

FEATURES

- ▶ Industrial SMD Package
- ▶ Wide 2:1 Input Voltage Range
- ▶ Fully Regulated Output Voltage
- ▶ I/O Isolation 1500 VDC
- ▶ Operating Ambient Temp. Range -40°C to +85°C
- ▶ Short Circuit Protection
- ▶ Water-washable Process Available(option)
- ▶ Qualified for Lead-free Reflow Solder Process
According to IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020D.1
- ▶ Tape & Reel Package Available
- ▶ UL/cUL/IEC/EN 60950-1 Safety Approval


PRODUCT OVERVIEW

The MINMAX MSIW1000 series is a range of isolated 3W DC-DC converter modules featuring fully regulated output voltages and wide 2:1 input voltage ranges.

These products are in a low profile SMD package with dimensions of 32.3 x 14.8 x 10.2 mm. All models are qualified for lead free reflow solder processes according to IPC J-STD-020D.1. An excellent efficiency allows an operating temperature range of -40°C to +85°C (with derating).

Typical applications for these converters are battery operated equipment and instrumentation, communication and general industrial electronics.

Model Selection Guide

| Model Number | Input Voltage (Range) VDC | Output Voltage VDC | Output Current | | Input Current | | Reflected Ripple Current mA(typ.) | Max. capacitive Load µF | Efficiency (typ.) |
|--------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-------|---------------|----------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|
| | | | Max. | Min. | @Max. Load | @No Load | | | @Max. Load |
| | | | mA | mA | mA(typ.) | mA(typ.) | | | % |
| MSIW1021 | 12 (9 ~ 18) | 3.3 | 700 | 70 | 257 | 20 | 25 | 4700 | 75 |
| MSIW1022 | | 5 | 600 | 60 | 316 | | | | 79 |
| MSIW1023 | | 12 | 250 | 25 | 305 | | | | 82 |
| MSIW1024 | | 15 | 200 | 20 | 305 | | | | 82 |
| MSIW1025 | | ±5 | ±300 | ±30 | 321 | | | 180# | 78 |
| MSIW1026 | | ±12 | ±125 | ±12.5 | 309 | | | | 81 |
| MSIW1027 | | ±15 | ±100 | ±10 | 309 | | | | 81 |
| MSIW1031 | 24 (18 ~ 36) | 3.3 | 700 | 70 | 127 | 5 | 15 | 4700 | 76 |
| MSIW1032 | | 5 | 600 | 60 | 156 | | | | 80 |
| MSIW1033 | | 12 | 250 | 25 | 151 | | | | 83 |
| MSIW1034 | | 15 | 200 | 20 | 151 | | | | 83 |
| MSIW1035 | | ±5 | ±300 | ±30 | 158 | | | 180# | 79 |
| MSIW1036 | | ±12 | ±125 | ±12.5 | 152 | | | | 82 |
| MSIW1037 | | ±15 | ±100 | ±10 | 152 | | | | 82 |
| MSIW1041 | 48 (36 ~ 75) | 3.3 | 700 | 70 | 63 | 3 | 10 | 4700 | 76 |
| MSIW1042 | | 5 | 600 | 60 | 78 | | | | 80 |
| MSIW1043 | | 12 | 250 | 25 | 75 | | | | 83 |
| MSIW1044 | | 15 | 200 | 20 | 75 | | | | 83 |
| MSIW1045 | | ±5 | ±300 | ±30 | 79 | | | 180# | 79 |
| MSIW1046 | | ±12 | ±125 | ±12.5 | 76 | | | | 82 |
| MSIW1047 | | ±15 | ±100 | ±10 | 76 | | | | 82 |

For each output

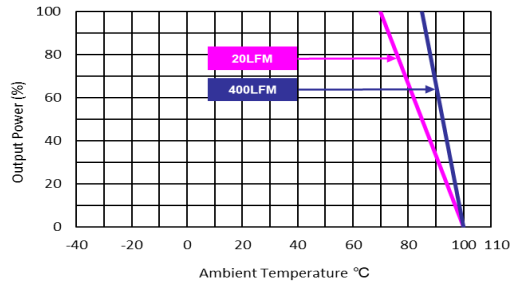
| Input Specifications | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------|------|------|
| Parameter | Model | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| Input Surge Voltage (1 sec. max.) | 12V Input Models | -0.7 | --- | 25 | VDC |
| | 24V Input Models | -0.7 | --- | 50 | |
| | 48V Input Models | -0.7 | --- | 100 | |
| Start-Up Threshold Voltage | 12V Input Models | 4.5 | 6 | 8 | |
| | 24V Input Models | 8 | 12 | 18 | |
| | 48V Input Models | 16 | 24 | 36 | |
| Under Voltage Shutdown | 12V Input Models | --- | --- | 8 | |
| | 24V Input Models | --- | --- | 16 | |
| | 48V Input Models | --- | --- | 32 | |
| Short Circuit Input Power | All Models | --- | --- | 1500 | mW |
| Input Filter | | Internal Pi Type | | | |

| Output Specifications | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|------|-------|-------|-------------------|
| Parameter | Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| Output Voltage Setting Accuracy | | --- | --- | ±1.0 | %Vnom. |
| Output Voltage Balance | Dual Output, Balanced Loads | --- | ±0.5 | ±2.0 | % |
| Line Regulation | Vin=Min. to Max. @Full Load | --- | ±0.1 | ±0.3 | % |
| Load Regulation | Io=10% to 100% | --- | ±0.3 | ±1.0 | % |
| Ripple & Noise | 0-20 MHz Bandwidth | --- | --- | 75 | mV _{P-P} |
| Transient Recovery Time | 25% Load Step Change | --- | 200 | 500 | µsec |
| Transient Response Deviation | | --- | ±2 | ±6 | % |
| Temperature Coefficient | | --- | ±0.01 | ±0.02 | %/°C |
| Short Circuit Protection | Continuous, Automatic Recovery | | | | |

| General Specifications | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|-----------|------|------|-------|
| Parameter | Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| I/O Isolation Voltage | 60 Seconds | 1500 | --- | --- | VDC |
| | 1 Second | 1800 | --- | --- | VDC |
| I/O Isolation Resistance | 500 VDC | 1000 | --- | --- | MΩ |
| I/O Isolation Capacitance | 100kHz, 1V | --- | 65 | 100 | pF |
| Switching Frequency | | --- | 300 | --- | kHz |
| MTBF (calculated) | MIL-HDBK-217F@25°C, Ground Benign | 1,000,000 | | | Hours |
| Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL) | IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020D.1 | Level 2 | | | |
| Safety Approvals | UL/cUL 60950-1 recognition (CSA certificate) | | | | |

| Environmental Specifications | | | | |
|---|------------------------|------|------|----------|
| Parameter | Conditions | Min. | Max. | Unit |
| Operating Ambient Temperature Range (See Power Derating Curve) | | -40 | +85 | °C |
| Case Temperature | | --- | +100 | °C |
| Storage Temperature Range | | -50 | +125 | °C |
| Humidity (non condensing) | | --- | 95 | % rel. H |
| Lead-free Reflow Solder Process | IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020D.1 | | | |

Power Derating Curve

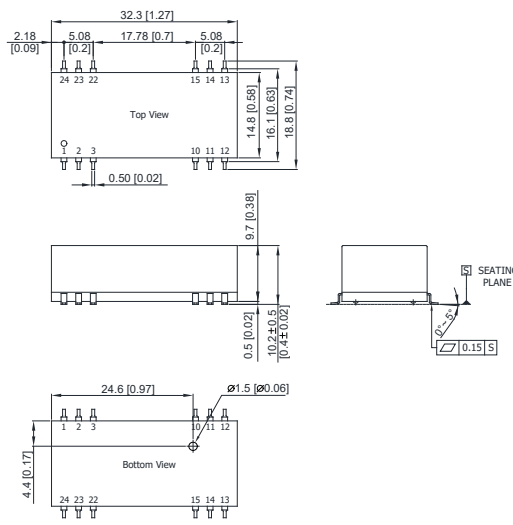


Notes

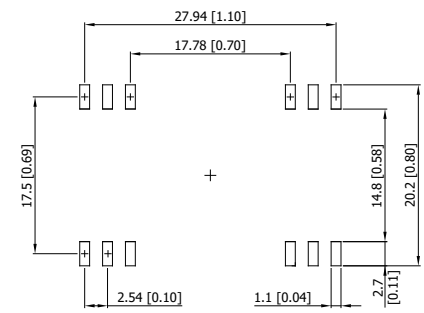
- 1 Specifications typical at Ta=+25°C, resistive load, nominal input voltage and rated output current unless otherwise noted.
- 2 Transient recovery time is measured to within 1% error band for a step change in output load of 75% to 100%
- 3 These power converters require a minimum output loading to maintain specified regulation, operation under no-load conditions will not damage these modules; however they may not meet all specifications listed.
- 4 We recommend to protect the converter by a slow blow fuse in the input supply line.
- 5 Other input and output voltage may be available, please contact MINMAX.
- 6 Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Package Specifications

Mechanical Dimensions



Connecting Pin Patterns



- ▶ All dimensions in mm (inches)
- ▶ Tolerance: X.X±0.25 (X.XX±0.01)
X.XX±0.13 (X.XXX±0.005)
- ▶ Pins ±0.05 (±0.002)

| Pin Connections | | |
|-----------------|---------------|-------------|
| Pin | Single Output | Dual Output |
| 1,2 | -Vin | -Vin |
| 3,11,14,22 | NC | NC |
| 10 | NC | Common |
| 12 | NC | -Vout |
| 13 | +Vout | +Vout |
| 15 | -Vout | Common |
| 23,24 | +Vin | +Vin |

NC : No Connection

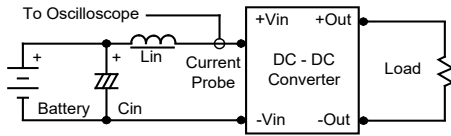
| Physical Characteristics | |
|--------------------------|--|
| Case Size | : 32.3x14.8x10.2mm (1.27x0.58x0.4 inches) |
| Case Material | : Plastic resin (flammability to UL 94V-0 rated) |
| Pin Material | : Phosphor Bronze |
| Weight | : 8.8g |

| Order Code Table | |
|------------------|----------------------------|
| Standard | For water-washable process |
| MSIW1021 | MSIW1021-W |
| MSIW1022 | MSIW1022-W |
| MSIW1023 | MSIW1023-W |
| MSIW1024 | MSIW1024-W |
| MSIW1025 | MSIW1025-W |
| MSIW1026 | MSIW1026-W |
| MSIW1027 | MSIW1027-W |
| MSIW1031 | MSIW1031-W |
| MSIW1032 | MSIW1032-W |
| MSIW1033 | MSIW1033-W |
| MSIW1034 | MSIW1034-W |
| MSIW1035 | MSIW1035-W |
| MSIW1036 | MSIW1036-W |
| MSIW1037 | MSIW1037-W |
| MSIW1041 | MSIW1041-W |
| MSIW1042 | MSIW1042-W |
| MSIW1043 | MSIW1043-W |
| MSIW1044 | MSIW1044-W |
| MSIW1045 | MSIW1045-W |
| MSIW1046 | MSIW1046-W |
| MSIW1047 | MSIW1047-W |

Test Setup

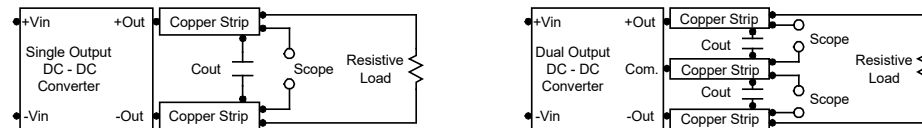
Input Reflected-Ripple Current Test Setup

Input reflected-ripple current is measured with an inductor L_{in} ($4.7\mu H$) and C_{in} ($220\mu F$, $ESR < 1.0\Omega$ at 100 kHz) to simulate source impedance. Capacitor C_{in} , offsets possible battery impedance. Current ripple is measured at the input terminals of the module, measurement bandwidth is $0\text{-}500\text{ kHz}$.



Peak-to-Peak Output Noise Measurement Test

Use a C_{out} $0.47\mu F$ ceramic capacitor. Scope measurement should be made by using a BNC socket, measurement bandwidth is $0\text{-}20\text{ MHz}$. Position the load between 50 mm and 75 mm from the DC-DC Converter.



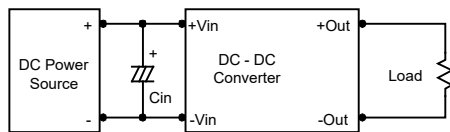
Technical Notes

Overcurrent Protection

To provide protection in a fault (output overload) condition, the unit is equipped with internal current limiting circuitry and can endure current limiting for an unlimited duration. At the point of current-limit inception, the unit shifts from voltage control to current control. The unit operates normally once the output current is brought back into its specified range.

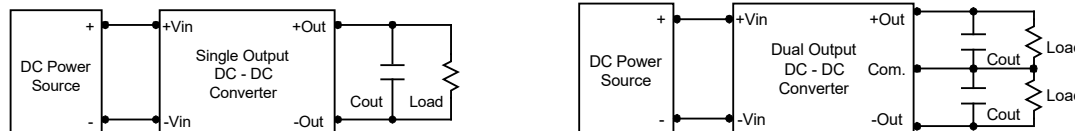
Input Source Impedance

The power module should be connected to a low ac-impedance input source. Highly inductive source impedances can affect the stability of the power module. In applications where power is supplied over long lines and output loading is high, it may be necessary to use a capacitor at the input to ensure startup. Capacitor mounted close to the power module helps ensure stability of the unit, it is recommended to use a good quality low Equivalent Series Resistance ($ESR < 1.0\Omega$ at 100 kHz) capacitor of a $3.3\mu F$ for the 12V input devices and a $1.5\mu F$ for the 24V and 48V devices.



Output Ripple Reduction

A good quality low ESR capacitor placed as close as practicable across the load will give the best ripple and noise performance. To reduce output ripple, it is recommended to use $3.3\mu F$ capacitors at the output.



Maximum Capacitive Load

The MSHW1000 series has limitation of maximum connected capacitance at the output. The power module may be operated in current limiting mode during start-up, affecting the ramp-up and the startup time. For optimum performance we recommend $180\mu F$ maximum capacitive load for dual outputs and $4700\mu F$ capacitive load for single outputs. The maximum capacitance can be found in the data sheet.

Thermal Considerations

Many conditions affect the thermal performance of the power module, such as orientation, airflow over the module and board spacing. To avoid exceeding the maximum temperature rating of the components inside the power module, the case temperature must be kept below $100^\circ C$. The derating curves are determined from measurements obtained in a test setup.

