sheet.

### Thermal Considerations

Many conditions affect the thermal performance of the power module, such as orientation, airflow over the module and board spacing. To avoid exceeding the maximum temperature rating of the components inside the power module, the case temperature must be kept below 100°C.

The derating curves are determined from measurements obtained in a test setup.

